

Proceedings of the Fifth Session of the Assam Legislative Assembly assembled after the Second General Election under the Sovereign Democratic Republican Constitution of India.

The Assembly met in the Assembly Chamber, Shillong, at 9 a. m. on Friday, the 27th February, 1959.

P R E S E N T

Shri Dev Kanta Borooah, B. A., LLB., Speaker in the Chair, the nine Ministers, the four Deputy Ministers and eighty Members.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

STARRED QUESTIONS

(To which oral answers were given.)

Reclamation of Land for displaced persons at Ramkrishnanagar, District Cachar

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA [Patharkandi (Reserved for Scheduled Castes)] asked:

*6. Will the Chief Minister be pleased to state—

- (a) How many acres of land were proposed to be reclaimed for the displaced persons at Ramkrishnanagar, District, Cachar with the help of the C. T. O. ?
- (b) What is the estimated cost for the purpose ?
- (c) What were the amounts proposed for the establishment and what were the amounts proposed for land reclamation ?
- (d) What had been the actual cost for the establishment and what were the heads of expenditure ?
- (e) What is the amount actually spent for reclamation of land ?
- (f) What is the area of land so reclaimed ?

- (g) Whether the land so reclaimed is for using as homestead or for cultivation ?
- (h) Whether it is a fact that the land so reclaimed by cutting up the top of the tillas is not fit for cultivation ?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA (Chief Minister) replied :

6. (a)—4,780 acres of land in four rehabilitation colonies, viz., Ramkrishnanagar, Veterbond, Duhalia and Dharmasasan in the district of Cachar.

(b)—Rs.31,80,418.

(c)—Rs.7,90,418 for establishment including construction of roads, bridges, accommodations and pay, etc., of the staff and Rs.23,90,000 for land reclamation purpose.

(d)—Rs.2,71,005.27 nP. has already been incurred in connection with the scheme for reclamation of land by the C. T. O. in Cachar, under the following heads—

- (1) Pay, Dearness allowance and Travelling allowance of staff employed by the Government for the C. T. O. Works—

Rs.37,451.93 nP.

- (2) Contingency (repair and maintenance of jeep, purchase of stationery, etc.)—

Rs.5,732.97 nP.

- (3) Freight charges of tents—Rs.831.75 nP.

- (4) Construction of barracks, etc.—

Rs.1,81,575.29 nP

- (5) Construction of roads—Rs.3,627.63 nP.

- (6) Arrangement of water supply—

Rs.11,864.15 nP.

- (7) Strengthening of bridges, etc.—

Rs.9,684.38 nP.

- (8) Miscellaneous dozing works, pay of work charge establishment, etc.—Rs.6,261.43 nP.

Bills to the extent of Rs.13,975.74 nP. have been kept pending by Executive Engineer, Relief and Rehabilitation, Assam for scrutiny and sanction.

(e)—A bill for Rs.1,47,379.15 nP. has been submitted by C. T. O. for their reclamation work done at Veterbond. But no payment has yet been made to them as their works were not according to the specifications, incorporated in the agreement with the C. T. O. A Committee of Enquiry has been set up by Government to ascertain the causes of the failure of the tractorisation scheme and to apportion responsibility.

(f)—234 acres of land.

(g)—For both.

(h)—No. The reclaimed top of the tillas is fit for homestead and horticulture only.

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA [Patharkandi (Reserved for Scheduled Castes)] : প্রশ্ন (a) র উত্তরে বলেছেন যে ৪,৭৮০ একর জমি Reclaim করা প্রস্তাব ছিল। যখন সেই জমি Reclaim করা হয় নাই তখন সেই উদ্বাস্তুদের কোথায় বাসগা দেওয়া হবে যাদের পুনর্বাসনের জন্য এই Land Reclamation Scheme তৈরী করা হয়েছিল।

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA (Chief Minister) : অন্য বাসগায় Requisition করে দেওয়ার জন্য চেষ্টা করা হয়েছে।

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA : এই Enquiry Committee কখন গঠন করা হয়েছে?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA : প্রায় মাস খানেক হবে।

Shri HARESWAR GOSWAMI (Rampur) : Sir, the Chief Minister said that 4,780 acres of land was proposed to be reclaimed, but the answer said that only 234 have been reclaimed—what is the reason for this low reclamation of land and when was this reclamation started?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA : Sir, I cannot give the exact date, but proposals for the reclamation scheme was made in the year 1956, if I am not mistaken. But the actual work of reclamation started sometime in 1957.

Shri HARESWAR GOSWAMI : My first question was, what is the reason for this low reclamation of land even aking 1957 as the starting point?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA (Chief Minister) : This is going to be investigated by a Committee.

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA [Patharkandi (Reserved for Scheduled Castes)] : জুলাই-আগস্ট মাসে দিল্লী ; কলিকাতা এবং আগারের অনেক পত্রিকাতে এই Scheme এর ব্যর্থতা সম্পর্কে অনেক মত প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে ইহা কি সরকার জানেন ?

Mr. SPEAKER : সেইজন্যইত Committee গঠন করেছেন।

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA : না মহাশয়, আমার প্রশ্ন হচ্ছে যখন জুলাই-আগস্ট মাসে এই Scheme এর ব্যর্থতা সম্বন্ধে যখন সমালোচনা বেরিয়েছে তখন মাত্র সেই দিন বিধান সভার অধিবেশন বসার পূর্বমুহর্ত্তে কমিটি গঠন করার কারণ কি ?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA : As the C. T. O. is involved in this matter, we had to correspond with the concerned departments of the Government of India at the first instance to get this proposal of such an Enquiry Committee accepted by them and to associate some of their representatives in this Committee. That is why this time lag.

Shri GOPESH NAMASUDRA : C. T. O. র যে কোন লোককে সাক্ষীরূপে আনবার ক্ষমতা এই Committee র আছে কি ?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA : C. T. O. সংক্রান্ত ব্যাপারে তাদের সকল লোককে ডাকার অধিকার নিশ্চয় কমিটির আছে।

Shri RAMNATH SARMA (Lumding) : On a point of order Sir, the hon. Member has put more than 5 supplementary questions on this one question.

Mr. SPEAKER : This is a very important matter.

Shri BHUBAN CHANDRA PRADHANI : How many families are expected to be accommodated in that reclaimed area ?

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA : Taking the average at 10 bighas per family I think in these 234 acres about 200 to 300 persons can be accommodated.

UNSTARRED QUESTIONS

(To which answers were laid on the table.)

Plan and Estimate for Construction of Barama Inspection Bungalow

Shri SURENDRA NATH DAS (Patacharkuchi) : asked :

2. Will the Minister-in-charge of P.W.D. (R. & B.) be pleased to state—

- (a) Whether it is a fact that a plan and estimate for construction of Barama Inspection Bungalow under North Kamrup Division have been submitted by the Department to the Government for sanction ?
- (b) Whether it is a fact that the Department has approached for money to the Finance Department ?
- (c) Whether it will be constructed within the financial year (*i.e.*, 1958-59) ?

Shri GIRINDRA NATH GOGOI (Deputy Minister, P.W.D.) replied:

2. (a)—Yes.

(b)—Yes. Finance was approached for making provision of funds in the Budget for the year 1959-60.

(c)—No. There is no scope for taking up the work during the current financial year. Finance will, however, be approached early next year as desired by them.

Shri SURENDRA NATH DAS : যোৱা বছৰৰ মে আৰু জুন মাহত মাননীয় মন্ত্রী মহোদয় শ্ৰীযুত ত্ৰিপাখী আৰু শ্ৰীযুত মহেন্দ্ৰ নাথ হাজৰিকা যেতিয়া বাৰামাটলৈ গৈছিল—তেতিয়া তেখেত সকল বৰমা ডাকবাংলাত বাতি থাকোঁতে বৰযুনাৰ বতৰত সুখৰ নিদ্ৰাত যে ব্যাঘাত হৈছিল এই কথা চৰকাৰে গম পায় নে ?

Shri GIRINDRA NATH GOGOI : হয়, চৰকাৰে এই কথা জানে আৰু জানিয়েই এই বজ্জা সজাব আঁচনি লোৱা হৈছে আৰু অহা বছৰত ইয়াৰ কাম হাতত লোৱা হ'ব।

Shri BHUBAN CHANDRA PRADHANI (Golakganj) :
For how many years this particular Inspection Bungalow is lying unused ?

Shri GIRINDRA NATH GOGOI : For several years.

Presentation of the Supplementary Statement of Expenditure for 1958-59

Shri FAKHRUDDIN ALI AHMED (Minister, Finance):

Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to present the Supplementary Statement of Expenditure for the year 1958-59.*

Debate on the Governor's Address

Mr. SPEAKER: Discussion on Governor's Address. Shri Surendra Nath Das will speak. He will speak for another five minutes. He already spoke for 15 minutes yesterday.

Shri SURENDRA NATH DAS (Patacharkuchi): অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, কালি মোৰ বক্তব্য শেষ নোহোৱাৰ কাৰণে আজি পুনৰ মোক কৰতলৈ সুবিধা দিয়াৰ হেতু আপোনাক ধন্যবাদ জনাই আকৌ আৰম্ভ কৰো। কালি মই আমাৰ ৰাজ্যিক ট্ৰান্সপৰ্টৰ বিষয়ে কৈছিলো। অসমৰ বাস্তা পথ বিলাকৰ উন্নতিকল্পে লোৱা ব্যৱস্থাৰ হেতু চৰকাৰক মই শলাগিছো। উত্তৰ ট্ৰান্সবোৰ্ড টোৰ বহুতো উন্নতি হৈছে যদিও তাৰ লগত সংলগ্ন থকা আন বাস্তা বিলাকৰ অৱস্থা সিমান ভাল নহয়। এই বিলাকৰ উন্নতি আৰু তাৰ উপৰেদি চলাচল কৰাযান বাহনৰ উন্নতি হোৱা প্ৰয়োজন। কাৰণ যান বাহন আৰু পৰিবহন ব্যৱস্থাৰ ওপৰত আমাৰ দেশৰ জনসাধাৰণৰ আৰ্থিক অৱস্থা জড়িত আছে। মই আগতে কৈছোয়েই যে যানবাহন চলা বাস্তা বিলাকৰ উন্নতি কৰিব লাগে, ব'ত বাস্তা বহল কৰা দৰ্কাৰ ত'ত বহল কৰিব লাগে। সেই বিলাক বাস্তাই দি মানুহ যথেষ্ট পৰিমাণে অহাযোৱা কৰে। উত্তৰ গুৱাহাটীৰ পৰা বৰপেটালৈ দিনো মটকৈ ১০।১২ হাজাৰ লোক অহাযোৱা কৰে আৰু সেই অনুপাতে গাঁই প্ৰতি দুটকাকৈ যাত্ৰী ভাড়া ধৰিলেও কমকৈ ২০ হাজাৰ টকা লেনদেন হয়। যদি ট্ৰান্সপৰ্টৰ জৰিয়তে এই কাম হয় তেনেহলে বহুত টকা ইয়াৰ পৰা আহিব। বাস্তা ভাল নোহোৱাৰ কাৰণে অনেক সময়ত যানবাহনৰ পৰা দুৰ্ঘটনাও হয়। সিদিনা অলপতে নৰ্থ ট্ৰান্সবোৰ্ডত পাঠশালাত এজনী স্কুলীয়া ছোৱালী মৰাপৰে। এই ক্ষেত্ৰত জনসাধাৰণৰ নিৰাপত্তাৰ বিষয়েও চৰকাৰে চকু দিব লাগে।

তাৰ পিচত শিক্ষা ক্ষেত্ৰত ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণত গুৰুত্ব দিয়া দেখি ভাল পাইছো। মোৰ বোধেৰে আৰু অধিক ব্যয় এই ক্ষেত্ৰত কৰিলে বেচৰকাৰী হাইস্কুল আৰু কলেজ বিলাকৰ দাবী পূৰণ কৰিব পৰা হব। সাহায্য প্ৰাপ্ত কলেজ আৰু হাইস্কুলৰ শিক্ষক সকলৰ বেতন বৃদ্ধিৰ বাবে যি পুনৰ বিবেচিত হৈছে ভাল পাইছো। শিক্ষক সকলৰ বেতন বৃদ্ধি হোৱা উচিত।

আমাৰ চৰকাৰে হিলছ আৰু প্লেইনছ ট্ৰাইবেলৰ লৰাছোৱালীৰ শিক্ষাৰ আৰু সামাজিক উন্নয়নৰ কাৰণে যি এডভাইজৰী কাউঞ্চিল কৰিছে তাৰ বাবে চৰকাৰৰ ওচৰত কৃতজ্ঞ। এই কাউঞ্চিলৰ জৰিয়তে আমাৰ ৰাজ্যতো ভাৰতৰ অন্যান্য ৰাজ্যৰ দৰে আমাৰ লৰাছোৱালীৰ শিক্ষাৰ কাৰণে Residential type of school হোৱা দৰ্কাৰ আৰু তেনে কৰিলে চৰকাৰ বাইজৰ ওচৰত গুণী হৈ উঠিব আৰু আচল শিক্ষাৰ উদ্দেশ্য সাফল্য মণ্ডিত হব। বিশেষকৈ আমাৰ জনজাতীয় অঞ্চলত কিছুমান Basic Education for Scheduled Tribes—Ashrams schools in various States. Reminiscent of the Ashrams of ancient India, a number of residential schools have been started by various states for the education of Scheduled Tribes Children. Their institutions impart basic education centering instruction around some useful craft like agriculture, carpentry, smithy, poultry farming and weaving. The State of Orissa had established 48 Ashram Schools by 1956-57

They propose to open 44 more Schools during the Second Five-Year Plan for Scheduled Tribes who form 20 per cent of the State's total population.

In Bombay, 26 Ashram Schools had been opened by 1956-57 ; 43 more are to be opened during the Second Plan period. Their management has been left to voluntary agencies who receive from the Government cent per cent Grant on non-recurring and over 93 per cent aid on recurring expenditure. Bihar, Rajasthan and Madras have also opened such schools. এইদৰে বিশেষকৈ অসমৰ জনজাতীয় অঞ্চলত বেচিক এডুকেশ্যনৰ যি স্কুল পতা হৈছে তাৰ ভাল ব্যৱস্থা হলে আমাৰ আগ্ৰহ থকা লৰাছোৱালীৰ শিক্ষা আৰু অধ্যয়নত আশানুৰূপ ফল হব ; আশা কৰো চৰকাৰে ইয়াৰ বিহিত ব্যৱস্থা কৰিব।

আজি আমাৰ জনজাতি অঞ্চলৰ গাঁওবোৰৰ অৱস্থা একেবাৰে শোকা লগা হৈ পৰিছে। যোৱা নবেম্বৰ মাহত আমাৰ মুখ্যমন্ত্ৰী ডাঙৰীয়া পাঠশালালৈ যাওঁতে জনজাতি এলেকাৰ মাজেদি গৈছিল। বাতিপুৰা সেই অঞ্চলেদি যাওঁতে জনজাতি গাঁৱৰ দুৰৱস্থা দেখি তেখেতে নিজেই কৈছিল—“এই মানুহবোৰৰ অৱস্থা বৰ বেয়া। এওঁলোকৰ উন্নতিৰ কাৰণে ব্যৱস্থা কৰা উচিত।” মই সেই কাৰণে মন্ত্ৰীসকলক অনুৰোধ কৰো তেখেত সকল যেন সেই জনজাতি অঞ্চলবোৰ নিজে চাবলৈ যায় আৰু তেতিয়াহে জনজাতি লোকৰ প্ৰকৃত অৱস্থাটো উপলব্ধি কৰিব পাৰিব। জনজাতি লোকৰ জীৱনৰ মানদণ্ড উন্নত কৰাটো আজি আমাৰ চৰকাৰৰ প্ৰথম কাম বুলি মই বিবেচনা কৰো। কাৰণ জনসাধাৰণৰ এক বিৰাট অংশক এই দৰে পিচত ৰাখি কেতিয়াও উন্নতি কৰিব নোৱাৰে।

আজি চৰকাৰৰ যিটো আত্মসাহায্যৰ আঁচনি সেই আঁচনিৰ জৰিয়তে আমাৰ জনজাতি অঞ্চলত বহুত ভাল কাম সমাধা কৰা হৈছে। যোৱা বছৰ সেই অঞ্চলৰ বাহিৰে আত্মসাহায্যৰ ভিত্তিত মৰা দিয়া নদীৰ বান্ধ বান্ধি গৈছে। সেই কামত বাহিৰা মজদুৰৰ সহায় একেবাৰে লোৱা হোৱা নাই। বিভূমন্ত্ৰী মহোদয়ে নিজে দেখি আহিছে। তেখেত যাওঁতে হাতীত গৈছিল—যিটো হাতীত গৈছিল আৰু নদন বদন ধাননি পথাৰত পানীত তল যাওঁ যাওঁ হৈছিল—অৱশ্যে হাতীটো অলপ সৰু আছিল। (হাঁহিৰ বোল উঠে) সেই ঠাই এতিয়া ফৰকাল হৈ পৰিল বান্ধ বান্ধাৰ পিচত। সেই কাৰণে আত্মসাহায্য আঁচনিৰ পৰা বহুত ভাল কাম হৈছে।

জনজাতি লোক সকলৰ উন্নতিৰ কাৰণে বিশেষকৈ তেওঁলোকৰ ঘৰদুৱাৰ ভাল কৰিবৰ কাৰণে অন্ততঃ এহেজাৰ কৈ টকা দিব লাগে। তেওঁলোক ভাল ভাবে থাকিবৰ কাৰণে স্কুলৰে পৰা শিক্ষা দিব লাগে।

Mr. SPEAKER : মাননীয় সদস্যক অনুৰোধ কৰো তেখেতে যেন চমুকৈ কৰে।

Shri SURENDRA NATH DAS (Patacharkuchi) : গাঁও-ভূই এলেকাতো যাতে ভাল ঘৰদুৱাৰত বসবাস কৰিব পাৰে তাৰ ব্যৱস্থা কৰিবলৈ অনুৰোধ কৰো।

চিকিৎসাৰ বিষয়ত জনজাতি অঞ্চল বৰ পিচপৰা। কুষ্ঠৰোগীৰ কাৰণে ভাল ব্যৱস্থা কৰি চৰকাৰ আজি ধন্যবাদৰ পাত্ৰ হৈছে। এতিয়াও বহুত কুষ্ঠৰোগী বাটে বাটে ঘূৰি ফুৰা দেখা যায়। গতিকে তেওঁলোকৰ কাৰণেও সুব্যৱস্থা কৰা উচিত ; নহলে এই বেমাৰে গোটেই দেশ জুৰিব। অইন কি গুৱাহাটী চহৰতো এই বেমাৰী বাটে বাটে দেখা যায়। সেইবোৰৰ বিশেষ ব্যৱস্থা কৰিবলৈ চৰকাৰক অনুৰোধ কৰিলো।

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY (Panery) : Mr. Speaker, Sir, I beg to move that at the end of the motion relating to the Governor's address moved by Shrimati Komol Kumari Barua, the following be added :

But regrets that

- (a) The Address shows a lack of appreciation of the gravity of the food situation now prevailing in the State.
- (b) The Address entirely fails to mention the grave problem of unemployment prevailing in the State nor there is anything in regard to the solution of this great problem.
- (c) The Address entirely fails to mention about the grave problems of the improvement of the cattle wealth of the State nor it has shown any clear cu policy in respect of its solution.
- (d) The Address entirely fails to mention about the grave question of adulteration of the essential foodstuff and other commodities which has been a cause of the ruin of our health.
- (e) The Address entirely fails to mention about the Education policy of the Government in regard to the tea garden labourers who come to the State in three years' agreement. The Address did not also mention about the Education policy of the vast labour population of the State.
- (f) The Address entirely fails to mention about the protection of the weaker section of the society which has been laid down in the Constitution of India.
- (g) The Address entirely fails to mention about the Liquor Prohibition policy of the Government.

Further :

The Address does not indicate any policy in regard to :

1. Solution of the problem of the half educated and Matric plucked boys of the State.
2. Solution of the problem of corruption, favouratism and red-tapism prevailing in the State.
3. Improvement of the lot of the ill-paid and half starved Lower Primary, Middle English and Middle Vernacular school teachers of the State.
4. Compulsory and free education for boys and girls from the age of 6 to 14 years, as laid down in the Article 45 of the Constitution.
5. Proper development of Trade and Commerce in the State, which is very important and urgent matter for the improvement of the standard of the mass people.
6. Women education.
7. Major irrigation.
8. Cottage Industries.
9. Drinking water.

माननीय अध्यक्ष महोदय ! हमने राज्यपाल महोदय का भाषण विशेष मनोयोगपूर्वक सुना है। उसे सुनकर हमें हताश ही होना पड़ रहा है। क्योंकि उसमें हमें अपने राज्य की विभिन्न समस्याओं का समाधानसूचक कोई सुस्पष्ट नीति और सुपरिकल्पित व्यवस्था का कोई भी आभास दिखाई नहीं पड़ रहा है। इस संबंध में मैं अपना विचार संदन के सामने व्यक्त करना चाहता हूँ और साथ ही माननीय सदस्या श्रीकमल कुमारी बरुवाजी ने जो प्रस्ताव पेश किया है उसपर अपने ये संशोधन पेश करना चाहता हूँ।

राज्यपाल महोदय ने अपने भाषण में खाद्यसमस्या के बारे में उल्लेख किया है। उन्होंने कहा है कि इस साल सरकार की ओर से २० लाख मन धान संग्रह किया जायेगा। इधर सरकार ने भी इस बारे में यह कहा है कि इस साल २२ लाख मन धान संग्रह किया जायेगा। अब हम किसको सही मानें? राज्यपाल महोदय की बात को या सरकारी घोषणा को। इस हालत में हमें यह विश्वास करना कठिन हो जाता है कि कौन सी बात सत्य है।

खाद्यसंग्रह के बारे में सरकार को किसी ठोस नीति का अवलम्बन करना चाहिये हम यही देख रहे हैं कि इस बारे में सरकार का कोई सख्त नीति नहीं है। सन् १९५८ के नवम्बर महीने में सरकार की सप्लाई एडवाइसरी बोर्ड की एक बैठक हुई थी। उस बैठक में मैं भी शरीक हुआ था। इसमें यह तय हुआ था कि धान का दाम ११ रुपये मन का हो। मैंने कहा था कि धान का दाम १३ रुपया मनका होना चाहिये। किन्तु यही तय हुआ कि धान का दाम कम-से-कम ११ रुपया मन का हो और यही दाम किसानों को मिले। इसमें यह भी तय हुआ कि गर्दा (dust) वगैरह में प्रतिशत का ५ रुपया मूल्य रखा जाय। Sinkage कानून में सिर्फ उसपर १ % की गुंजाइश रखा गया है। इस दामपर तयकर बिल बनाया गया है। मैं कहना चाहता हूँ कि डिसम्बर महीने में धान कच्चा रहता है। इसलिए सूखाई के लिए (Shrinking) भी उसी ६० मन में सही कारवाई ही व्यवस्था है। इसलिए मेरा कहना है कि डिसम्बर में प्रतिशत इसी तरह जनवरी में ५ प्रतिशत, फरवरी में ३ प्रतिशत के मूल्य की सूखाई के लिए व्यवस्था रखी जाय; यह गलत है। ऐसी नहीं होनी चाहिये। कानून एक होना चाहिये कि जिससे उत्पादक किसान तथा उद्योगपति सभी को इसी से उपकार हो। ऐसी कानूनी व्यवस्था न होने के कारण धान के भाव का कहीं भी सामंजस्य नहीं है। यही कारण है कि अब डिब्रुगढ़ में धान का दाम प्रतिमन का १४ रुपया है। इधर नौगांव में यही धान अब प्रतिमन ८.७५ नये पैसेपर बेचा जा रहा है। ये धान सरकार आवश्यकतानुसार दुकान से संग्रह करती है। क्या ये किसान की ही भलाई कर रहे हैं? मैं समझ नहीं रहा कि जब कानून है तो दाममें सामंजस्य क्यों नहीं है?

राज्यपाल महोदय का भाषण पढ़ते हुए हमें इस बात का बड़ा खेद है कि उसमें गो-संपद तथा गो-जाति की उन्नति और संबृद्धि के बारे में कोई भी उल्लेख कहीं भी नहीं है। क्या इसका मतलब यही है कि इस बारे में हमारी सरकार बिलकुल उदासीन है? जातीय अर्थनीति और आर्थिक अवस्था का विकास साधन करने में गो-संपद का बहुत बड़ा हाथ है। इस हालत में इस ओर ध्यान न देना और गो-संपद की उन्नति की अच्छी परि-कल्पना न करना हमारे लिए कहांतक उचित हो रहा है। इस दिशा में हमारा प्रान्त बहुत ही पिछड़ा हुआ है। जब हम मोटर से शिलांग जाते हैं तो हजारों की संख्या में गायें देखते हैं और दूसरी जगहसे भी ये गायें किसलिए शिलांग लाया जाता है? जब हम इसको देखते हैं तो कांपने लग जाते हैं। और दूसरी जगह भी उनका दुबला-पतला चेहरा और मरियल-सा रूप देखकर हमें बड़ा ही दुख होता है। इस परिस्थिति का सुधार करना और गो-जाति की उन्नति के प्रति उचित ध्यान देना हमारी सरकार का बहुत बड़ा कर्तव्य है। हमारा जातीय स्वास्थ्य दूध, दही, घी और मक्खनपर बहुत निर्भर करता है। बिना इनके हम

अपने मस्तिस्क के विकास साधन की कैसे आशा कर सकते हैं? किन्तु हमें खेद है कि इस ओर हमारी सरकार का कोई ध्यान नहीं है।

हमारी जातीय अर्थनीति और आर्थिक दशा के सुधार में गो-संपद बहुत बड़ा और सक्रिय अंश ग्रहण कर सकता है। मैं यही कहना चाहता हूँ कि हमारा गो-संपद उन्नत हो तो हमारी आर्थिक अवस्था भी उन्नत हो सकती है। एक अच्छी गाय की हम रोज दो घंटे तक अच्छी तरह देख-भाल करें तो किसी भी आदमी को मासिक ७६ रुपये की आमदनी हो सकती है। इन बातों का समाज में अच्छा प्रचार होना चाहिये। इससे हमारा बहुत बड़ा लाभ होगा। गो-जाति की उन्नति हमारी सामाजिक उन्नति में बहुत बड़ा सहायक सिद्ध हो सकती है। किन्तु यह बड़ा खेद की बात है कि हमारी सरकार को इस ओर कोई ध्यान नहीं है।

अब मैं चाय बगान के मजदूरों के बच्चों की शिक्षा के बारे में कुछ बातें कहना चाहता हूँ। अध्यक्ष महोदय! आप को मालूम है कि हमारे प्रान्त के चाय बगानों के लिए ३ साल की गिरमिटपर बहुत-से मजदूर बाहर से आते हैं। किन्तु यह बड़े खेद की बात है कि इन मजदूरों के छोटे-छोटे-बच्चों की प्राथमिक शिक्षा का कोई प्रबन्ध हमारी सरकार की ओर से नहीं हुआ है। राज्यपाल के भाषण में भी इसका कोई उल्लेख नहीं है। क्या इस बारे में सरकार की कोई नीति नहीं है? मैं पूछना चाहता हूँ कि हमारी सरकार इस ओर क्या कर रही है? भारतीय विधान के अनुसार प्राथमिक शिक्षा का जिम्मेदारी राज्यिक सरकारपर न्यस्त है। इसके अनुसार हमारी सरकार को इन मजदूरों के बच्चों की शिक्षा का प्रबन्ध करना हमारी सरकार का कर्तव्य है। किन्तु इस ओर कुछ न करना तथा इन मजदूरों के बच्चों की प्राथमिक शिक्षा की कोई व्यवस्था न करना बड़े दुख की बात है। इसके अलावा चाय बगानों में जो प्राथमिक विद्यालय हैं उनकी भी कोई देख-भाल नहीं होती है। किस तरह ये विद्यालय चलते हैं। वहाँ कौसी पढ़ाई हो रही है, इस बारे में किसी का ध्यान नहीं है। मैं सरकार से यह अनुरोध करता हूँ कि जल्द-से-जल्द इन विद्यालयों की देख-भाल तथा अच्छा प्रबन्ध करने की व्यवस्था करें। बगानों के मजदूरों के बच्चों की प्राथमिक शिक्षा का भार सरकार अपने हाथ में ले लें, ताकि इन्हें भी शिक्षा का मौका मिले। किन्तु उससे चाय बगीचा के मालिक के मदद से ही शिक्षा की जिम्मेदारी बगानोंपर ही छोड़ दिया गया है। इनका दायित्व है, बगानों के इन मजदूरों के बच्चों की शिक्षा की व्यवस्था सरकार को खुद करनी चाहिए। किन्तु यह बड़े ही खेद की बात है कि हमारी सरकार अब तक इस ओर कोई ध्यान नहीं दे रही है।

राज्यपाल महोदय के भाषण में शराबबन्दी की नीति का भी कोई उल्लेख नहीं है। हमारी सरकार ने शराबबन्दी की नीति अपनाई है। लेकिन जहाँ हम वास्तव क्षेत्र को देखते हैं तो दुख के साथ यह कहना पड़ता है कि यह काम ठीक ठीक नहीं चल रहा है। हम जो नीति रखते हैं उसके अनुसार काम भी होना चाहिये। किन्तु शराबबन्दी की नीति के क्षेत्र में हमारा काम ठीक ठीक नहीं चल रहा है। इधर हमने शराबबन्दी की नीति को अपना रखी है और उधर हम देखते हैं कि खुले और बीच बाजार में ही शराब बेचा जा रहा है। हम प्रायः यही देखते हैं कि शराब की दूकानें बाजारों के बिलकुल बीच में ही रखी गई हैं। जनता की ओर से यह मांग होती है कि बाजार के बीच में ये दूकानें न रहें। मंत्री महोदय भी ऐसा हुक्म देते हैं कि ये दूकानें बाजार या अन्य स्कूल अथवा जनसंस्थाओं के पास न रहें। किन्तु हमें दुख है कि एक एक दूकान को ऐसी जगहों से हटाने के लिए दो दो साल लग जाते हैं। और फिर हटा भी दी जाती है तो ऐसी जगह रखी जाती है जहाँ लोगों की भीड़ हो। इस प्रकार हम शराबबन्दी जैसी आवश्यकीय और पूनीत काम में कैसे सफल हो सकते हैं। मैं चाहता

हैं कि शराबबन्दी की नीति को सफल बनाने के लिए सरकार कठोर-से-कठोर नीति अपना लें। इसके लिए किसी प्रकार की ढिलाई न होने पाये।

पीने के पानी की समस्या के प्रति भी राज्यपाल महोदय ने कोई जिक्र नहीं किया है। आप जानते हैं कि हमारे टंगला इलाके में पीने के पानी का कितना अभाव है। यह एक कितनी बड़ी समस्या है। आपको यह देखकर आश्चर्य होगा कि यहां के लोग पानी के अभाव के कारण कितनी दुर्दशा झेल रहे हैं। पहले यहां रेल विभाग की दया और सौजन्य के कारण पीने के पानी की समस्या का आंशिक समाधान हो सका था। सरभोग रेल स्टेशन से यहां के लिए पानी आता था। मगर दुख की बात है कि यह व्यवस्था भी बन्द हो गई और यहां के लोग एक विकट समस्या का सम्मुखित हो रही है। इसी कारण अभी हाल ही में मंगलद्वे जेल में भयानक रोग हो गया था और कई आदमी मौत के शिकार हो गये थे। उस समय जेल के कुएं में सिर्फ दो फूट पानी ही था और मैं सच कहता हूं कि उस पानी का रंग बिल्कुल मेजा के रंग जैसा पीला था। ऐसा पानी पीवें तो लोग क्यों नहीं बीमार पड़ेंगे। सरकार इस ओर जल्द-से-जल्द उचित कारवाई करें। साल साल जेल की बيمारी की जाँच करें।

अब मैं स्त्री-शिक्षा के बारे में भी चन्द बातें बोलना चाहता हूं। स्त्री-शिक्षा के लिए हमारी सरकार क्या व्यवस्था कर रही है इस बारे में मैं जानना चाहता हूं और सरकार से अनुरोध करता हूं कि सरकार स्त्री-शिक्षा का उचित प्रबन्ध करें। हमारे विधान के अनुसार १० साल के भीतर, ६ साल से १४ साल तक के बच्चों की निःशुल्क तथा बाध्यतामूलक शिक्षा का प्रबन्ध सरकार को करना चाहिये। ६ साल हो चुके किन्तु अभी तक इसका इंगित भी नहीं है। इस दिशा में हमारा प्रान्त अन्य प्रान्तों से बहुत पिछड़ा पड़ा हुआ है। सरकार को इस बात का ध्यान रखना चाहिये तथा निःशुल्क और बाध्यतामूलक शिक्षा का प्रबन्ध करना चाहिये। साथ ही स्त्री-शिक्षा और चाय बगानों के मजदूरों की शिक्षा का अच्छा प्रबन्ध करना चाहिये।

खाद्यवस्तुओं में आज जो मिलावट (adulteration) हो रहा है यह सब के लिए एक चिन्तनीय विषय है। जब मैं भात, रोटी या और कोई चीज खाने बैठता हूं तो मुझे यही चिन्ता होती है कि न मालूम क्या खा रहा हूं। मुझे यह भी चिन्ता होती है कि न मालूम इस खाद्य से हमारे शरीर को कितना नुकसान पहुंच रहा है। खाने के लिए मैं बैठता हूं तो भगवान का नाम लेता हूं और प्रार्थना करता हूं कि हम इन बुराइयों से बचें। सरकारी प्रतिवेदन के अनुसार भी आज खाद्यवस्तुओं में सैकड़ा ५३ % मिलावट (adulteration) है। इससे तो ऐसा लगता है कि खुद हमारी सरकार ही adulteration हो गई है। इससे हमारे शरीर और स्वास्थ्य को कितनी हानि हो रही होगी। क्या सरकार इस मिलावट (adulteration) को बन्द करने में असमर्थ है? मैं सरकार से अनुरोध करता हूं कि इस मिलावट को बन्द करने के लिए हिम्मत के साथ काम लें। इसमें जनता का पूरा पूरा सहयोग सरकार को प्राप्त होगा। यहां, मैं जनता की ओर से आश्वासन देता हूं कि इस काम के लिए कभी सरकार कोई कदम उठावे तो हमारा पूर्ण सहयोग मिलेगा। अगर हम इसको बन्द न कर सकें तो हमारा यहां आना, एमः एलः एः बनना और जनता की सेवा करने का हमारा व्रत किस काम का है? एमः एलः एः बनकर हम जनता की कौन-सी वास्तविक सेवा कर सके हैं। मुझे तो ऐसा लग रहा है कि अब हम कहीं के नहीं रह गये हैं। जनता की सेवा के विचार से एमः एलः एः बना था। लेकिन मैं देख रहा हूं कि वह नहीं हो रहा है। मैं अपने को किसी काम के लायक नहीं पा रहा हूं। व्यापारी छोड़कर जनता की सेवा के लिए आया हूं और इधर ईमानदारी के साथ जनता की भी सेवा नहीं कर सका हूं। सरकार की गलत और दलदल नीति ने हमें ऐसा बना दिया है।

(हंसी)

Mr. SPEAKER : लेकिन आप यह कहावट यहां इस्तेमाल नहीं कर सकते। इसका इस्तेमाल आदमी के लिए नहीं होता है। किसी जानवर के लिए ही होता है।

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY (Panery) : जी हाँ, किन्तु यह कहकर हमें बड़ा दुख होता है कि हम ईमानदारी के साथ जनता की सेवा नहीं कर पा रहे हैं। खाद्यवस्तुओं की मिलावट को बन्द करने के लिए हमारी सरकार को कोई ठोस कारवाई करनी चाहिये।

यह बड़ी खुशी की बात है कि इस साल हमारे राज्य में अच्छी फसल हुई है। यह भगवान की अपार दया है। उन्हीं की दया के कारण यह हुआ है। किन्तु हम देखते हैं कि हमारा कृषि मन्त्री इसके लिए दाद लेना चाहता है। मैं नहीं समझता कि फसल की अधिक उपज में उनका क्या विशेष हाथ है। इसमें हमारे कृषि विभाग को गौरव करने का कोई भी कारण नहीं है। जब सरकार विफल हुआ तो जनता ने भारतीय रीति के मुताबिक प्रार्थना किया और उसका ही यह फल है।

इस बारे में भी मुझे कुछ थोड़ा-सा कहना है। आप को मालूम होगा कि हमारे यहां भोला नदी में बाढ़ आती है। वहां माथावरी चाहिये। और रेल-लाइन की रक्षा करने के लिए रेलवे का कल्यानजिडीपर एक पुल बनाया गया है। इस पुल के बनने से वहां के खेत को, मेरे कहने का मतलब यह है कि धान की खेति के अपार नुकसान हो रहा है। इस पुल का नम्बर है ६७। रांगापारा-रंगिया लाइनपर यह पुल पड़ता है। इस पुल के कारण करीब दस हजार ऐकड़ जमीन को बड़ा नुकसान हुआ है। और हर साल करीब ३० हजार मन धान इससे नष्ट हो रहा है। हमें पता नहीं कि जब इस तरह कोई पुल या दूसरा कोई सरकारी काम होता है तो उससे पहले यह विचार किया जाता है या नहीं कि इससे जनता को नुकसान होगा या फायदा। अगर यही नहीं देखा जाता है तो सरकारी इंजिनियर और अन्य विज्ञ सरकारी अधिकारी क्या करते हैं? जब केंद्रीय कृषि मंत्री श्रीअजित प्रसाद जी जैन गौहाटी आये थे तब मैंने इस बारे में उनसे चर्चा किया था। हमारे राज्यक कृषिमन्त्री श्रीहक साहाव भी वहां मौजूद थे।

M. MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY (Minister, Agriculture) : जी नहीं, मैं उस वक्त वहां नहीं था।

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY : जी नहीं, उस वक्त आप भी मौजूद थे।

M. MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY : यह कैसे हो सकता है? मैं तो उस वक्त दक्षिण भारत में था।

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY : मैं कहता हूं आप मौजूद थे! इस रेल के पुल के कारण इलाके के रहनेवालों को बहुत सा नुकसान हो रहा है। इस बारे में मैंने केंद्रीय कृषिमन्त्री श्रीअजित प्रसाद जैनजी से आलोचना की थी। उनकी ओर से भी मुझे यह आश्वासन मिला था कि इस बारे में उचित कारवाई की जायेगी। परन्तु अब तक कोई कारवाई नहीं हुई है। सरकार से मेरा विशेष अनुरोध है कि वे इस बारे में रेलवे मिनिस्ट्री को लिखें और इस पुल के पानी से हमारे खेत को जो नुकसान हो रहा है उसे बन्द करने के लिए जल्द-से-जल्द प्रबन्ध करें। बड़े एरीगेशन जिसके लिए सरकार कुछ नहीं कर रही है, बातों से खाद्यसमस्या का समाधान करना चाहती है।

और एक बात मैं सरकार से कहना चाहता हूँ कि वह यह है कि आमजुली सामूहिक उन्नयन केन्द्र के अधिकारियों के कारण ही इस केन्द्र में अच्छी तरह काम नहीं हो पा रहा है। अगर इस तरह के सामूहिक उन्नयन केन्द्र जैसी संस्थाओं के अधिकारी सूट-बूट और टाई लगाकर काम करना चाहें तो हम उनसे कौन-सी सच्ची सेवा की आशा कर सकते हैं? इन लोगों को तो जनता के सेवक के रूप में काम करना चाहिये। जनता के साथ इन्हें घुल-मिल जाना चाहिये, और जनता में मिलकर काम करना चाहिये। परन्तु यह दुख की बात है कि ऐसा नहीं हो रहा है।

सी: आइ: सीट्स, Iron rods, बगैरह की बहुत बड़ी कमी हमारे प्रान्त में है। खासकर मंगलद जिले में इस कमी के कारण लोगों को बहुत बड़ी तकलीफ हो रहा है। इसपर भी सरकार ने अपनी एक चिट्ठी के जरिये, शहरी इलाके में Iron rods देने का आदेश किया है। आमजुली, सोनाजुली, उदालगुड़ी, राजगड़ जैसे प्रोजेक्ट्स से लाखों मन अनाज की पैदाकी हो सकती है। इस प्रोजेक्ट के बारे में केंद्रीय मंत्री श्रीजैनजी ने प्रतिज्ञा की थी कि इसके लिए धन हम देंगे। अगर यही बात है तो ग्राम्य अंचल में स्कूल कैसे बनें। क्या शहर के लोगों के लिए ही रहने के लिए अच्छा और पक्का मकान बनना चाहिये?

M. MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY (Minister, Agriculture): यह चिट्ठी अंग्रेजी या हिन्दी में लिखी हुई थी?

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY (Panery): यह चिट्ठी अंग्रेजी में थी। अगर हमारे मंत्री महोदय चाहें तो मैं उस चिट्ठी की नम्बर दे दूंगा।

मैं सरकार से यह पूछना चाहता हूँ कि क्या शहर में ही अच्छे अच्छे और ऊंचे ऊंचे मकान बनाना चाहिये? सरकार ने क्या सिर्फ शहरों के लिए ही ध्यान दिया है? क्या इसका मतलब यही है कि शहर आगे बढ़ता जाय और गांव ज्यों-का-त्यों रह जाय? मैं चाहता हूँ कि शहरों के साथ साथ ही गांव भी आगे बढ़े। हमारी सरकार ने गौहाटी के लिए एक मास्टर प्लान (Master Plan) बना रखी है। मैं चाहता हूँ कि हर छोटे छोटे गांवों के लिये इस तरह का मास्टर प्लान बनें। शहरों के साथ साथ गांवों की उन्नयन परिकल्पना सरकार को बनानी चाहिये। ऐसा होने से ही तो उसके प्रति लोगों का आकर्षण बढ़ेगा। आज शहरों में जमीन मिलना कठिन हो रहा है। छोटी छोटी जमीन का दाम ८१० हजार हो रहा है।

Mr. SPEAKERY : पटवारी जी ! आप काफी बोल चुके हैं। अब जरा संक्षेप कीजिये।

Shri HIRALAL PATWARY : जी हां। मैं खत्म करता हूँ। मुझे काफी बोलना था। मैजर इरिगेशन, सीमा-समस्या और नागा-समस्या के बारे में भी मैं बोलना चाहता हूँ। किन्तु चूंकि मुझे और समय नहीं मिलेगा इसलिए मैं इन समस्याओं के बारे में नहीं बोलूंगा। किन्तु आखिर मैं मेरा इतना ही कहना है कि राज्यपाल के प्रति धन्यवादसूचक इस प्रस्ताव में मैं शरीक नहीं हो सकता। मुझे अफसोस है कि राज्यपाल महोदय को मैं धन्यवाद नहीं दे सकता।

Mr. SPEAKER : The amendment is moved.

Shri NARENDRA NATH SARMA (Dergaon) : মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, মাননীয় ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণ সমৰ্থন কৰি মই দুই চাৰিঘাৰ কথা কবলৈ থিয় দিছো। অসম আৰু পূৰ্ব পাৰ্শ্বতান সীমান্তত পাৰ্শ্বতানৰ গুলিবৰ্ষণ আক্ৰমণে আমাৰ ৰাজ্যত গুৰুতৰ পৰিস্থিতি কৰি তুলিছে আৰু এই আক্ৰমণৰ কাৰণে বিশেষকৈ সীমান্ত বাসী অসমৰ বাহিৰক অশেষ অসুবিধাত পেলাইছে। এই মৰ্মে আমাৰ চৰকাৰে যি ব্যৱস্থা অবলম্বন কৰিছে তাৰ পৰা এই বিবাদ সীমাংসা হোৱা নাই আৰু অৱস্থাবোৰো বিশেষ উপশম হোৱা নাই। মই আশা কৰো চৰকাৰে লোৱা বিধানৰ উপৰিও আৰু অধিক কাম আমাৰ চৰকাৰে কেন্দ্ৰীয় চৰকাৰৰ লগত আলোচনা কৰি সীমান্ত বিবাদৰ অৱসান ঘটোৱাৰ লাগে। নহলে সীমান্ত বাসী বাহিৰৰ ঘৰ-দুৱাৰ, খেতি-বাতি সমূলকৈ ধ্বংসপ্ৰাপ্ত হৈ তেওলোকৰ স্বাভাবিক জীৱন যাপনত বাধা পৰি দেশৰ অৰ্থনৈতিক পৰিস্থিতিয়ে গুৰুতৰ ৰূপ ধাৰণ কৰিব। আজিও আমাৰ নগা সমস্যাৰ সমাধান হোৱা নাই। অসম আৰু নগা পাহাৰৰ সীমান্ত আজিও এসপ্তাহৰ আগতে নগাই আক্ৰমণ কৰে আৰু বহুতো মানুহক অত্যাচাৰ কৰে। নগা বিদ্ৰোহী সকলে যি কল কৌশল লগাই আক্ৰমণ চলাব লাগিছে তালৈ চাই অনুমান হয় যে তেওঁলোকে অহা বাৰিষাত ইয়াতকৈও বেচি আক্ৰমণ চলাব। সেই কাৰণে মই আমাৰ চৰকাৰক অনুৰোধ কৰো যেন এই বিষয়ে তেওঁলোক সজাগ থাকে আৰু সীমান্তলৈ আৰু অধিক সৈন্য পঠাই সীমান্ত বাসীক শান্তিৰে ৰাস কৰিবলৈ সুবিধা দিয়ে।

ইয়াৰ পিচত ভূমি সমস্যা সমাধানৰ্থে চৰকাৰে জোৰ দিব বুলি আশা কৰিলো আৰু এই সমস্যাৰ সমাধান কৰে ভূমিহীন মানুহ বিলাকক মাটি দিয়াৰ প্ৰবল প্ৰচেষ্টা চলাব লাগে। তাৰ লগে লগে আধিয়াৰ আইন খনৰ যি আসোৱাঁহ বৈ গৈছে তাৰ সংশোধন কৰাৰ ব্যৱস্থা লব লাগে। কাৰণ মাটিৰ মালিক সকলে এই আইনৰ বলেৰেই এতিয়াও দুখীয়া মাটি নোহোৱা মানুহৰ পৰা বহুতো বেছি খাজনা আদায় কৰি আছে। বহুত আধিয়াৰক মাটিৰ পৰা বঞ্চিত কৰিছে। এই সমস্যালৈ চৰকাৰে চকু নিদিলে বাহিৰৰ দুখ কষ্টৰ ওৰ নপৰিব। আৰু আমাৰ আইনবোৰো বাস্তৱ ক্ষেত্ৰত কাৰ্য্যকৰী নহব।

ইয়াৰ পিচত মাটি বন্দবস্তীৰ বিষয়ত ইয়াকে কব খোজো যে এই ক্ষেত্ৰত বিৰাট এক অংশ মানুহৰ অসুবিধা হৈছে। অসমৰ নদীবিলাকৰ বান পানী আৰু গৰা খহনীয়া হোৱাত প্ৰতি বছৰে শ শ মানুহ বান পানীত আৰু গৰাখহনীয়াৰ সন্মুখীন হব লগা হৈ ঘৰ দুৱাৰ হীন হব লগা হয়। আজি নদী নিয়ন্ত্ৰন কৰিব নোৱাৰাৰ কাৰণে অসমৰ ইমূৰৰ পৰা সিমূৰলৈকে মানুহৰ দুৰৱস্থা হৈছে আৰু বিলাই বিপত্তিবোৰো অন্ত নপৰা হৈছে। বানপানী আৰু গৰাখহনীয়াত বিধস্ত হোৱা লোক সকলৰ আজিলৈকে কোনো সুব্যৱস্থা কৰা হোৱা নাই। সেইকাৰণে বানপানী আৰু গৰা খহনীয়াত বিধস্ত হোৱা লোকসকলৰ সমস্যাটো এটা বিশেষ সমস্যা বুলি গণ্য কৰিব লাগে আৰু ৰিফিউজীসকলক যিবিলাক সুবিধা দিছে তেনে সুবিধা এওঁলোককো দিব লাগে। এওঁলোকক চাহবাগিছাৰ মাটি দিয়াৰ যিটো ব্যৱস্থা কৰা হৈছিল তাৰ বাবে তেওঁলোকে আগতে টকা জমা দিব লাগে আৰু তালৈ যাবও লাগে। নহলে মাটি দখল কৰা টান। ফলত তেওঁলোকৰ লৰা-ছোৱালীক শিক্ষা দিয়াত অসুবিধা হৈ পৰিছে। তেওঁলোকৰ লৰা-ছোৱালীবোৰক বিনা মাচুলে শিক্ষা দিয়াৰ ব্যৱস্থা কৰিব লাগে। আজি তেওঁলোকৰ কোনো ফালেই উন্নতি হোৱা নাই বৰং সকলো ক্ষেত্ৰত পিচলৈহে গৈছে।

আজি গভৰ্ণ মেণ্টে কৃষি বিভাগৰ যোগেদি আগতকৈ বেছি মনোযোগেৰে কাম আৰম্ভ কৰাৰ সন্তোষ প্ৰকাশ কৰো। কৃষিৰ উন্নতিৰ বিষয়ে Estimates কমিটি আৰু ন্যালাগৰ কমিটিয়ে যি প্ৰতিবেদন দাখিল কৰিছে আৰু সেইমতে কৃষি বিভাগৰ আৰু কৰ্মচাৰী বিলাকৰ দৰমহা আদি আগবাঢ়িবলৈ চেষ্টা কৰাত বৰ সুখী হৈছো। কৃষক

সকলক আৱশ্যকীয় সা সুবিধাবোৰ নিদিলে কৃষিৰ উন্নাত হ'ব নোৱাৰে। আজি যিবিলাক সৰু সৰু কৃষকে সমবায় সমিতিৰ পৰা কোনো সাহায্য পাব পৰা নাই, সেইবোৰক সা-সুবিধাবোৰ নিদিলে কৃষিৰ উন্নতি হ'ব নোৱাৰে। আমি আজি দেখিবলৈ পাইছো যে যিবোৰ ঠাইতে আগতে আহুখেতি বা বৰোখেতি কৰা নাছিল, সেইবোৰতো আজিকালি সমবায় ভেটিৰ যোগেদি খেতি কৰিবলৈ ধৰিছে।

পুলিচ বিভাগৰ বিষয়াসকলৰ এটা মই বৰ ভাব দেখিবলৈ পোৱা গৈছে। তেওঁলোকৰ ভিতৰত বিলাৰ অফিচাৰ বিলাকৰ থকামেলাৰ সুবিধা আছে, কিন্তু তলতীয়া কৰ্মচাৰী থকামেলাৰ ভাল সুবিধা নাই। থানাত থকা অফিচাৰ সকলৰ থকামেলাৰ কোনো ভাল বন্দবস্ত নাই। ঘৰবোৰ বৰ ঠেক আৰু এটা পৰিয়াল থকা বৰ টান। ডেবগাঁৱত পুলিচ বেটেলিয়নৰ যি বিলাক পুলিচ আছে তেওঁলোকৰ পৰিয়াল লৈ থকা ভাল ব্যৱস্থা এতিয়াও হোৱা নাই। গতিকে এই বিলাকৰ বিষয়ত চৰকাৰে চকু দিব বুলি আশা কৰিলো।

আজি চাহ বাগিচাৰ মাটি নীতি সম্পৰ্কে যি মত প্ৰকাশ হৈছে আৰু সেই মতে যোৱা ২৯ নবেম্বৰত চাহ বাগিচাৰ মালিক সকলৰ লগত যি চুক্তি গভৰ্ণমেণ্টে কৰিছে সেই মতে চাহবাগিছাই ৩ গুণ মাটি ৰাখি বাকী মাটিহে বিতৰণৰ কাৰণে দিব। কিন্তু এই চুক্তিৰ সৰ্ত মতে এতিয়া দিবলৈ অমান্তি হৈছে। গোলাঘাট মহকুমাৰ চাহ কাগিছাত যিবোৰ পতিত মাটি আছে সেই মাটিত কুহিয়াৰ খেতি ভাল হ'ব। কিন্তু সেই মাটি এতিয়া এনেয়ে পৰি আছে গতিকে এই চুক্তিৰ বিষয় পুনৰ গভৰ্ণমেণ্টে বিবেচনা কৰিব বুলি মই আশা কৰিছো নহলে বাগানৰ মাটি খেতিয়কে পোৱা সম্ভৱ নহ'ব। আমাৰ অসমত আৰু কিছুমান পতিত মাটি আছে যেনে বিল, জাবনি আদি। সেই বোৰৰ পৰা যদি পানী অলপ উলিয়াই নিব পাৰি তেনেহলে তাত ভাল শালী খেতি কৰিব পৰা হ'ব, অন্ততঃ ২০/৩০ হেজাৰ টকাৰ একোটা প্ৰজেক্ট হোৱা উচিত এই ক্ষেত্ৰত ই, এণ্ড ডী, বিভাগৰ পৰাও মথেষ্ট সহায় লব পাৰে।

আজি সমবায়ৰ যোগে ধান সংগ্ৰহৰ ব্যৱস্থা কৰা হৈছে। এই ক্ষেত্ৰত প্ৰথমতে নগাঁও জিলাত যিবোৰ অসুবিধা দেখা দিছে ই স্বাভাৱিক, আন ঠাইতো দেখা দিয়া স্বাভাৱিক। সেইকাৰণে আজি যদি খেতিয়ক সকলক উচিত মূল্যত বস্ত্ৰ বেচা কিনাৰ সুবিধা কৰি দিব নোৱাৰি তেন্তে এই সমস্যাৰ সমাধান নহয়। গতিকে সমবায়ৰ যোগেদি আমাৰ খেতিয়ক সকলক বেচা কিনাৰ সুবিধা দিয়াৰ সকলো ব্যৱস্থা গভৰ্ণমেণ্টে দিয়া উচিত।

মোৰ বন্ধু শ্ৰীনীলমনি বৰঠাকুৰে কৈছিল যে অসমৰ সমবায় চেনিকল এখন চাইন-বোৰ্ডতে। সেই কথা আমি ক্ষেতিয়াও মানিব নোৱাৰো। সমবায় চেনিকলৰ যোগেদি অসমৰ শিল্প ক্ষেত্ৰত এটা নতুন জাগৰণৰ সৃষ্টি হৈছে। প্ৰধানকৈ কুহিয়াৰ খেতি কৰা কৃষক সকলে ইয়াৰ দ্বাৰা উৎসাহিত হৈছে। মই ভাবো সমবায় ভিত্তিত অসমৰ দৰে পিছপৰা এখন দেশত মৰাপাটৰ কল প্ৰতিষ্ঠা কৰিবৰ যত্ন কৰিব লাগে তেতিয়া ৰাইজৰ মনলৈ নতুন ভাৱ উদ্দীপনা উৎসাহ আহিব।

অসমৰ চেনি কলত এক কোটি বাইচ লাখ টকা খৰছ হোৱা বাবে সদনত সমালোচনা শুনা গৈছে। প্ৰকৃততে এইটো বিশেষ কোনো খৰছেই নহয়। বিহাৰ, ইউ, পি, মাদ্ৰাজ আৰু ভাৰতৰ অন্যান্য ঠাইত হোৱা এই শিল্পৰ লগত ৰিজালে ই একোৱেই নহয় যত পৰিবহনৰ সকলো সুবিধা আছে বনুৱা কাৰিকৰ আৰু ঘৰ সজা বস্ত্ৰ বাহিনী সস্তা তেনে বোৰ ঠাইৰ তুলনাৰ অসমৰ চেনি কল প্ৰতিস্থাত বিশেষ একো খৰছ হোৱা নাই। এই চেনি কল প্ৰতিষ্ঠা হোৱা বাবেই বৰ্তমান ৩২ খন সমবায় কুহিয়াৰ ফাৰ্ম গঠন হৈছে। গোটেই গোলাঘাটত ১৮ টা মৌজাৰ ভিতৰত ১৫ টা মৌজাতে সমবায়ৰ প্ৰতিষ্ঠা হৈছে। কিন্তু

দুখৰ কথা যে আমাৰ পৰিবহন আৰু আলি পদূলিৰ অসুবিধাৰ কাৰণে যিমান কুঁহিয়াৰ চেনি কললৈ আহিব লাগিছিল, সিমান অহা নাই। কিন্তু সেই বুলি কুঁহিয়াৰৰ অভাৱত চেনিকল নচলা হৈ থাকিব লগা হোৱা নাই। কুঁহিয়াৰৰ খেতি কৰিবৰ কাৰণে খেতিয়কৰ মাজত হোৱা উৎসাহে গোলাবাটত ২টা চেনি কলৰ যোগান ধৰিব পাৰিব। এই চেনি কল অসম চৰকাৰ আৰু বাইজৰ এটা ডাঙৰ প্ৰচেষ্টা।

Small Scale Industriesৰ বাবে গুৱাহাটীত যি কলনি কৰিছে সিও এটা চৰকাৰৰ ডাঙৰ প্ৰচেষ্টা। তাত আমাৰ অসমীয়া ডেকা সকলক সকলো সুবিধা দিয়া উচিত। কিন্তু দুখৰ বিষয় যে মই জনাত এজন অসমীয়া ডেকাই বেটেৰী কৰিবলৈ লোৱাৰ বাহিৰে আন কোনো শিল্প অসমীয়া ডেকাই কৰা দেখা পোৱা নহল। গতিকে উৎসাহী অসমীয়, ডেকাক সকলো সুবিধা দিব লাগে। যাতে তেওঁলোকে এই শিল্প ক্ষেত্ৰত আগ বাঢ়ি যাব পাৰে।

(বনটা বাজি উঠে)

Shri HARI NARAYAN BARUAH (Teok): মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, মই জয় জয়তে ৰাজ্যপাল ডাঙৰীয়াই যি ভাষণ দিলে সেই ভাষণৰ বাবে তেখেতক ধন্যবাদ জনাইছো। সেই ভাষণত ৰাজ্যপালে আবশ্যকীয় সকলো বিষয়বোৰ সদস্য সকলৰ আলোচনাৰ সুবিধাৰ্থে উত্থাপন কৰিছে। আমাৰ মাননীয় সদস্য শ্ৰীবৰঠাকুৰ, শ্ৰীবৰ বৰুৱা ডাঙৰীয়াৰ সমালোচনা, এইবাৰ হয়তো আগৰ দৰে উত্তেজনা সূচক হোৱা নাই। ইয়াৰ কাৰণ হয়তো এইটোৱেই হ'ব পৰে যে এইবাৰ ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণৰ সমালোচনাৰ প্ৰশংসা সূচক প্ৰস্তাৱ মহিলা সদস্যৰ ফালৰ পৰা আহিছে। ৰাজ্যপালে নগাপাহাৰৰ সমস্যা, পাকিস্থান সীমান্তৰ সমস্যা সকলো বোৰ বিষয়েই উল্লেখ কৰিছে। মাননীয় বৰবৰুৱা ডাঙৰীয়া আৰু বৰঠাকুৰ ডাঙৰীয়াই সীমান্ত সমস্যা সম্পৰ্কে যি পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়াইছে তাৰ বাবে তেখেত সকলক ধন্যবাদ জনাইছো। আজি নগাপাহাৰ আৰু পাকিস্থান সীমান্তৰ সমস্যা আগৰ পৰাই যদি তেখেত সকলে এইবাৰৰ দৰে বীৰ স্থিৰভাৱে সমালোচনা কৰিলে হেতেন তেনেহলে আমি বহুতো কথাত সমস্যা সমাধানৰ পথত সহায়ক হ'ল হেতেন আৰু পৰৱৰ্তীয়া ভাই সকলৰ মনতো ভ্ৰান্ত ধাৰণাৰ সৃষ্টি নহ'ল হেতেন। সেই বাবেই আমি ইতিপূৰ্বৰ পৰাই এই সমস্যা সমাধানৰ আলোচনাত দেশৰ স্বার্থ কুলা নোহোৱাকৈ সাবধানে মন্তব্য কৰিবলৈ অনুৰোধ কৰি আহিছিলো। যা হওক তেখেত সকলে এইবাৰ গঠন মূলক সমালোচনাকে আগবঢ়াইছে। শ্ৰীযুত বৰবৰুৱা ডাঙৰীয়াই Border Militia গঠন কৰা সম্পৰ্কে পৰামৰ্শ দিয়াৰ বাবে তেখেতক ধন্যবাদ জনাইছো।

তেখেতৰ বাহিৰেও বহুতো সদস্যই পৰামৰ্শ দিছে যে নগাপাহাৰত ভিলেজ ডিফেন্স পাৰ্টিক বন্দুক দি সহায় কৰা উচিত। এই ক্ষেত্ৰত মই সদনৰ সদস্য সকলক জনাব খোজো যে ইতিমধ্যে সীমান্ত অঞ্চলৰ ভিলেজ ডিফেন্স পাৰ্টিক একোটাকৈ বন্দুক দিয়া হৈছে।

Shri KHAGENDR A NATH BARBARUA (Amguri): হয় যেতিয়া লুট পাট তেতিয়া আপোনাৰ ভিলেজ ডিফেন্স পাৰ্টি কলৈ যায় আৰু বন্দুক কত থাকে?

Shri HARI NARAYAN BARUAH: আৰু আমাৰ কেইজনমান মাননীয় সদস্যই পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়াইছে যে গাওঁৰক্ষী বাহিনীক সবহীয়াটক বন্দুক বাৰুদ আদি দি সুসজ্জিত কৰিব লাগে। নহলে তেওঁলোকে সীমান্ত অঞ্চলত গাওঁ বৰ্কাৰ কাম সূচাৰুৰূপে কৰিব নোৱাৰে। মই তেখেত সকলকো জনাব খুজিছো যে নগা পৰ্বতৰ সীমান্ত অঞ্চলত নিয়োগ কৰা গাওঁৰক্ষী বাহিনীক সবহীয়াটক বন্দুক দিবলৈ আগৰে পৰা চেষ্টা কৰি অহা হৈছে।

আমাৰ বৰবৰুৱা ডাঙৰীয়াই বিশেষকৈ গাওঁৰক্ষী বাহিনীক সমালোচনা কৰিছে।

Shri KHAGENDRA NATH BARBARUAH (Amguri): যেতিয়া গাঁওবিলাক লট কৰে তেতিয়া এই Village Defence Party ক'ত যায় ?

Shri HARINARAYAN BARUAH (Teok): তেখেতৰ নিচিনা লোকসকলে উপভক্তি কৰা উচিত যে এই বাহিনীয়ে আজি এবছৰ ধৰি নিজৰ জীৱন বিপন্ন কৰিও দিনে ৰাতিয়ে অক্লান্ত পৰিশ্ৰম কৰি গাঁও ৰক্ষাৰ কাম কৰি আহিছে। অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, তেখেতে নিজেই জানে যে তেখেতৰ ঘৰৰ ওচৰতে নগাহাট আৰু নৰাণ গাঁওৰ ৰক্ষা বাহিনী সমূহে কি সাহসেৰে নগা দুবৃত্ত সকলক বাধা দিছিল। আমাৰ মিলিটেৰী আৰু চিপাহী যাবৰ কাৰণে শ, শ, মানুহে ৰাস্তা আৰু দলং তৈয়াৰ কৰি দিছিল। বিদ্ৰোহীৰ সন্মুখীন হবলৈ গাঁওবাসী সাহসেৰে থিয় হৈছিল। এই কথা অস্বীকাৰ কৰিলে নচলিব।

আজি নগা পৰ্বতৰ যিসকল মানুহে ভৈয়ামলৈ নামি আহি সসজ্জ ডকাইটি কৰিছে, ইয়াৰ মূল উদ্দেশ্য হল ভৈয়ামত লুটপাট কৰি অৰ্থ সংগ্ৰহ কৰি দলৰ লোকসকলক জীয়াই ৰাখিবলৈ। আমি কোৱা শুনিছো—বৰ্তমান এই দুবৃত্ত সকলে ভৈয়ামলৈ গৈ দস্যুভূতি অবলম্বন কৰাত নগা পৰ্বতৰ গাঁওবাসী সকল সন্তুষ্ট হোৱা নাই। তেওঁ বিলাকে এই দুবৃত্ত সকলক এনে কাম নকৰিবলৈ মানা কৰিছে। দুবৃত্ত সকলে গাঁওৰ মানুহৰ কথা নুশুনি সীমান্তৰ গাঁও সমূহৰ সৰ্বনাশ কৰিছে। ইতিপূৰ্বেৰ আমাৰ দেশৰ কিছুমান মানুহেও এনে ভূতি অবলম্বন কৰিছিল। নাৰীহত্যা, শিশুহত্যা কৰিবলৈ আগবাঢ়িও আহিছিল। আজি পুনৰ সেই বাটকেই নগা ভাই সকলেও অনুসৰণ কৰিছে।

সেই নিমিত্তে আজি নগা পাহাৰৰ সীমান্ত অঞ্চলত যি অবস্থা ঘটিছে সেই অবস্থাৰ সন্মুখীন হোৱা সীমান্তবাসী লোকসকলক ৰক্ষা কৰিবলৈ সকলোৱে স্বেচ্ছাসিদ্ধ ভাবে সহযোগীতাৰে চেষ্টা কৰা উচিত। এই বিষয়ত সকলো দলৰ মানুহেই সহযোগীতা দিয়া উচিত।

নগা দুবৃত্ত নামি আহিলে গাঁও ৰক্ষা বাহিনীৰ লোকসকল পলাই যায় এনে কথা ক'তো শুনা নাই। এনে মন্তব্য প্ৰকাশ কৰা লোকসকলে নিজে দল গোটাই লৈ সীমান্ত গাঁও বিলাকলৈ যাই সীমান্ত বাসীক ৰক্ষা কৰিবলৈ কৰ্তব্য কৰি পৰিচয় দিব বুলি আশা কৰো।

তেখেত সকলে জানে যে নগা দুবৃত্ত সকলে চেগ চাই অতৰ্কিতভাৱে আমাৰ গাঁওৰ লোকসকলৰ ওপৰত আক্ৰমণ কৰে। এনে ধৰণৰ আক্ৰমণ তেওঁলোকে ইতিপূৰ্বে পোৱা নাই।

Mr. SPEAKER: বক্তৃতা চমু কৰিব।

Shri HARINARAYAN BARUAH : মই চেষ্টা কৰিম। এই আক্ৰমণ প্ৰতিহত কৰিবলৈ চৰকাৰে বিহিত ব্যৱস্থা হাতত লৈছে। যি বিলাক ঠাইৰ পৰা চৰকাৰে মিলিটেৰী উঠাই নিছিল এতিয়া সেই বিলাক ঠাইত মিলিটেৰী দিবৰ কাৰণে যত্ন কৰিছে। বৰবৰুৱা ডাঙৰীয়াই নিশ্চয় জানে যে আজি গাঁওৰক্ষা বাহিনীয়ে সীমান্তত দিন ৰাতি অক্লান্ত পৰিশ্ৰম কৰিছে। গাঁও বিলাকত গৈ এডাল টাণ্ডোন লৈয়ে দুবৃত্ত নগা সকলক সাহসেৰে প্ৰতিহত কৰিছে। নিশাৰ ভিতৰতে শ, শ লোকে ৰাস্তা তৈয়াৰ কৰি দিছে। তেখেতে জানিও শলাগ লবলৈ টান পোৱাটো পৰিতাপৰ কথা।

অলপতে মাননীয় বিত্তমন্ত্রী ফকৰুদ্দিন চাহাবে সীমান্তত পৰিভ্ৰমণ কৰি এই গাঁওবৰ্কা বাহিনীৰ কাৰ্য্য দেখি তাক ভালকৈ সংগঠিত কৰিবৰ দৰ্কাৰ অনুভব কৰিছে আৰু তেওঁ-বিলাকৰ কাৰ্য্যত সন্তোষ প্ৰকাশ কৰি আহিছে। আজি নগা পাহাৰৰ দ্ৰুত সকলৰ পৰা সীমান্তবাসী সকলক বন্ধা কৰা আৰু পাকিস্তানৰ গুলিৰ পৰা গাঁও বিলাকক বন্ধা কৰা একেই সমস্যা হৈ পৰিছে।

নেহৰু-নুন চুক্তিৰ পিচত আমি ভাবিছিলো যে পাকিস্তানৰ গুলি বৰ্ধণ চিৰকাললৈ বন্ধ হ'ল। কিন্তু দেখা গৈছে পাকিস্তানে চুক্তি বাখিব পৰা নাই; ভাৰতক বিবৃত কৰি বাখিবলৈ চেষ্টা কৰিছে। ভাৰতৰ কিছুমান অঞ্চল তেওঁলোকে লবৰ কাৰণে চেষ্টা কৰিছে। তেওঁলোকে ভাবিছে পাখাৰিয়া সুন্দৰ বনসম্পদ পাকিস্তানে পাবই লাগিব। সেই কাৰণেই আজি পাকিস্তানে পাখাৰিয়াত গুলী বৰ্ধণ কৰিছে। আমি বিশেষকৈ ভাবি চাব লগীয়া হৈছে যে যেতিয়া নেহৰু-নুন চুক্তিৰ পিচতো পাকিস্তানে গুলি বৰ্ধণ কৰিলে আৰু তাৰ লগে লগে আহি ভাৰতক কাঁকিদি টুকেবগ্ৰাম দখল কৰিলে আৰু আকৌ এনে ধৰণে গুলি বৰ্ধণ কৰাৰ পিচত পুনৰ নতুন চুক্তি কৰি গুলি সম্বৰণ কৰাই ভাৰতৰ অন্যান্য অংশত তেওঁবিলাক সোমাই পৰিব। হয় পাখাৰিয়া নহয় বাঘমৰা দখল কৰা আমি দেখিবলৈ পাম। এয়েই পাকিস্তানৰ চালাকি। ভাৰত চৰকাৰ তাৰ বাবে সচেতন আৰু সতৰ্ক হৈ থাকিব লাগিব। এনে বুদ্ধি যেতিয়া পাকিস্তানে লৈছে তাৰ প্ৰতিবিধানৰ অৰ্থে আমি কি ভাবে কাৰ্য্যপন্থা হাতত লোৱা উচিত তাক ধৰি স্থিৰ ভাবে চিন্তা কৰিবৰ সময় আহিল। এতিয়া এনে পৰিস্থিতি সন্মুখত বাখি যদি বিভিন্ন ৰাজনৈতিক দল সমূহে নিজৰ দলগত নীতিত ৰাজনীতি কৰিবলৈ বিচাৰে তেন্তে এই অৱস্থাৰ উপসম্বল ঘটোৱা সম্ভবপৰ নহ'ব। গাঁওবৰ্কা বাহিনীৰ কাম কৰি কুবোতে মই সীমান্তৰ উপদ্ৰৱ অঞ্চল সমূহ ভালকৈয়ে দেখিছো আৰু পাকিস্তানৰ গাঁওবিলাকৰ কথাও জানো। আজি পাকিস্তানৰ পৰা যি গুলি বৰ্ধণ হৈছে ভাৰতৰ গাঁওলৈ লক্ষ্য কৰিয়েই তেনে কৰা হৈছে। আনহাতে পাকিস্তানৰ সীমান্তত য'ত দাঠ গাঁও আছে তাত আৰু আন আন সীমান্তৰ অঞ্চল বন্ধা কৰিবলৈ তেওঁবিলাক ট্ৰেন্স আদি খানি সুসজ্জিত হৈ আছে। টুকেবগ্ৰাম লৈ আৰু বন সম্পদ পূৰ্ণ পাখৰীয়া ৰিজাৰ্ভ সামৰি লবলৈ প্ৰয়াস কৰিছে। এই দৰে হলে নহ'ব—ভাৰতৰ সীমান্তভুক্ত এক ইঞ্চি মাটিও আমি পাকিস্তানক এই দৰে এৰি দিব নোৱাৰো। আনহাতে যদি পাকিস্তানে ভাৰতৰ লগত শত্ৰুতা নকৰি বন্ধু ভাবে ব্যৱহাৰ কৰে তেন্তে আমি ন্যায় সঙ্গত ভাবে তেওঁলোকক যাবতীয় সহায় কৰিবলৈও প্ৰস্তুত আছো। তেওঁলোকে যদি ভাৰতক সন্মান জনাই আমিও তেওঁলোকক প্ৰতি সন্মান জনাবলৈ ৰাজি আছো। এই নীতিৰ ক্ষেত্ৰত আজি আমাৰ প্ৰয়োজন হৈছে যে আমাৰ মাননীয় সদস্য সকলে এনে কিছুমান পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়াব যাৰ দ্বাৰা মানুহৰ আটঙ্ক দূৰ কৰিব আৰু মনত বল আৰু গাত শক্তি যোগাব।

(সময়ৰ সংকেট ৰাজি উঠে)

মই আশা কৰো এই সদনৰ সদস্য সকলে ৰাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণত প্ৰতিফলিত হোৱা পাকিস্তানৰ সীমা বিবাদ আৰু নগাৰ উপদ্ৰৱ সম্পৰ্কত তীব্ৰ প্ৰতিবাদ নিক্ষেপ নকৰি—সন্মান সূচক পৰামৰ্শ আগবঢ়াব বুলি আশা বাখি মাননীয় সদস্য শ্ৰীমতী কমল কুমাৰী বৰুৱাৰ প্ৰস্তাৱটো সমৰ্থন কৰিলো আৰু তাৰ ওপৰত শ্ৰীযুত বৰঠাকুৰ দেৱে অনা সংশোধনী প্ৰস্তাৱটোৰ বিৰোধিতা কৰিলো।

***Shri PRABHAT NARAYAN CHAUDHURY (Nalbari East):** Mr. Speaker, Sir, I rise to congratulate the Governor for the address presented in this House, in a very unusual situation when tear gas entered into the Chamber of the Assembly, affecting the Governor, Ministers and the Members present.

About the Governor's address much has been said and much remains to be said. I am not here to dilate on all these points and I shall confine to a few observations.

About the Indo-Pak border, I shall not bother much with regard to the firing by the Pakistanis. But what appears to me is that ceasefire agreement made from time to time have been quite ineffective and has ceased to give any permanent solution. I want to speak a few words about the food situation because the food situation has got a bearing and relation with the implementation of the Plans. The main objective of the Five-Year Plan was to become self-sufficient in food. The First Five-Year is long over in 1956, and we are almost coming to an end of the Second Five-Year Plan and uptill now how far have we succeeded in attaining self-sufficiency in food? From the reports of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, it appears that uptill 31st March, 1958 within a span of 11 years after Independence food worth Rs. 1260 crores had to be imported from outside, and it is also mentioned that during the current year, 40 lakhs tons of food at a cost of Rs. 160 crores will have to be imported from outside and so the figure comes to Rs. 1,400 crores which is to be spent for import of food. This affected the Foreign Exchange position vastly and there is a talk of pruning of the Second Five-Year Plan only for this reason that our country had no Foreign Exchange—the purchasing capacity required for this purpose and so it appears that before everything the food situation should be tackled and the position should be improved at any cost. Land reform measures have been taken up and in this connection, particularly I mention the Adhjar Protection Act which has been recently implemented but it has not been properly understood by the people. By 'people' I mean the Adhjaris and the owners of the land. It also appears to me that the public leaders give a wrong interpretation of the Act which has caused a lot of complications. In the Adhjar Protection Act, the term—'Adhjar' appears to be a misnomer, when the Adhjar is no longer there this word 'Adhjar' gives rise to some wrong interpretation in the minds of the people. The objective of these land reforms was to increase the production of food but it has been felt by the people now that the owners of lands—the Brahmins of my side have now taken to the plough just to keep the ownership of the land at any rate. Similarly the Adhjaris also want to keep the ownership of land. That is the only objective now before these people. I am afraid that during the current year there may be decrease in production of food. So the people should be made

to understand clearly that the objective of this Adhiar Protection Act is to increase production and nothing else. This Bill was introduced on the floor of the Assembly in the year 1957, I mean the Hindu Religious Endowment Bill. That was ultimately withdrawn by the Government for reasons best known to them, perhaps for the pressure put by some of the Satras not to introduce that Bill. Now, in the Governor's address there is some mention of introducing a substitute Bill during the current session, that is the Bill for acquisition of lands belonging to charitable and religious endowments of the public. Such a Bill, if it at all comes, will serve a very useful purpose. Because we have seen that in the name of Satras in many places lands are still used by the owners for their own benefit and not for the benefit actually of the Satras or the people. There are too many Satras in the district of Kamrup and for the implementation of the reforms that Bill should be immediately brought into being.

When the embankments were constructed in our area the affected people were served with notices that they would be given substitute lands but unfortunately that has not been given effect to. As a result when the people give up their lands for construction of embankments, no substitute lands are given to them. Some of the people left their hearth and home and went away and took shelter in distant areas, Kumarikata and some other areas. But these people were again mercilessly evicted from these places without giving them substitute lands. I wrote a letter to the Minister-in-charge but I do not know what has happened to that letter. Although the hon. Minister was pleased to give assurance, nothing has yet been done so far my knowledge goes regarding this matter.

I have also got to say something about the gradual deterioration in the efficiency of the administrative machinery. Several hon. Members have spoken quite at length on this subject on the floor of the Assembly and stated quite clearly that the administrative machinery has not yet improved, and I also share their views. In spite of the reorganization of the Secretariat, in spite of the Chief Minister's assurance to co-ordinate the activities of the different departments in the Secretariat, there is lack of coordination. What seems to have so far been done is that some Additional Secretaries are brought into being and some new offices have been created. But even in spite of that to get a reply from the Secretariat one has got to wait much longer time than what one used to do previously. Only

creation of some Additional Secretaries or Secretaries or some new offices will not improve matters. Unless and until some other useful measures are taken with a view to inspire confidence of the people on the effective functioning of the Government machinery, things are bound to remain where they are. Government servants should be made to understand that they are there to serve the interests of the people, they are as much servants of the people as of the Government, their pay and prospects subject to the test of real and effective service to the people. But unfortunately to my mind such a spirit of service to the people by Government officers is totally lacking and the result is instead of efficiency there is glaring lack of efficiency in every field of Government service. When some one desires to have any information from any Government office it takes about a couple of years to get a reply from Government. I hope some effective measures should be taken to put a check to such a state of thing.

Governor's address also makes mention of the Co-operative movement. The Co-operative movement in our State gradually developed since the Government of India Act of 1904 on this movement was put into operation. Subsequently also there were another Act passed in 1914 or 1918. This Act was followed by still another Act. This movement in our State has passed through various stages. Trading Co-operative sprang up during the war time which were followed by Consumers' co-operatives. When the Reserve Bank of India undertook to reorganize the credit movement then a new phase in the movement was ushered in. At first Government was very eager to start multi-purpose co-operatives. But since then they have changed their policy and they then went in for small credit societies. This policy again subsequently underwent some change. This sort of constant change of policy on the part of Government might be explained as necessary due to their eagerness to respond to progressive ideas overtaking the society with the change of time. That may be so, but such constant and frequent changes in Government policy and programme are not understood by our people. Now the present trend is to start farming co-operatives. Several such co-operatives have been started in my own place where the pressure on land is very great. It is so great there that the average area possessed by a man varies between 4 to 6 lechas only. But these farming co-operatives have not yet been able to show any happy result so far.

Again there are some multi-purpose societies still functioning there. I do not know what is the objective of these multipurpose societies in Panchayat areas with a very small number of population.

Governor has laid considerable stress in his address on the success of the Plan and he has referred co-operation of different political parties as something of primary importance for successful implementation of the Plan. I fail to understand what he has meant by this. We have seen that there is no wholehearted co-operation amongst the members of even one political party. Parties are formed for furtherance of certain political purposes and objectives. Power politics is going on even in the higher plane of the political areas, and in such an atmosphere how can we expect that all the parties will co-operate together. Acharya Kripalani also gave his views in the Lok Sabha. That was repudiated by our Prime Minister, Shri Jawaharlal Nehru. That was a different thing. Acharya Kripalani perhaps wanted that the Government should be formed by different political parties but, however, was repudiated. But here I say that in the matter of execution of different plans and programmes that are taken up so far if the different parties are not consulted I do not know how such plans and programmes can be effective. There must be some sort of control over the execution of the plans and programmes by different parties. Unless and until that is done I do not think there is any sense in expecting to get co-operation from different parties. In the welfare activities in the country I do not think there is any single party which has any objection. All the parties will be very glad to co-operate and to combine with each other for a greater cause. For instance, in the matter of solving the border problem there can be no two opinions and in the case of border firing by Pakistan there can be no two opinions. But when the executive do not work properly, I do not think there is any use of speaking about co-operation.

In the Governor's address there is mention of formation of some of the committees. I have myself seen coming into existence so many committees and sub-committees, but I do not think there is any amount of harmony in the execution of things. Unless and until there is proper execution of works or things the formation of so many committees or sub-committees will not help much.

In his address there is no mention of Public Works Department, there is no mention of Education Department. I do not know if the Governor has intentionally omitted mention of those Departments thinking that those Departments are in the hands of efficient Ministers and were being run properly. But I find something wrong in the Education Department. So many suggestions were offered from time to time to remove difficulties in regard to senior basic education, junior education, secondary education, college education and so on. There is absolutely no co-ordination in such education. A new policy has been taken up by the Government for appointment of English teachers for the Middle Vernacular Schools. This has created some complications. In the High Schools the students are to pay their fees but in the Middle Vernacular Schools the education is free. When English teachers are provided in the Middle Vernacular Schools then the difference in the lower classes does not remain. Thus some complication is arising. I do not think appointment of English teachers alone will solve the difficulties. We have seen and the Education Minister also has seen during his last tour in the North Kamrup side that some of the middle Vernacular Schools have enrolment from 7 to 20 in upper classes, I mean in the classes from IV to VI. So, money spent in such schools is sheer waste. Such Middle Vernacular Schools serve no purpose. In such circumstances I do not think appointment of English teachers in those Middle Vernacular Schools will be of any help, rather this brings more complications in the existing administration. We find that Government was very keen for introduction of science classes in all the colleges. When my Friend Mr. Tripathy was the Education Minister he asked me to open science classes in our school and promised to help us with additional grants. Subsequently it was found that no grant was forthcoming in any shape for starting a laboratory or appointing science teachers. These things put us in a very awkward position. When we meet the Education Minister he talks everything new before understanding what is the actual policy of the Government of India for introduction of science classes. In the Education conference held at Gauhati he laid stress on the introduction of science classes in the colleges because under the new set up of thing such science classes would be necessary. When we will have higher secondary education co-ordination between the science classes in high schools and colleges will be necessary and for that purpose we should start opening science classes in our institutions. But if we are not encouraged by Government with grants in this respect I do not know what will be the fate

of the science classes. So, either they will have to be closed altogether or Government must come forward to help them with grants.

I do not want to speak more. Thank you, Sir.

Mr. GHANASHYAM DAS [North Salmara (Reserved for Scheduled Castes)]: Mr. Speaker, Sir, I am grateful to the Governor for his kindly delivering his address where in he has elaborated the policy of the Government. I am particularly happy to find the mention about the constitution of a Board for the welfare of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and backward classes. He also mentioned that this Board has been given wider scope and constituted according to the advice given by the Union Home Minister Pandit Pant during his visit to the State last year. In this connection I want to mention that the nomenclature of the Department should be changed as has been done in other States as it creates confusion and perhaps this has been recommended by the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Tribes. When this Department is sought to be constituted for the development of the Scheduled Castes, and when we also know that this Department is meant for the welfare of the Scheduled Castes I think it will be wise to change the nomenclature and to name it as Department of Social Welfare. I hope Government will give serious consideration in this regard. In the past when I was having a discussion with one of the Assistant Commissioners for Scheduled Castes and Tribes on the subject he said that it was his primary function to see to the welfare of tribal people. Hence it will be in the fitness of things, that this matter should be considered immediately.

Secondly, Sir, in the Governor's address I have not found the mention about one important problem and that is about the vagaries of nature in our State. In the monsoon time Assam is always subject to natural calamities. I cannot forget about the damages caused by the Aie river last year. Almost every year this notorious and turbulent river is causing immense damage in some areas in the north of Goalpara district. Recently in the month of August last this river caused tremendous damages in some areas in Bijni and some other areas under North Salmara in the Goalpara district.

These areas were visited by some of our Ministers and some high officers as well as local M.L.As. and also by the President of the District Congress. But nothing has yet been done.

Government should take measures immediately so that these havoc may not recur. In this connection, it may be mentioned that loss suffered by the people and damages caused to their property are not insignificant. About 60,000 bighas of cultivable lands were destroyed according to the estimate of the Executive Engineer (E. & D.) in that district. About 60 villages were badly affected. The officer concerned visited the area and he was personally contacted by the people of that area but we regret to find that uptill now nothing has been done for their future security from the ravages of the floods. I hope, Government will give prior considerations to this and protect the life and property of these people. The Government should rehabilitate them by giving ordinary shelter so that they can live in peace. Without adequate relief from Government they have become helpless; immediate steps should be taken by Government at least to give them temporary relief. The people were doubly distressed. Last year they were victims of food crisis and this year they became victims of floods. Considering their miserable plight, it should be the sacred duty of the Government to protect them from further damages by the river Aie. We know the nature of the river Aie and how much damages it causes. It is the primary duty of the Government to give top priority to take measures in order to safeguard the people from further loss and suffering.

Thirdly, I want also to draw the attention of the Government regarding the present food problem, although some hon. Members have already spoken about it. From report of the Government we have seen that we cannot neglect this problem. In order to solve the food crisis it is our responsibility to see that substantial and effective measures are taken immediately to tackle it. Besides, making our best efforts for improving the food situation in the State, it is also our duty to see that our people get substantial and nutritious food. If necessary, we should come forward with legislation or such other measures to check adulteration, the percentage of which is reported to be very high.

I want to draw the attention of the Government to the Report published by Shri Srikant, Commissioner of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes wherein concrete advice and recommendations have been made. The Government should take measures to implement the recommendations early. The special protections which have been recommended by him in his Report for the Scheduled caste people should be given immediate effect to.

Mr. SPEAKER: The Report of the Commissioner, Scheduled Castes and Tribes will be discussed on the floor of this House separately. Therefore, the hon. Members will have ample time to discuss about the welfare of Scheduled castes and tribes. Now, he can speak of other subjects.

Dr. GHANASHYAM DAS [North Solmara (Reserved for Scheduled Castes)]: I have nothing more to say now.

Shri GHANASHYAM TALUKDAR (Sorbhog) : Mr. Speaker, Sir, from what I have heard from the Governor's address, there is no mention of measures to be taken for the development and progress of the State of Assam. There is nothing new or inspiring in the address. The Governor has not given attention to the basic problems of Assam. One of the basic problems is about river valley projects. He has not mentioned of any other river valley project except the Umtru Hydel Project. Assam is a State which is terribly eroded by rivers like the Brahmaputra, Desang,, Dihing, Beki, Aie, Barak and other troublesome rivers. These rivers are becoming rivers of sorrow, they have been eroding immense areas of fertile and cultivable lands but, unfortunately, Government is not taking any steps to stop the ravages and to protect the affected people. We have seen that the Beki river is causing great erosions. The Kharija Bijni Mouza in Barpeta Subdivision is so vastly affected that about one thousand acres of land and three thousand houses were eroded by it. People in that Mouza have been compelled to shift from place to place at different times for safety. Besides that Mouza, many other parts of Barpeta Subdivision have been suffering from erosions caused by this river. Thousands of acres of lands have been eaten up by the river. To add to the miseries of the people in northern part of Kamrup district, besides Beki, other rivers are also causing similar devastations as a result of which people residing near about the river have been suffering untold miseries.

Tarabari Town is being eroded away but no measures have been taken by the Government to protect them. Government has constructed an embankment from Motharguri to Bonsbury. This embankment is not serving the purpose for which it was constructed, people are not deriving any tangible benefit but it has become a pleasure resort for the Ministers and officers to visit it. The Government should take up immediate measures to see that the people residing in the North Kamrup are protected from the troublesome rivers, as for

these rivers their worries have no bounds. The Government should convert the rivers of sorrow, into rivers of peace and happiness.

Then, Sir, the Barak river in Silchar has been eroding large tracts of lands, the Silchar Government High School and the business centre are almost eroded away. This river Barak is threatening not only the town of Silchar but other parts of Cachar district. This river has become the source of sorrow for the people of Cachar. So long the project for Barak river is not undertaken it is not only a worry to the people of Cachar but it is so also for the people of whole of Assam. In this connection, I may mention that the Government of India have spent crores of rupees in similar river valley projects in different States of India. The people in those States are deriving immense benefit from the rivers harnessed by the Government of India and not only they have been provided with electric powers but thousands of acres of land have been made fertile and valuable. For instance, in Orissa by constructing the Hirakud Dam at an expense of rupees hundred crores, 448 lakhs of acres of land have been irrigated and 123,000 kilowatts of electric energy have been obtained for the benefit of the people of that State.

Then, Sir, the Bhakra-Nangal project on the river Sutlej which was constructed at a cost of Rs. 151 crores, 6.6 million acres of land have been irrigated in Punjab, PEPSU and Rajasthan. The Rihand Dam project costing Rs. 35.2 crores in the Uttar Pradesh has produced 24,000 k. w. and 25,000 sq. miles of land have been benefited by electric energy, besides 16 lakhs of acres of land in Uttar Pradesh and 4 to 5 lakhs acres of land in Bihar have been irrigated. The Tunga-Bhadra Dam in the Andhra State was made at a cost of Rs. 21 crores and it has irrigated 50 lakhs of acres of land.

But, Sir, what is the fate of Assam? For the failure of the Assam Government to convince the Centre, we have not been able to make headway in Hydel projects although the facilities are enormous in the State. The Chairman of the Central Water and Power Commission came to Assam in 1947 and made some recommendations but nothing is done to implement them, except doing some survey work here and there. Some of the rivers, such as, Manas, Beki, etc., which changes course constantly and create havocs by damaging cultivable lands, should be properly surveyed for training them and for this purpose our surveyors must be sent to Bhutan, where the sources of the

rivers lie and for this purpose our Government should move the Government of Bhutan for permitting our surveyors to study the rivers in Bhutan.

So long as no river valley project is undertaken in Assam, there can be no progress in our State. I think our Government has not been able to convince the Central Government about the necessity for a river valley project. If Government were bold and fully conscious about the necessity of a river valley project they could have convinced the Central Government and could bring crores of rupees from the Centre within the Second or the Third Five Year plans to develop Assam. Leaving aside rivers, the Governor's address does not mention about any bridges except the Brahmaputra Bridge. Our Government apparently think that communication problems in Assam will be solved by constructing the Brahmaputra bridge only. I think, Sir, this will not be enough. The Brahmaputra bridge may be constructed, but besides that bridges should be constructed over rivers like Beki, Bhulukadoba, Aie and Manas. If these bridges are not constructed the communications of Assam with the rest of India will not improve. The Assam Rail Link is not very reliable and unless these rivers are properly bridged our communications with rest of India will remain as unstable as they are now. Every year Government are spending huge sums of money for construction of temporary bridges. Over the Bhulukadoba river a cold weather bridge was constructed at a cost of Rs. 9,000. The contractor was paid Rs. 18 per cft. whereas for other cold weather bridges the rate is Rs. 12. But what happened? After about two months the cold weather bridge over Bhulukadoba collapsed and a lorry fell into the river. After about seven days the Public Works Department Minister visited the place and along with the Medical Minister he took the risk of crossing the bridge. He did not allow his driver to drive his car and drove the car himself. After few days the Minister visited the place a man fell into the river from the bridge and died. Had the Ministers fallen from the bridge there would have been a hue and cry in the Press and platform and the country would have been greatly agitated. But fortunately they did not die, but only one poor peasant died! I do not know whether Government made any enquiry about it. Every year some people are dying either in Beki river, Aie river, Bhulukadoba or Manas, because there are no permanent ghats and permanent bridges over them. That is why I want to urge on the Government to give serious attention to this matter and construct more bridges, particularly over Beki, Aie, Bhulukadoba and Manas. Then and then only our communications would improve.

Then, Sir, the Governor made a passing reference to North East Frontier Agency. He has requested the Chief Minister to make some more visits to North East Frontier Agency. But the Governor does not mention about the inclusion of North East Frontier Agency in Assam. He does not say that North East Frontier Agency with its one million people and 35,000 square miles of territory will once form part of Assam. If they remain outside Assam any longer they will think they are not Assamese, they are a different nation and some day they will also like Nagas demand a separate State of their own. That is why I want to request the Government to move the Union Government to include North East Frontier Agency in Assam. Politically, administratively and culturally North East Frontier Agency should become a part and parcel of Assam.

With these few words, I resume my seat.

Shri MOHIDHAR PEGOO [Jorhat (Reserved for Scheduled Tribes)] : মাননীয় অধ্যক্ষ মহোদয়, মাননীয় বাজ্যপাল মহোদয়ৰ ভাষণৰ ওপৰত শ্ৰীযুক্তা কমল কুমাৰী বৰুৱাই যি শলাগনী প্ৰস্তাৱ এই সভাত উপস্থাপিত কৰিছে তাকে সমৰ্থন কৰাৰ লগে লগে, প্ৰসংগতে দুআঘাৰ কথা কব খোজোঁ।

বাজ্যপালৰ ভাষণত অসম সীমান্তত পাকিস্থানৰ গুলিবৰ্ষন আৰু শিৱসাগৰত নগাঁৱ উপদ্বীপৰ যি বিলাক কথা প্ৰকাশ পাইছে আৰু সেইবিলাকৰ শাম কটোৱাবলৈ যি ব্যৱস্থাৰ অৱলম্বন চৰকাৰে কৰাৰ কথা কৈছে সেই বিলাকৰ দ্বাৰাই অৱস্থাৰ বিশেষ উন্নয়ন কৰিব পৰা নাই আৰু তাৰ ফলত সীমান্তবাসী জন-সাধাৰণৰ জীৱন আৰু সম্পত্তিৰ নিৰাপত্তা নোহোৱা হৈছে। আনফালে চেগা-চোৰোকাটৈ নগা সকলে যি উপদ্বীপ আৱদ্ধ কৰিছে সেই বিলাকক পাকিস্থানৰ আক্ৰমণৰ নিচিনা আক্ৰমণ নহয়, সেইবিলাক দিন দকাইতি বলিব পাৰি। আমাৰ চৰকাৰে কেন্দ্ৰীয় চৰকাৰৰ লগত সীমান্সা কৰি অদূৰ ভৱিষ্যতে ইয়াৰ পৰিসমাপ্তি ঘটোৱাৰ ব্যৱস্থা কৰাটো নিতান্ত প্ৰয়োজন হৈ পৰিছে।

তাৰ পিচত বাজ্যপাল ডাঙৰীয়াৰ ভাষণত পাইছো যে শিক্ষা ক্ষেত্ৰত বহুতো আঁচনি লোৱা হৈছে। মোৰ বোধেৰে এই শিতানত অধিক টকা ব্যয় কৰা দৰ্কাৰ আৰু এই ক্ষেত্ৰত মই এই কথাই চৰকাৰৰ দৃষ্টিলৈ আনিব খুজিছো যে আমাৰ প্ৰাথমিক স্কুলবিলাক বহু অসুবিধাৰ মাজেদি চলিব লাগিছে। যোৱা শীতকালীন অধিবেশনতো মই এই কথাই কৈছিলো যে এই প্ৰাথমিক স্কুলবিলাকত লৰা ছোৱালীক শিক্ষা দিবলৈ উপযুক্ত শিক্ষাৰ সাজ-সজুলি নাই। যিবৰ অৱস্থা শোচনীয়। লৰাই পঢ়িবলৈ বহাৰ সুবিধা নাই বুলিলেই হয়। শিক্ষা বোৰ্ডৰ তৰফৰ পৰাই প্ৰায়বিলাক প্ৰাথমিক স্কুল চলোৱা হৈছে। আশা কৰো এই স্কুলবিলাকলৈ চৰকাৰে অধিকতৰ চকু দিব আৰু ইয়াৰ অভাৱখিনি দূৰ কৰিব। নহলে স্কুলবিলাকৰ শিক্ষাদানত অভাৱনীয় ক্ষতি হৈছে।

ইয়াৰ পিচত কৃষি বিষয়ে অলপ কওঁ। আমাৰ দেশৰ কৃষি বিশেষকৈ বতৰৰ ওপৰত নিৰ্ভৰ কৰে। বতৰ অনুকূল নহলে উৎপাদন বৃদ্ধি নহয়। সেই কাৰণে বতৰৰ ওপৰত সম্পূৰ্ণ নিৰ্ভৰ নকৰি পানী যোগানৰ ব্যৱস্থা অৱলম্বন কৰি বাইজৰ উপকাৰ কৰিবলৈ চৰকাৰৰ তৰফৰ পৰা নিযুক্ত ব্যৱস্থা লোৱা দৰ্কাৰ। এই সম্পৰ্কে মই যোৱা শীতকালৰ অধিবেশনতো কৈছিলো যে বতৰৰ উপৰিও আমাৰ দেশৰ কৃষিৰ ওপৰত বানপানী আৰু গৰা খহনীয়াৰ প্ৰবল প্ৰকোপ আছে। আৰু এই কাৰণে আমাৰ খেতিয়ক সকলে অধিক উৎপাদন কৰিবলৈ সক্ষম হোৱা নাই।

অসমৰ দৰে দলনী ঠাই থকা দেশত বৰো খেতিত বিশেষ জোৰ দিয়া দৰকাৰ : কিন্তু এই বৰো খেতিৰ বিষয়ত চৰকাৰৰ তৰফৰ পৰা বিশেষ উৎসাহ দিয়া হোৱা নাই আনকি এইবাৰ অনেক ঠাইত বৰো কঠিয়া পোৱা নাই ।

কৃষি ঋণৰ বিষয়ে কওঁ যে গৱৰ্ণমেণ্টৰ আঁচনিমতে কৃষকক কঠিয়া দিয়াৰ ব্যৱস্থা আছে । যে হেতু চৰকাৰৰ কোনো নিৰ্ভৰযোগ্য কাৰ্ম নাই, তেনেস্থলত কঠিয়া নিদি টকা দিয়াতহে গুৰুত্ব দিব লাগে । উদাহৰণ স্বৰূপে যোৱাবাৰ মাজুলীৰ বনগাঁও কেন্দ্ৰৰ পৰা কৰি ওচৰি দিওতে লাই শাক গজিল । গতিকে নিৰ্ভৰযোগ্য কাৰ্ম নোহোৱা পৰ্য্যন্ত কঠিয়া দিয়া প্ৰস্তাৱ বিশেষ জোৰ নিদি তাৰ ঠাইত টকা দিয়াৰ ব্যৱস্থা লোৱাই শ্ৰেয় ।

M. MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY (Minister, Agriculture): Sir, I wrote a letter to all the hon. Members to the effect that if they would come across any such instances they should inform the Department or me directly for taking necessary steps. But I did not receive any such complaint from the hon. Member about the case he is referring to now. I will be very grateful to him if he give the details now in the House or after the sitting of the House.

Shri MOHIDHAR PEGOO [Jorhat (Reserved for Scheduled Tribes)] : সেই বাবে ধন্যবাদ । আমাৰ বৰ্তমান সময়ত ক্ষেত্ৰত বিশেষ জোৰ দিয়া উচিত । অৱশ্যে আমাৰ জন-সাধাৰণৰ অজ্ঞতাৰ দোষতেই বা অন্য কোনো কাৰণত হওক এই সময়ত আন্দোলনে বিশেষ গা কৰিব পৰা নাই । কৃষি বিষয়ত ই বৰ কাৰ্য্যকৰী হ'ব যেন লাগে ।

আৰু এটা আৱশ্যকীয় কথা ক'ব খোজো, সেইটো হৈছে ভগনীয়া সমস্যা । আমাৰ ইয়াত দুই বকমৰ ভগনীয়া আছে— এবিধ অসমৰ বাহিৰৰ আৰু আনবিধ হৈছে মাটিহান খিলঞ্জীয়া লোকসকল । এই সমস্যা সমাধানৰ বাবে বিশেষ ব্যৱস্থা হাতত নললে ১০ বছৰ মানৰ পিচত ইয়াৰ পৰিণতি ভয়াবহ হ'ব । শুনি সন্তোষ পাইছো যে গৰা খহনীয়াত বিশ্ববস্ত হোৱা লোকক প্ৰথম সুবিধা দিয়া হ'ব । কিন্তু তেওঁলোকেও এই সুবিধা লবলৈ যাওঁতে কিছু অসুবিধা ভোগ কৰিব লগা হৈছে ।

সদৌ শেষত মই জনজাতীয় প্ৰশাসনীৰ ব্যৱস্থাৰ সম্পৰ্কে এষাৰ কওঁ । যোৱা ১৯৫১ চনৰ পিয়লমতে অসমৰ জনজাতীয় লোক সংখ্যা ১৭,৬১,৪৩৩ জন, অৰ্থাৎ ৰাজস্থানৰ সমান । কিন্তু ৰাজস্থানত জনজাতীয় প্ৰশাসন ব্যৱস্থা যেনেকৈ কৰা হৈছে আমাৰ অসমত হোৱা নাই ।

Mr. SPEAKER: মই পেণ্ড ডাঙৰীয়া ক'ব খোজো যে জনজাতি প্ৰশাসন সম্বন্ধীয় প্ৰতিবেদন এখন এই সদনত বিশদ ভাবে আলোচনা কৰা হ'ব । গতিকে এতিয়া আঙুলিয়াই গলেই হ'ব ।

Shri MOHIDHAR PEGOO : ধন্যবাদ, মহোদয়, ময়ো কেৱল মাত্ৰ বিষয়টো চুইহে যাব খোজো । মোৰ অনুৰোধ এই যে আমাৰ দেশৰ জনজাতীয় লোকৰ উন্নয়নৰ বাবে প্ৰশাসন ক্ষেত্ৰত যেন বিভিন্ন বিভাগত বিষয়াৰ সংখ্যা বৃদ্ধি কৰে । এই খিনিকে কৈ মোৰ বক্তব্যৰ সামৰণি মাৰিলো ।

Adjournment

The Assembly was then adjourned till 10 A.M. on Saturday, the 28th February, 1959.

Shillong,
The 29th June, 1960

R. N. BARUA,
Secretary,
Assam Legislative Assembly.

APPENDIX I

LIST OF SUPPLEMENTARY DEMANDS FOR GRANTS
FOR 1958-59

No. 1

Shri HARESWAR DAS to move .

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.200, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "7.—Land Revenue".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... 1,38,01,000

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. 1,70,000

Additional amount now required ... 200

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Scheduled Areas	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. C.—Management of Government Estates.	19,600	..	..	..	..	100	100
2. H.—Assignment and compensations—	12,50,000	..	..	1,70,000	100	..	100
Total	..	..	..	..	100	100	200

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. C.—*Management of Government Estates*.—An amount of Rs.5,000 was urgently required for construction of camps for police and for their transport in connection with the eviction of refugees in Mikir Hills.

Provision for the purpose could not be made in the current year's budget as the expenditure could not be foreseen. The amount was advanced from the Contingency Fund which was subsequently met by re-appropriation from savings. The demand for Rs.100 (token) is to regularise the advance.

2. H.—*Assignment, etc.*—An area of 5,587B-1K-18L of land was requisitioned on various dates from the Noanuddy Tea Estate for the settlement with landless and flood affected people. Pending settlement of agreed amount of compensation, no payment has yet been made to the original owner, who is now agreeable to come to terms. The detailed calculation will require sometime and meanwhile it is proposed to make a part payment of Rs.39,989.62 n.p. to be adjusted against the final payment in due course. which the party has agreed.

Provision for the purpose could not be made in the current year's budget as the party had not come to an agreed settlement before framing the budget estimate. The amount was advanced from the Contingency Fund which was subsequently met from savings. The demand for Rs 100 (token is to regularise the advance.

No 2

Shri HARESWAR DAS to move

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.10,38,881, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "10.—Forests".

I.— Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	Rs. 1,21,77,500
II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year.		Nil
Additional amount now required	...	10,38,881
III.—Sub-head under which the supplementary Demand will be accounted for—		

Minor and Sub-head (1)	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total (8)
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
	(2) Rs.	(3) Rs.	(4) Rs.	(5) Rs.	(6) Rs.	(7) Rs.	
NORMAL							
B.(a)—Conservancy and Works—							
V.—Livestock, stores tools and Plant.	66,000	5,900	..	..	10,650	..	10,650
VI.—Communications and Buildings.	7,00,000	1,02,600	..	..	2,84,438	..	2,84,438
VIII.—Miscellaneous ..	1,78,000	17,450	..	..	26,200	4,900	31,100
Add—amount transferred from General to Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas.	..	..	..	..	..	1,71,005	1,71,005
C.(a) Establishment—							
3.—Allowances and honoraria.	7,50,300	1,07,550	..	..	86,925	16,000	1,02,925
4. Contingencies ..	1,83,200	38,350	..	..	3,200	8,850	12,050
5. Grant-in-aid, etc.	60,000	2,000	..	..	2,200	..	2,200
C.(b)—Sidli Estate—							
FOREST ESTABLISH- MENT—							
3. Allowances and honoraria.	5,360	..	..	..	1,400	..	1,400

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Scheme under First Five Year Plan.—							
B.-2.—Conservancy and works.	...	..	..	...	...	..	..
VI.—Communication and building.	9,000	..	...	...	5,691	...	5,691
C.-2.—Establishment—							
3. Allowances and hono- raria.	18,500	..	...	...	1,740	...	1,740
4. Contingencies ..	8,200	..	...	..	590	...	590
Total Normal ...	...	..	..	..	4,23,034	2,00,755	6,23,789
State Development Scheme— Second Five Year Plan—							
B.-6.—Conservancy and works.	13,92,000	31,000	..	..	3,23,646	91,446	4,15,092
Total—Second Five Year Plan.	..	..	..	..	3,23,646	91,446	4,15,092
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	...	..	..	7,46,680	2,92,201	10,38,881

EXPLANATORY NOTE

B. (a) Conservancy and Works :—

V. An amount of Rs. 10,000 is required to meet the cost of Iron Chests ordered to be supplied last year (1957-58) for which budget provision was made. But the supplying contractors failed to supply the chests in due time and payment could not be made. The iron chests were supplied during the current year and payment is required. Hence the Demand.

An amount of Rs.650 is required under the same head for purchase of some new stores in connection with the protection works in Patharia Reserve against Pakistan encroachment. The amount has been advanced from Contingency Fund. The S/D is to regularise the said advance also.

VI. An amount of Rs.2.69,088 is required for construction of roads and temporary sheds in the vicinity of Patharia Reserve for protection against Pakistan encroachment. Out of the above amount, a sum of Rs.36,340 was advanced from Contingency Fund, which is required to be regularised.

An amount of Rs.15,350 was required in connection with the improvement of some roads for Military operation in the Naga Hills during 1957-58 and was taken advance from Contingency Fund. But through mistake the amount in question was included under the Sixth Schedule Area, i. e., was included in Rs.44,975 in the November, 1957 Session of the Assembly. The expenditure relates to the financial year 1957-58 and simply it is required to be regularised by voting the amount under General Area.

VIII. Out of Rs.26,200 under 'General', an amount of Rs.966 is required to meet the costs of uniforms of the Subordinates establishment for the works for protection against Pakistan encroachment in Patharia Hills. The amount was advanced from Contingency Fund.

Another amount of Rs.30,134 including Rs.4,900 for Sixth Schedule Areas is required for payment of arrear and current *Ad-hoc* increase in dearness allowances to the supervisors and Work-charged Establishment. As the Government decision for payment for *Ad-hoc* increase was received after preparation of budget estimates, no provision could be made in the current year's budget. Hence the Demand.

Add—Amount transferred from General—Rs.3,17,796 had been shown as deduction under the head—"Deduct"—Amount transferred to Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas" for the financial year 1955-56. But no corresponding addition in the Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas under the same head was made during that year. As a result of this one-sided adjustment, the net effect instead of being 'Nil' has become a reduction to the extent of the aforesaid amounts. Out of this a sum of Rs.1,46,771 was adjusted by re-appropriation from savings during 1957-58.

Hence the Supplementary Demand for adjustment of the balance amount of Rs.1,71,005. This has no extra financial effect.

C.(a) Establishment.—Allowance and honoraria—Out of Rs.86,925 under 'General', an amount of Rs.9,325 is required for payment of travelling, dearness, etc., allowance to the staff entertained for protection works in Patharia Reserve. The amount of Rs. 77,600 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance to the staff. The amount of Rs. 16,000 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in dearness allowance to the staff under Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas.

Contingencies.—An amount of Rs. 3,200 under 'General' is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in dearness allowance to the casual employees and handymen. Rupees 8,850 is proposed under Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas of which Rs. 8,000 is required to meet the increased cost on repairs to the departmental vehicles and for payment of arrear bills for repairs of Jeep, and Rs.850 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase and dearness allowance to the casual employees.

Grants-in-aid.—The amount of Rs. 2,200 is required to meet the cost of free grant to be given to the fire-affected people.

C.(b) Establishment—Sidli Estate Forest—Allowances and honoraria.—Rupees 1,400 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in dearness allowance to the staff.

SCHEME UNDER FIRST PLAN

B. 2.—Conservancy and Works—

(VI) Communication and Buildings.—An amount of Rs. 5,691 is required for electrification of the buildings of Assam Forest School at Jhalukbari. As the decision for the implementation of the work was taken recently, no provision could be made in the current year's budget.

C. 2.—Establishment—

Allowances and honoraria.—An amount of Rs. 1,740 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance to the staff of Assam Forest School.

Contingencies.—An amount of Rs. 590 is required for payment of *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance to the casual employees for the Assam Forest School.

STATE DEVELOPMENT SCHEME—SECOND FIVE YEAR PLAN

B.6.—Conservancy and Works—

Planning Commission have approved the scheme for 'Reclamation of Zamindary Forests' with an outlay of Rs.1,38,000 for the year 1958-59 and approved by Planning Commission. As the amount was considered to be quite inadequate to meet the demand of four Divisions, viz., Garo Hills, Goalpara East, Goalpara West and Working Plan Division of Lower Assam Circle for various items of works such as survey, reclamation, maintenance of additional staffs, construction of buildings, purchase of stores, etc., a revised scheme was admitted for an additional amount of 2,51,646 for the approval of Planning Commission. The Planning Commission have approved the revised scheme subject to the additional amount is being met from over-all savings in the Plan. As the approval of Planning Commission of the revised scheme was received late no provision could be made in the State Budget for the current financial year and the amount was advanced from the Contingency Fund. Hence the Demand. The amount will be met from over-all savings in the Plan.

VII. Miscellaneous.—The ceiling fixed for the survey of Raw materials Scheme under Second Five Year Plan period was Rs.1.43 lakhs, which has already been spent in full by the end of 31st March, 1958 in connection with the survey of bamboo areas of the State. It was felt necessary for undertaking further survey of the reed resources of the State for collection of over-all data on the reeds and grasses in order to enable the private industrialists to appreciate the possibilities of establishment of paper and Rayon Mills based on available data. The Planning Commission have approved the scheme at an estimated cost of Rs.72,000 for the year 1958-59 subject to the amount being met from over-all savings from Plan. As the approval of the Planning Commission was received late, no provision could be made in the State Budget for the current financial year and the amount was advanced from Contingency Fund. Hence the Demand. The amount will be met from over-all savings in the Plan.

B.6.—Conservancy and Works.—

VI.(a) Roads and Bridges.—To meet the cost of improvement and maintenance of Darugiri-Darangiri Coal field Road in Garo Hills which is outside the plan target, this additional amount of Rs.91,446 has been decided to be met from the over-all savings of the State General Plan. Hence the Demand.

No.3

Shri RUPNATH BRAHMA to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.55,200 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "11.—Registration."

	Rs.
I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	3,15,300
II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	Nil
Additional amount now required	55,200

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementaey Demand will be accounted for:—

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary Grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—District charges—							
1. Pay of Officer ..	45,000	..	..	..	3,400	..	3,400
2. Pay of Establishment.	1,30,000	..	..	..	33,900	..	33,900
3. Allowance and honoraria.	67,000	..	..	..	12,000	..	12,000
4. Contingencies	27,500	..	..	..	5,900	..	5,900
Total ...	..	..	..	..	55,200	..	55,200

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. *Pay of officer.*—Additional amount is required due to revision of pay scales of the staff and also to the creation of a new post of Special Sub-Registrar at Gauhati and appointment of Sub-Registrars.

2. *Pay of Establishment.*—(1) Additional amount is required due to payment of arrear pay in the enhanced rates of remuneration to extra writers at Rs.3 per head per day sanctioned by Government with retrospective effect from 1st April 1957.

Additional amount is required due to drawal of arrear pay of certain staff in 1957-58 and some in 1958-59.

3. *Allowances, etc.*—Additional amount is required due to 1 and 2 above.

4. *Contingencies.*—Additional amount is required due to revision of pay of casual employees and to the increase of contingent charges owing to conversion of Lakhipur (Cachar) Sub-Registry Office.

No.4

Shri FAKHRUDDIN ALI AHMED to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.1,50,307 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for administration of the head "13.—Other Taxes and Duties".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... Rs. 8,38,000

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. ...

Additional amount now required ... 1,50,307

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for:—

Minor and Sub-head (1)	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total (8)
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Collection charges for Taxes and Duties having a common Administrative charge—							
Entertainment, Sales and Professions Taxes,							
1. (a) Direction—							
1. Pay of Officer	40,163	..	..	..	1,850	..	1,850
4.—Contingencies	8,970	..	..	..	38,300	..	38,300
(b) Superintendence—							
1. Pay of Officers ..	1,02,647	5,522	..	..	..	492	492
2. Pay of Establishment.	2,96,616	12,758	..	..	38,800	..	38,800
3. Allowances, etc...	1,77,336	7,211	..	..	26,600	2,250	28,850
4. Contingencies ..	65,800	4,900	..	..	19,400	1,100	20,500
Add-Amount transferred from General.	..	45,650	..	..	..	5,450	5,450
Add-Amount transferred from Sixth Schedule Areas.	10,130	..	..	..	2,480	..	2,480
2. Entertainment ..	15,306	3,508	..	..	13,585	..	13,585
Total ..	..	..	..	..	1,41,015	9,290	1,50,307

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(1) The additional amount is required to meet the expenses in connection with the creation of the post of Deputy Commissioner of Taxes and some other additional staff in the Department for the purpose of good and efficient administration, drawal of subsistence allowance by the office, Superintendent of the Commissioner of Taxes, purchase of typewriter and Gestetner Duplicator Machine and bicycle for office use, installation of electric fans, payment of arrear house rent in respect of the officer of the Superintendent of Taxes, Gauhati and Tinsukia, and also to meet the cost of declaration forms under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 printed and supplied by the India Security Press, Nasik Road. The increased expenditure is also due to the drawal of arrear pay and allowances by some officers of the Department in accordance with the revision of pay scales, 1956.

(2) The amount is required to increase in demand owing the new introduction of entertainment tax stamps in decimal coinage and also due to the cost of non-recurring charges for the preparation of plate and new negative by the Security Press, Nasik Road in connection with printing of Assam Entertainment Tax Stamps for 15 denominations.

Shri MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.44,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "18.-B & 68.-B—A—Construction of Irrigation—NED. Works".

		Rs.
I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ..		2,56,58,700
II.—Additional amount already voted by the Assembly during the year.		Nil.
Additional amount now required ...	...	44,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—		

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7) (8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
18.—Other Revenue expenditure financed from Ordinary Revenue B.—N. E. D. Works (Non-commercial)—							
A.—Works	73,950	..	...	..	44,000	..	44,000
Total	73,960	..	..	..	44,000	..	44,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Please See explanations in the Schedules at Appendix A.

No.6

Shri B. P. CHALIHA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.17,70,529 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March, 1959 for administration of the head "25.—General Administration".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... 1,39,85,400

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. 3,49,400

Additional amount now required ... 17,70,529

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for :—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year			Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas		General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Head of States and Ministers—								
1. A-7.—Chief Minister and Secretariat staff of Chief Minister—								
4. Allowances, etc.	38,207	—	..	..	2,000	..	2,000	
5. Contingencies	.. 17,940	..	..	..	8,000	..	8,000	
2. A-8.—Ministers	6,03,040	..	..	..	1,91,000	..	1,91,000	
3. A-9.—Government Hospitality Organisation.	51,300	..	50,100	..	500	..	500	
B.—State Legislature—								
4. B.—Legislative Assembly—								
2. Allowances, etc. (voted).	1,00,000	..	80,000	..	57,000	..	57,000	
4. Contingencies	.. 3,000	..	..	..	12,155	..	12,155	

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary Grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(5) B. 2—State Legis- lature Secretariat—							
1. Pay of officer ..	29,700	..	6,200	..	70	..	700
2. Pay of Establish- ment.	1,26,170	..	8,600	..	5,200	..	5,200
3. Allowance and Honoraria.	37,348	..	4,000	..	12,100	..	12,100
4. Contingencies ...	57,000	..	14,900	..	31,600	..	31,600
D. Secretariat and Headquarter Establishment—							
(6) D-1 (a) Civil Secre- tariat—							
1. Pay of Officer ..	8,36,040	..	..	..	73,960	..	73,960
2. Pay of Establish- ment.	13,52,660	..	..	..	1,62,340	..	1,62,340
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	7,81,500	..	..	..	1,50,000	..	1,50,000
4. Contingencies ..	2,92,500	..	..	..	1,05,000	..	1,05,000
(7) D-3—Director of Land Records—							
2. Pay of Establish- ment.	45,292	..	..	..	9,000	..	9,000

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required			
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	24,288	...	..	..	6,067	..	6,067	
4. Contingencies ..	6,400	..	..	..	3,000	..	3,000	
D.(c) Directorate of Statistics.	..	..	..	..	43,650	..	43,650	
(8) E.—Commissioners—								
1. Pay of Officers ..	81,700	..	..	..	27,905	..	27,905	
2. Pay of Establishment.	54,509	..	..	..	4,627	...	4,627	
3. Allowance and Honoraria.	39,758	..	..	..	5,726	..	5,726	
4. Contingencies ..	15,150	..	..	..	2,226	..	2,226	
F.—District Administration—								
(9) F-I—General Administration—								
2. Pay of Establishment.	7,57,000	2,64,000	..	..	18,053	4,586	22,639	
3. Allowance and Honoraria.	4,15,400	2,62,158	...	..	23,926	57,459	81,385	
Contingencies ..	3,98,700	1,07,702	..	..	1,37,117	60,530	1,97,647	

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	Sixth Schedule Areas		Sixth Schedule Areas		Sixth Schedule Areas		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(10) Expenditure in connection with Border Relief—Purchase and Maintenance of Vehicles.	..	..	..	..	..	4,22,000	4,22,000
(11) F-2—Subdivisional Organisation.	3,28,700	1,03,100	..	..	33,153	2,000	35,153
F-3—Other Establishment—							
(12) (a)—Process Serving Establishment.	6,36,200	37,900	..	..	56,349	1,840	58,189
(13) (b)—Launch Establishment.	4,100	..	..	..	8,000	...	8,000
(14) (c)—Staging bungalow Establishment.	54,800	8,000	..	..	...	1,010	1,010
(15) G.—Works ..	12,000	11,600	31,700	32,500	4,000	14,200	18,200
H.—Miscellaneous—							
(16) H-2—Miscellaneous.	96,800	...	..	..	12,550	..	12,550
Total	..	...	...	..	12,06,904	5,63,625	17,70,529

Contingencies.—The additional amount is required to meet the cost of State Car for the Deputy Speaker, Assam Legislative Assembly admissible under the Deputy Speaker's Salaries and Allowances Act.

(5) *Pay of Officers.*—The additional amount is required to meet the increased expenditure on Pay of Officers due to the appointment of a Librarian for the Assembly Library.

Pay of Establishment.—The additional amount is required to meet the increased expenditure due to appointment of temporary staff to cope with the works of the Session of the Assembly and due to upgrading of pay of Watch and Ward Staff entertained during the Session of the Assembly.

Allowances, etc.—The amount is required for increase in expenditure of Travelling Allowance of officers and establishment, to meet the expenditure for grant of *ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance to the low-paid employees and Medical charges of Member, Legislative Assembly out of the total of 12,100, Rs.6,600 was advanced from Contingency Fund.

Contingencies.—The amount is required for payment of Municipal Taxes on Naba Bhavan Hostel (3,600) for purchase of Typewriter (3,000) and for purchase of Furniture for Assembly building, Stencil and other delicating paper and Service Postage Stamps due to increase in activities of Legislature. Out of the total amount, an amount of Rs.28,600 was advanced from Contingency Fund.

(6) *Pay of Officers.*—The amount is required to meet the pay of the newly appointed officers in the Secretariat, *viz.*—(1) Development Commissioner, (2) Joint Secretaries, Tribal Areas Department and Finance, (3) Deputy Secretaries, Agriculture, Tribal Areas Department, Planning and Development and Education, (4) Under Secretaries, Agriculture, Education, and Finance, (5) Assistant Secretaries, Forest, Revenue, Tribal Areas Department, Planning and Development and Panchayat Departments, (6) Secretary, Law Commission, etc.

Pay of Establishment.—The amount is required to meet the pay of the newly appointed staff on account of the rapid expansion in the Secretariat to cope with the increased works.

Allowance and Honoraria.—The amount is required to meet the allowances of the newly appointed staff and due to higher expenditure on account of Travelling Allowance and the grant of '*Ad-hoc*' increase in Dearness Allowance to the low paid Government employees. The following amounts are required under this sub-head:—

(1) Rupees 40,000 under 'Travelling Allowance of Officer's, (2) Rs.20,000 under 'Dearness Allowance', (3) Rs.13,000 under 'Cash Allowance in lieu of Rice Concession and Free Ration, (4) Rs.12,000 under 'Cost of Living Allowance, (5) Rs.5,000 under 'Winter Allowance' and (6) Rs.60,000 under '*ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance.

Contingencies.—The amount is required to meet the increased expenditure, due to the increase in the strength of the Secretariat Staff and Departments resulting in a general increase in contingent expenditure. Under his sub-head, the following amounts are required— (1) Rs.13,500 for

purchase of new typewriters. (2) Rs.3,000 for purchase of Books, Maps, etc., (3) Rs.18,500 under 'other Non-contract Contingencies' (4) Rs.20,000 under 'Telephone charges' for installation of new connections, etc. and (5) Rs.50,000 under 'Contract Contingencies' due to increased expenditure on account of Service stamps and other miscellaneous items.

(7) *Pay of Establishment*—The additional amount is required for increase in expenditure due to drawal of pay of establishment in revised scale of pay of 1956 in respect of majority of cases as it took time to finalise the fixation of pay in the revised scale. As the budget for 1958-59 submitted before finalisation of the fixation of pay on these cases the amount could not be provided in original budget.

Allowance and Honoraria.—The additional amount is required for increase in expenditure due to frequent and extensive tours performed by Director of Land Records and his staff inside and outside the State in connection with demarcation of Indo-Pak boundary and resettlement operations and sanction of honoraria in connection with Indo-Pak boundary work also on account of dearness and other allowances on the basis of the revised scale of pay payable to the staff.

Contingencies.—The additional amount is required for increase in expenditure of the Office contingencies due to increase in the volume of work in connection with resettlement operation which is in full swing and demarcation of Indo-Pak boundary.

D(c) Director of Statistics.—The additional amount (Rs.35,132) was required to meet the cost on account of Sample Survey of Arecanut and Coconut in Assam. As the scheme was sanctioned after the finalisation of current year's budget, the amount was advanced from the Contingency Fund, and the balance (Rs.8,518) is required to meet the expenditure for setting up an Independent Field Agency for surveys of Food and non-food Crops in Assam. No provision for the purpose could also be made in the current year's budget, as the sanction for the scheme was received after the current year's budget, estimates passed by the Assam Assembly.

(8) *Pay of Officers*.—The amount is required due to several changes of incumbent of Post of Commissioner of Hills Division and Appeals and also to meet the deputation Pay of Commissioner who went on deputation to Foreign Countries from the same head.

Pay of establishment and Allowances.—The increased amount is required for fixation of pay of establishment in the revised scales of pay and also pay of three trainers who had been very recently appointed for imparting training to the Assistants of Deputy Commissioner and Subdivisional Officer's Office. The appointment has been made after the finalisation of current Year's Budget.

Contingencies.—The amount is required for the purchase of service postage stamp due to increase in correspondences and for purchase of Typewriter, the sanction of which was given after the finalisation of current year's budget. Hence the Demand.

(9) *Pay of Establishment.*—The additional expenditure is due to increase of pay of Staff in the revised scales of pay.

Allowances, etc.—The amount is required to meet the increased expenditure for Travelling Allowance of officers.

Contingencies.—The increased expenditure is required for the higher demand of District Officer under service postage stamps, Pay of Casual employees, maintenance of Vehicles and telephone charges.

(10) Out of Rs. 25.00 lakhs sanctioned by Government of India for giving financial assistance for Border Relief during the current financial year, the following amounts have been decided to be utilised for purchase and maintenance of Vehicles for transport of Border Produce, etc.

					Rs.
(1) United Khasi-Jaintia Hills	...	..	...		1,77,000
(2) Garo Hills	...	...	...	...	1,77,000
(3) Mizo District	...	...	...	...	68,000
					<hr/>
				Total	4,22,000
					<hr/>

As Government of India's sanction was received very recently, necessary provision of the above amount could not be made earlier. The propose demand is to provide this amount for utilising the same during the current financial year.

(11) The amount is required due to the increased demand of Travelling Allowance of Process serving establishment.

(12) The amount is required due to increased demand of Travelling Allowance of Process serving establishment.

(13) The amount is required for the purchase of a Johnson 35 H. P. Sea Horse engine construction of boat.

(14) The amount is required for entertainment of more casual employees in Dak Bungalow.

(15) The amount is required for some original works, i. e., construction of quarters and some repair works.

(16) The sum is required to meet the training expenditure on account of eight I. A. S. probationers allotted to this State for the period from April to November 1958 in the I. A. S. training School, Delhi. The amount includes pay and allowances of the Officers during the course of their training.

Out of the total requirement of Rs. 12,550.00 an amount of Rs. 7,870.00 which was advanced from the contingency fund for the same purpose is now required to be regularised by Supplementary Demand.

No. 7

Shri FAKHRUDDIN ALI AHMED to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs. 1,00,690, granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for administration of the head "27.—Administration of Justice."

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	...	18,79,900
II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year —			
Additional amount now required	...	...	1,00,690
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—			

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B—Law Officers—							
(b) Legal Remembrancer—							
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	55,000	..	..	..	4,500	..	4,500
D—Civil and Session Court—							
(a) District and Session judges.							
1.—Allowances and Honoraria.	1,38,500	..	..	..	3,700	..	3,700
4. Contingencies	1,24,800	..	..	..	9,500	..	9,500
E—Criminal Courts—							
2. Pay of Establishment...	2,57,600	1,000	..	..	1,230	430	1,630
3. Allowance and Honoraria.	1,73,100	1,910	..	..	43,330	1,250	44,580
4. Contingency	3,94,200	22,400	..	..	29,950	6,830	36,780
Total	..	..	..	..	92,180	8,510	1,00,690

EXPLANATORY NOTES

B.—Law officers—(b) Legal Remembrancer.—An advance of Rs.4,500 from the Contingency Fund was taken to meet the Travelling Allowances and Dearness Allowances of invitees to the conference of Government Pleaders and representatives of Bar Association to discuss various matters relating to the administration of justice in the State. It is now necessary to regularise this advance by taking supplementary grant. Hence the demand.

District and Session Judges.—3. Allowance and Honoraria—The amount is required for District and Session Judge, Upper Assam Division at Jorhat to meet the increased expenditure under Remuneration to copyists due to heavy rise in application for copies and under Travelling Allowance of establishment due to transfer of establishment. Hence the demand.

4. *Contingencies.*—The demand is particularly to meet the increased expenditure in Cachar Judgeship owing to sanctioning of two more Courts of Additional Munshiffs one at Sadar and another at Karimganj, which was not taken by the District Judge, Cachar into account at the time of submitting the budget estimates.

E.—Criminal Courts.—2. Pay of establishment—The additional amount is required to meet the increased expenditure due to operation of revised scales of pay.

Allowances and Honoraria—The Additional amount is required to meet the increased expenditure due to drowal of *ad-hoc* Dearness Allowances and Cash Allowance under revised pay scales.

4. *Contingencies* :—The additional amount is required mainly under “Diet and Road money to witness” due to increase of numbers of criminal courts.

No.8

Shri DEVESWAR SARMAH to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.3,76,972 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "28.—Jail and Convicts Settlement."

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	Rs. 23,25,800
II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year	...	...
Additional amount now required	...	3,76,972
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—	...	...

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A—District Jails.—							
1. Pay of Officers	13,860	1,595	..	..	1,972	..	1,972
2. Pay of Establishment.	3,46,795	33,137	..	..	2,508	7,443	9,951
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	1,79,177	33,150	..	..	57,372	10,331	67,703
4. Contingencies..	12,83,500	67,545	..	..	1,50,375	32,350	1,82,725
B—Charge for							
Police Custody .	1,06,456	31,495	..	..	20,730	8,500	29,230
D—Jail Manufactures.	1,61,930	1,800	..	..	82,771	1,530	84,301
E—Works—							
(a) Original Works.							
3. Jail Manufacture.	10,000	..	..	..	1,090	..	1,090
Total	..	..	..	..	3,16,818	60,154	3,76,972

EXPLANATORY NOTE

A—District Jails—1. The additional amount is required due to payment of increased jail allowance to certain Jail Superintendents as a result of reclassification of some jails on population basis.

2. The additional amount is required due to payment of revised scales of pay to the staff and also for entertainment of some temporary staff due to increase of jail population.

3. The amount is required to meet the expenditure due to grant of *Ad-hoc* Dearness Allowance to low paid Government Servants and also to meet the expenses of Travelling Allowance and Dearness Allowance of officers sent outside the State for attending a special course of training and Seminars.

4. The amount is required due to raise in prices of the dietary articles, clothing, bedding, etc., and due to increase in the jail population. The existing budget grant is quite inadequate to meet the expenses.

B. Charges for Police custody.—The amount is required due to increase expenditure under Diet and Conveyances of under trial prisoners, which is very uncertain and depends on the number of under trial prisoners during a particular year.

D. Jail Manufacture.—The amount is required due to grant of *Ad-hoc* Dearness Allowance to low paid Government servants and also for meeting Travelling Allowance of Officers sent outside the State in connection with improvement of jails industries and to purchase of greater quantity of raw materials than originally anticipated and also due to rise in prices of raw materials.

E. Works.—

(a) *Original Works.*—The amount is required for completion of the construction of shed in the Industrial Section, Jorhat Jail.

No.9

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA to move :

On the recommendation of Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.49,40,152, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "2.—Police".

							Rs.	
I. Grant originally voted by the Assembly							2,38,96,100	
II. Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly							26,80,000	
Additional amount now required... ..							40,40,152	
III. Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—								
Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required		Total	
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) B—D.E.F.—(a) District Police—								
2. Pay of Establishment	(55,48,061)	..	..	..	2,00,000	..	2,00,000	
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	(30,42,963)	..	..	..	5,00,000	..	5,00,000	
4. Con-ingenies	(21,90,181)	(5,78,439)	4,60,000	7,80,000	1,75,000	1,79,610	3,54,610	
12. Police Force deputed by other States.	1,00,000	..	5,50,000	..	15,46,024	..	15,46,024	
(2) C.—Police Training College.	2,56,700	..	..	..	50,000	..	50,000	
(3) F.—Railway Police—								
(b) Criminal & order Police.	3,24,450	..	..	..	80,000	..	80,000	
(4) G—C.I.D.								
(a) C.I.D. (Proper)—								
3. Allowances and honoraria.	5,66,600	..	..	..	1,50,000	..	1,50,000	
Expenditure in connection with operations against Naga Hostiles in the Plains Sector.	..	..	..	..	39,000	..	39,000	

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(c) W. T. Department		8,47,264	..	..	..	1,20,000	.. 1,20,000
(d) B.S.F.	..	33,58,200	..	8,50,000	..	8,62,400	.. 8,62,400
Expenditure in connection with troubles on the Indo-Pak Border.		49,000	40,000 89,000
(5) J.—Works							
(a) Original Work—		50,000	..	..	..	1,900	.. 1,900
1. Police—							
Expenditure in connection with operations against Naga Hostiles in the Plains Sector and Hills Sector.		30,000	..	5,000 5,000
2. Border Security Force		50,000	..	..	..	42,218	.. 42,218
Total	38,15,542	2,24,610 40,40,152

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(1) 2. The amount of Rs.2,00,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet the additional expenditure in connection with drawal of arrears of pay in the revised scales of pay, 1956.

3. The amount of Rs.5,00,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet additional expenditure on account of grant of *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance of the personnel drawing total emoluments not exceeding Rs.100 per mensem and also due to increase in Dearness Allowance on the basis of revised scale of pay.

4. Out of the amount of Rs.1,75,000 proposed under "General" Rs.1,50,000 is required due to increased expenditure on (a) maintenance of Motor Vehicles and (b) supply of clothing due to expansion of the Police Force and the balance of Rs.25,000 is to meet increased expenditure on Service Postage Stamps and entertainment of more casual employees.

The sum of Rs.1,79,610 proposed under "Sixth Schedule" is for regularisation of the same amount taken as advance from Contingency Fund for meeting the cost of vehicles, viz., 5 power wagons and 8 jeeps purchased from the Government of Madhya Pradesh in 1956 in connection with Naga Hills operations, payment for which could not be made earlier due to non-receipt of details about the cost and freight charges from that Government.

12. The sum of Rs.15,46,024 is required to meet the expenditure on account of loan of (1) the Uttar Pradesh Railway Protection Police in connection with operations against Naga Hostiles in the Plains sector and (2). The XVIII Bns of the Uttar Pradesh Provincial Armed Constabulary in connection with troubles on the Indo-Pak Border and for arrear payment of cost of Army scale of ration.

(2) The sum of Rs.50,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet increased expenditure on account of (a) posting of a senior Indian Police Service officer as Principal of the Police Training College (b) Maintenance of motor vehicles (c) purchase of arms, etc., and entertainment of more casual employees.

(3) The sum of Rs.80,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet increased expenditure on account of payment in revised scales of pay and the grant of *Ad-hoc* Dearness Allowance.

(4)—(a) 3. The sum of Rs.1,50,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet increased expenditure due to grant of *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance and more expenditure on Travelling allowance of Establishment.

The sum of Rs.39,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet the expenditure on Criminal Investigation Department staff in connection with operations against Naga Hostiles in the areas adjoining the Naga Hills District.

(c) The sum of Rs.1,20,000 proposed under "General" is required to meet (a) expenditure on *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance, (b) grant of house-rent allowance, (c) Hills allowance of personnel posted in Mikir Hills and (d) purchase of equipment for Wireless Telephone Stations.

(d) The sum of Rs.8,62,400 proposed under "General" is required to meet the expenditure on the newly sanctioned 3rd B. S. F. Battalion for which no provision was made in the current year's budget.

The amount of Rs.49,000 and Rs.40,000 proposed under "General" and "Sixth Schedule" respectively are for regularisation of the advances of Rs.35,000, Rs.14,000 and Rs.40,000 taken from Contingency Fund in connection with the troubles on the Indo-Pak Border. The expenditure was incurred for hiring of transport, for engagement of Porters and for maintenance of water supply station at Masimpur.

(5)—J. (a) (1) The sum of Rs.1,900 proposed under "General" is required to meet the cost of construction of a stable in the Police Training College.

The sum of Rs 5,000 proposed under "Sixth Schedule" is required to meet the cost of temporary buildings for police personnel in North Cachar Hills in connection with operation against Naga Hostiles.

(2) The sum of Rs.42,218 is required to meet the cost of construction of Border Outposts on the Indo-Pak Border.

No. 10

Shri DEBESWAR SARMAH to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.9,40,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March, 1959, for administration of the head "37-Education."

	Rs.
I. Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	4,78,16,000
II. Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	26,28,388
Additional amount now required ...	9,40,000
III. Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—	

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1) Rs.	(2) Rs.	(3) Rs.	(4) Rs.	(5) Rs.	(6) Rs.	(7) Rs.
Normal							
1. S. Miscellaneous— (d) Other Miscellaneous Charges.	4,04,900	6,250	...	..	1,50,000	..	1,50,000
DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES							
SECOND FIVE YEAR PLAN							
ART.275.							
2. C-5 —Direct grant to Non-Government Arts Colleges.	60,000	60,000	..	..	..	12,000	12,000
3. G-5.—Direct grant to non-Government Secondary Schools.	2,45,000	2,50,000	..	..	..	63,000	63,000
4. J-5.—Direct grant to non-Government Primary Schools.	..	90,000	..	..	..	2,00,000	2,00,000
5. S-5.—Miscellaneous.	74,000	55,000	..	..	..	15,000	13,000
(ii) Development Scheme Second Five Year Plan	28,90,000	..	..	..	5,00,000	..	5,00,000
G.6.—Direct grant to non-Government Secondary School.							
Total	..	..	..	..	..	6,50,000	2,90,000
							9,40,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. During the first part of this financial year (1958-59), Government have taken up a new scheme for establishing State sponsored Flying Club in Assam at Borjhar. The Scheme is required to be implemented urgently and it could not wait for making provision by Supplementary Demand. Therefore a sum of Rs.1,50,000 was advanced from Contingency Fund.

Hence this Supplementary Demand is moved for regularisation of the amount already advanced from Contingency Fund.

2, 3, 5 & 4(a).—The Advisory Council for Hills, in its first meeting, recommended that since the provisions earmarked for 'Teachers' Training Centre' and for 'Establishment of Technical Schools' at Rs.1,20,000 each can not be utilized in full as proposals for construction of these projects were received so late in the year that whole amount can not be spent during the current year, part of these provisions should be transferred to other educational schemes. It has, therefore, been decided that the sum of Rs.1,90,000 be utilized to augment the existing provisions of—

(1) Grant-in-aid to Non-Government Secondary Schools	Rs. 63,000
(2) Accommodation of Hills Students in Colleges ...	12,000
(3) Contribution to Non-Government institutions for encouragement of cultural activities	15,000
(4) Grant-in-aid to Non-Government Primary Schools	1,00,000
Total ...	<hr/> 1,90,000 <hr/>

But as the provisions proposed to be transferred are provided under the major head "50-Civil Works", the usual course of re-appropriation can not be resorted to. The amount is therefore, proposed to be surrendered from "50-Civil Works" and a corresponding amount be provided under "37-Education". Hence the Supplementary Demand.

4.(b)—A sum of Rs.1,00,000 is required for giving grants-in-aid to District Councils, United Khasi and Jaintia Hills, Garo Hills and Mizo District for improvement of Primary Education in the Border Areas. This is provided from out of the block grant of Rs.25,00,000 sanctioned by Government of India for Border Relief during the current financial year.

G-6. *Direct Grants to Non-Government Secondary Schools*—The rates of Dearness Allowance previously enjoyed by the employees of the Aided Secondary Schools were quite inadequate in view of the present cost and High Standard of living. The Government, therefore, considering all these points increased the rate of Dearness Allowance of the employees of the Aided Secondary Schools from Rs.10 to 15 per mensem to each teacher and clerk and from Rs. 6 to 9 per mensem to each menial with effect from 1st April, 1957 and will remain in operation up to the end of the Second Five Year Plan, when the position will be reviewed again. The sanction was issued at the close of the last financial year and there was no time left to make provision for this expenditure in the current years' budget. The extra expenditure involved in this connection is round about Rs.5,00,000 and is being met from the over all savings of the Plan Budget of the State.

No. 11

Shri RUPNATH BRAHMA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.3,25,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March, 1959 for administration of the head "39.-Public Health"

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	Rs. 1,09,64,300
II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.		85,048
Additional amount now required	..	3,25,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for:—		

Minor and sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(I)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SECOND FIVE YEAR PLAN							
A—6—Public Health Establishment—							
(b) National Malaria Control Programme							
4. Contingencies	13,06,500	..	..	..	3,25,000	..	3,25,000
Total	..	..			3,25,000	..	3,25,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(a) Out of Rs.3,25,000; an amount of R.75,000 is required for maintenance of vehicles, as 14 Jeeps and 37 Trucks had to ply long distance almost throughout the year. In many cases various parts of the vehicles had to be replaced by local purchase. In addition to that, Trucks had to be hired for which this Department had to bear the cost of petrol also, and the balance amount of Rs 2,50,000 is required for entertainment of Casual Employees under the Malaria Eradication Programme,

No. 12

Shri MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.6,00,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March 1959 for the administration of the head "40.—Agriculture".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Rs. 1,69,33,400
II.—Supplementary granted voted by the Assembly... during the year.	Nil
Additional amount now required	6,00,000

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and sub-head (1)	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during year		Additional amount now required		
	General (8) Rs.	Sixth Schedule (3) Rs.	General (4) Rs.	Sixth Schedule (5) Rs.	General (6) Rs.	Sixth Schedule (7) Rs.	Total (8) Rs.
F—Agricultural Experiments and Research.							
Grant-in-aid contribution, etc., Expenditure in connection with Border Relief—Grant-in-aid for regeneration of cash crops—	6,00,000	6,00,000
Total	6,00,000	6,00,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Scheme provides for giving cash subsidy to individual families who have mainly to depend upon cash crops such as Oranges, Arecanuts, Pan-leaves, Black pepper, Pine-apple, Bannanas, etc., for their maintenance at the rate of Rs.225 per acre subject to a minimum of Rs.450 per family. During the current year the deserving families would be given 50 per cent of the subsidy to enable them to prepare the ground for regeneration and extension of their plantation. The balance 50 per cent will be made early next year after the satisfactory completion of the regeneration work proposed.

The Scheme for Relief on Agriculture for Border Areas is also for the granting of seeds and fertilisers at subsidised rates for encouraging the growers. The amount has been advanced from the Contingency Fund and the S/D is necessary to regularise the same.

No. 13

Shri MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.2,20,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "41.-Veterinary".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly Rs.
47,85,600

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly Nil.
during the year.

Additional amount now required 2,27,000

III—Sub-head under which the Supplementary
Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assem- bly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1). F.—Other charges (a) Livestock Farm— (ii) Khanapara Cattle Farm—							
2. Contingencies ..	61,200	..	..	..	15,000	..	15,000
(iii) Barpeta Cattle Farm—							
3. Contingencies ..	24,550	..	..	..	12,000	..	12,000
(iv) Dibrugarh Cattle Farm—							
3. Contingencies ..	42,400	.	..	..	15,000	..	15,000
(2) Development Scheme (1st Five Year Plan). F.2.—Other charges (a) Scheme for in- creased Milk Supply— (i) Khanapara Cattle Farm—							
3. Contingencies ..	74,600	..	..	..	85,000	..	85,000
(ii) Barpeta Cattle Farm—							
3. Contingencies ..	52,800	..	..	..	50,000	..	50,000
(iii) Dibrugarh Cattle Farm—							
3. Contingencies ..	54,925	..	..	..	50,000	..	50,000
Total ..	..	..	..	..	2,27,000	..	2,27,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. The existing provision is not adequate to meet the expenditure for cattle feed and upkeep charges for increased number of animals of Khanapara, Barpeta and Dibrugarh Cattle Farms. Hence the demand.

2. The additional fund is required for the maintenance of Murrah Buffaloes purchased and the stock has been increased with new born calves in the Farm to supply milk to certain urban areas under the 'Increased Milk Supply Scheme'. The current year's provision is not adequate to meet the expenditure for upkeep charges of the animals of Khanapara, Barpeta and Dibrugarh Cattle Farms under the 'Increased Milk Supply Scheme.' Hence the demand.

Shri MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.80,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for administration of the head "42—Co-operation—I—Co-operative Societies".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... Rs. 31,39,400

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. Nil

Additional amount now required ... 80,000

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
E. 1.—Works—							
(a) Original works	80,000	80,000
Construction of Godowns—Expenditure in connection with Border relief—							
Total	80,000	80,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Home Ministry, Government of India has sanctioned Rs.25 lakhs to the State Government to take up the Border Relief and economic rehabilitation programme for the current year in the affected areas. Out of the said provision of Rs.25 lakhs Government has allotted Rs.80,000 to the Co-operative Department to construct 4 Godowns (two in the Garo Hills and 2 in the United K. & J. Hills) at an estimated cost of Rs.20,000 each for the purpose of storage of the produce of the border people. All preliminary steps have been taken and lands obtained for this purpose. To effect immediate implementation of the scheme the amount of Rs.80,000 was advanced from contingency fund. Hence the supplementary demand to regularise the advance.

No. 15

Shri MAHENDRA NATH HAZARIKA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.1,10,000, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March 1959, for the administration of the head "43.—Industries and Supplies—II—Cottage Industries".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	Rs. 34,22,800
II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.		Nil
Additional amount now required	... ..	1,10,000
III. Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—		

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during August, 1958 Session		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
(1)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Development Schemes (2nd Five Year-Plan)—E-6.— Works (a) Original Works—	1,10,000	..	1,10,000
Total	1,10,000	..	1,10,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The additional amount of Rs.1,10,000 is required in connection with the construction of Training-cum-Production Institute for which there was funds under "81—Capital Accounts of Civil Works". The construction of building is being now carried out departmentally and provision has to be made under "43—Industries and Supplies—II—Cottage Industries" accordingly. The charge will be relieved by surrendering a corresponding amount under the head "81—Capital Accounts of Civil Works" as no re-appropriation is possible.

Hence the Demand.

No. 16

Shri KAMAKHYA PRASAD TRIPATHY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.53,400, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "43.—Industries and Supplies—(III—Major Industries)".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly 38,900

II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year. 15,000

Additional amount now required 53,400

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
(1)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Second Five Year-Plan—A. Provincial Organisation (a) Direction.							
2. Pay of establishment	4,300	..	..	..	400	..	400
3. Allowance and Honoraria.	7,600	..	10,000	..	865	..	865
4. Contingencies	.. 7,800	..	5,000	..	1,135	..	1,135
5. Contribution to the National Council of Applied Economic Research—Economic Survey of Assam.	..	..	..	..	50,000	..	50,000
6. Works	.. ..	..	..	..	1,000	..	1,000
Total	.. ..	..	..	..	53,400	..	53,400

EXPLANATORY NOTES

2—4. The Additional expenditure is required to meet the pay, allowance and honoraria and contingencies for the establishment of the Directorate of Industries (Major) consequent on the strengthening of the office, and also to meet the expenditure on travelling allowance of the Director of Industries who is required to attend the Licencing Committee Meetings in New Delhi almost every month. No provision for these expenditure was made in the current year's budget as these could not be foreseen at the time of framing the Budget estimates for this year. Hence the advance was taken from the Contingency Fund to meet the additional requirement. The Supplementary Demand is only to regularise the advances taken from the Contingency Fund.

5. The amount is required for expenditure in connection with the Techno-Economic Survey of Assam to be carried out by the National Council of Applied Economic Research. The cost of the survey would be about Rs.3.50 lakhs sharable by the Council and the State Government. The council has agreed to meet an expenditure upto 1.5 lakh. The State Government is therefore required to contribute Rs.2 lakhs in four equal instalments. The first instalment is due in the current year. The amount could not be provided in the current year's Budget as this could not be anticipated at the time of preparation of Budget estimates. The amount will be met from over all savings in the Plan.

6. An amount of Rs.1,000 was sanctioned by the Government to meet the expenditure of soil boring tests, etc., in the proposed site for Assam Oil Refinery at Kokrajhar. There is no provision in the Current Year's Budget for this purpose as this could not be foreseen at the time of framing the Budget Estimates. The expenditure was met by taking an advance from the Contingency Fund as this was urgently required. The Refinery authorities will reimburse this amount subsequently. The Supplementary Demand is proposed to regularise the advance taken from the Contingency Fund.

No. 17

Shri DEBESWAR SARMA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.1,300 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March, 1959 for administration of the head "50.—Civil Works (Excluding, Tools and Plants and Establishment)".

	Rs.
I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	7,23,15,200
II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	96,000
Additional amount now required ..	1,300
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—	...

Minor and sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
D.—Grants-in-aid for communication—							
1—Grant to Municipal Boards—							
Non-recurring ..	50,000	..	..	..	1,300	..	1,300

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Accountant General, Assam issued payment order on the Gauhati Treasury instead of on the Barpeta Sub-Treasury and as such the payment order had to be modified and in doing so the matter was delayed and grant lapsed. The Sarthebari Town Committee has moved for renewal of the grant. Hence this Supplementary Demand.

No. 18

Shri DEBESWAR SARMA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.15,00,000 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending the 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "50.—Civil Works—(Establishment and Tools and Plant)".

	Rs.
I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ..	82,11,000
II.—Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	Nil.
Additional amount now require	15,00,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for.	..

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Development Scheme—(2nd Five Year Plan) E-6—Tools and Plant.	5,00,000	..	..	..	15,00,000	..	15,00,000
Total .. ..	..	..	..	..	15,00,000	..	15,00,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Please see the Schedule at appendix 'A'.

No. 19

Shri HARESWAR DAS to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs 5,27,495, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "54.—Famine Relief".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... 55,92,000

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. ...

Additional amount now required ... 5,27,495

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for— ...

Minor and Sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the		Supplementary grant voted by the		Additional amount now required			
	General	Sixth Schedule	Assembly during the year	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
A—Famine Relief—								
(ii) Relief Works	50,0	3,00,000	..	..	1,70,000	..	1,70,000
(a) Expenditure in connection with Border Relief.	..	..	..	..	..	3,00,000	3,
(b) Gratuitous Relief	..	4,50,000	67,000	57,495	57,495
Total	1,70,000	3,57,495	5,27,495

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(a) The additional amount is required for rendering relief to the people of the various Plains Districts affected by the natural calamities during the year as the budget provision has since been exhausted.

(a)(ii) The amount was urgently required to take up Test Relief road in the distressed border areas of United Khasi-Jaintia Hills, Garo Hills and Mizo District. No provision in the current year's budget was made for the purpose as the expenditure was not foreseen at the time of framing the budget estimate. A sum of Rs.25 lakhs was sanctioned by Government of India in January, 1959 for the purpose of financing Border Relief Programme. Hence the amount was met by an advance from the Contingency Fund. The Supplementary Demand is submitted for regularisation of the said advance from Contingency Fund.

(b) (i) An amount of Rs.50,995 was required in connection with rehabilitation of 78 families in the Mikir Hills district whose houses were destroyed by the hostile Nagas and were consequently displaced.

(b) A sum of Rs.6,500 was required to be sanctioned for distribution as *intertm* relief to the displaced victims of Pakistan Firing at Dawki.

The expenditure being unforeseen, the total sum of Rs.57,495 was met by an advance from Contingency Fund and the demand is required to regularise the same.

No.

Shri FAKHRUDDIN ALI AHMED to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.4,27,457, be granted to the Minister in charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "54—A Territorial and Political Pension. 55-Superannuation Allowances and Pension and 83-Payment of Commuted value of Pension."

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly 42,50,800

II — Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year

Additional amount now required 4,27,457

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary demand will be accounted for:—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary granted voted by the Assem- bly during the year		Addition al amount now required		
	Geenral	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
54—A Territorial and Political Pension	3,50,000	..	..	..	70,000	300	70,300
Total	..	..	..	..	70,000	300	70,300
55—A Superannuation and retired allo- wances (Voted).	24,00,000	62,500	..	..	1,00,000	19,500	1,19,500

D—Gratuities—

1. Ordinary gratuities and death cum-retirement gratuity.	3,50,000	16,600	..	..	2,00,000	..	2,00,000	
E, Family Pension	5,000	100	..	..	..	700	700	

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total	
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
H. Charges in Eng- land (a) Expendi- ture by the High Commissioner of India.—								
Superannuation and Retired allowance (Voted).	10,427	..	..	..	6,573	..	6,573	
Total—55.—Superanua- tion, etc	..	..	..	..	3,06,573	20,200	3,26,773	
33—I—Payment of commuted value of Pensions—	1,50,000	..	..	..	30,384	..	30,384	
Grant Total	..	..	..	..	4,06,957	20,500	4,27,457	

EXPLANATORY NOTES

54 A, 55-A, D 1 & E.—The additional amounts are based on actual requirement.

H (a).—The excess amount is on the basis of requirement reported by the High Commissioner of India in London.

83—I.—The additional amount is required to meet the charges on account of commuted value of pensions in respect of certain pensioners who will have to be granted commutation during the current financial year, before expiry of their next birth date fall within the current financial year. As the requirement was not foreseen, it could not be provided in the original budget.

No. 21

Shri BIMALA PRASAD CHALIHA to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir to move that an additional amount of Rs.2,00,398, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "57—Miscellaneous (I-Expenditure on account of State Prisoners and Detenus".)

	Rs.
I. Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	20,34,000
II. Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	500
Additional amount now required ...	2,00,398

III. Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	Sixth Schedule		Sixth Schedule		Sixth Schedule		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—Misc. Durbar Charges.	5,000	3,000	..	..	2,898	12,500	15,398

CONTRIBUTION

2. Misc. Contributions.	18,000	50,000	500	..	..	5,000	5,000
3. Expenditure in connection with Border Relief —Transport Subsidy.	..	..	..	..	..	1,10,000	1,10,000

DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES—

Article 275 Second Plan

C.—5 Contribution

2. Misc. Contribution.	1,03,000	4,35,000	..	..	70,000	..	70,000
Total ..	..	..	..	..	2,898	1,97,500	2,00,398

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(1) A sum of Rs.493 is required to meet the expenses for Chief Minister's presentation to Tribal chiefs of North Cachar Hills during his visit there in June, 1958. As the expenditure is unforeseen, no provision could be made in the budget. The balance is required to meet the increased expenditure under cost of presents to hill tribes, political presents and entertainment of envoys and chiefs in Hills District as the original budget provision was inadequate to meet the demand.

(2) The amount was required for payment of grant-in-aid to the Haflong Town Fund to enable the Town Committee to meet the additional expenses incurred on Water Works and extra conservancy staff due to posting of a large number of Army and Armed Police personnel in the town. The expenditure being unforeseen the sum has been sanctioned by taking advance from Contingency Fund. Hence the demand to regularise the advance.

(3) Out of Rs.25 lakhs sanctioned by Government of India for giving financial assistance for border relief during the current financial year, a sum of Rs.60,000 and Rs.50,000 has been decided to be utilised for giving transport subsidy for transport cost for marketing of border produce etc., in the United Khasi and Jaintia Hills and the Garo Hills Districts respectively during the current financial year. As, the Government of India sanctioned the amount very recently, the whole amount of Rs.1,10,000 has been provided by taking advance from Contingency Fund. Hence the Supplementary Demand to regularise the same.

C. 5—During the Current financial year a sum of Rs.1,75,000 was provided in the budget for giving grants-in-aid to non-official organisations engaged in doing welfare works among the tribal people in the Autonomous Districts. But this provision now appears inadequate to consider grants to the increased number of deserving non-official organisations in the Autonomous Districts. An additional amount of Rs.42,000 has therefore been provided for the purpose by taking advance from Contingency Fund. Hence the demand to regularise the advance.

As there are some pending schemes under "Improvement of Hills Stations, etc.—Art. 275 Programme" the amount of Rs.25,000 since reported as saving under the "General Administration-Publicity-opening of Regional Centres—Art. 275 Programme" is required to be provided in the current year's budget for implementation of some schemes under the former. Hence the demand.

No. 22

Shri F. A. AHMED to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.3,34,663, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "57.—Miscellaneous—[II—Donation for Charitable Purposes, etc.]"

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly Rs.
15,85,600

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. 3,14,660

Additional amount now required 3,34,663

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and sub-head (1)	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. B.—Donation for Charitable purposes.	62,400	1,650	..	..	6,050	3,880	9,930
2. C.—Special Commission of Enquiry—							
Adhi Conciliation Boards	..	..	..	..	11,551	..	11,551
3. D.—Petty Establishment—							
(a) Circuit and Sessions Houses	1,57,200	14,840	..	..	15,180	2,930	18,110
(b) (i) Expenditure in connection with Border trouble.	..	..	..	..	38,000	..	38,000
H —Contribution—							
(iii) Miscellaneous	2,43,000	..	..	32,000	..	2,02,757	2,02,757
J.—Miscellaneous—							
Unforeseen charges	6,62,330	1,450	59,285	21,325	53,425	890	54,315
Total ..	..	..	..	..	1,24,206	2,10,457	3,34,663

EXPLANATORY NOTES

B.—The amount is required for increased expenditure of non-Criminal lunatics, payment of taxes of different Government buildings and for physical removal of offenders to Pakistan.

C.—The Adhi Conciliation Boards are functioning in terms of provision of Assam Adhairs Protection and Regulation Act, 1948 (Assam Act XII of 1948) with upto date amendments. Provision of the amount of Rs.11,551 in the budget for 1958-59 has become necessary to meet the expenditure in connection with the Travelling Allowance and Dearness Allowance of the non-official members of the Board. No provision in the budget could be made earlier as the expenditure was not foreseen. Hence the Supplementary demand.

D.(a)—The additional amount is required for purchase of furniture add other necessary articles for Circuit Houses and also for payment of *ad-hoc* Dearness Allowance to the staff of Circuit Houses.

D(b)(i) —The sum is required to meet the expenditure on Porters and other miscellaneous items in connection with Indo-Pakistan Border incidents in Cachar District. This being an unforeseen expenditure, no provision could be made in the current year's budget and hence the demand.

H(iii).—(1) An amount of Rs 35,000 was required for payment of an *ad-hoc* grant-in-aid to the Pawi-Lakher Regional Council to enable it to make its current year's budget deficit. This being unforeseen expenditure, necessary fund could not be provided in the current year's budget. So necessary advance has been obtained from the Contingency Fund. Hence the demand to regularise the same.

(2) The Garo Hills District Council collected a sum of Rs.27,757 as sales tax over the royalties on timber and other forest produces originated from the Forest under its control, during the period from 15th June, 1953 to 31st March, 1958. The District Council is not authorised to appropriate the said tax. So the Government have decided to pay an equivalent amount to the Garo Hills District Council as a grant to enable it to meet its financial requirements for implementation of various development schemes. This being unforeseen expenditure, necessary provision of fund could not be made in the current year's budget. Hence the demand.

(3) Rs.1,00,000 was required for payment of grants-in-aid to the Mizo District Council to enable it to make up the gap between its inadequate resources and another amount of Rs.40,000 is required for payment of its normal functions and grants to the said District Council to enable it to complete the schemes already taken up by it during the current financial year. This being unforeseen expenditure necessary provision of funds could not be made in the current year budget. Hence the demand. Out of this, Rs.1,00,000 was provided by taking advance from the Contingency Fund.

J.—An amount of Rs.53,425 was required for construction of Camps and Shelters and other papers in connection with evacuation and Relief of persons affected by border firing by Pakistan in Cachar District. This being an unforeseen expenditure no provision could be made in the Current year's budget and hence the demand. Out of this amount, Rs.50,000 was advanced from the Contingencies Fund which is now be regularised through this demand.

Another sum of Rs.890 was required to meet the expenses for ration as gratuitous relief which was given to Kachari and Mikir evacuees during the disturbances in Naga Hills in 1956-57.

No.23

Shri F. A. AHMED to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.9,70,465 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "57.—Miscellaneous—III—Contribution".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...		Rs.	8,36,300				
II.—Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year.			7,500				
Additional amount now required ...			9,70,465				
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—							
Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Contributions—							
(I) Grant to Local Bodies for General purposes.	8,36,277	..	7,500	..	6,75,199	..	6,75,199
(II) Contribution to Local Bodies for increasing emolument of their low paid employers.	..	..	..	..	2,95,266	...	2,95,266
Total	..	..	..	...	9,70,465	..	9,70,465

EXPLANATORY NOTES

(I) Since the establishment of Rural Panchayat the Local rates were gradually transferred from Local Boards to the Panchayats without at the same time, transferring the liability of the Local Boards. During the current year practically all the compensatory grants in lieu of Local rates which Local Boards used to get were transferred to the Panchayats. The Local Boards, therefore, were left with substantial decrease in their income receipts. The Local Boards at the same time had to maintain the establish-

ment and continue to incur expenditure for construction of road, hospitals, etc. In the circumstances it became impossible for them to meet the essential requirement with depleted receipts not to speak of their undertaking any improvement of the scheme. With a view to help the Local Boards, it was decided to give them *ad-hoc* grant during the current year as compensation in lieu of the Local rates which they were accustomed to get in the previous year. The provision in the regular budget was inadequate for this purpose and the matter could not wait till provision is made through Supplementary appropriation. An advance from Contingency Fund had to be taken. In order to regularise the matter, provision of fund for this purpose through Supplementary Demand has become necessary.

(II) Government of India suggested that relief in the shape of *ad-hoc* increase in the dearness allowance should be given to the low paid employees of the Local Bodies also for a period of 4 years with effect from 1957-58 and promised to contribute a portion of the expenditure thereof. The expenditure involved for sanction of the relief to the low paid employees for sanction of the relief to the low paid employees of the Local Bodies in Assam for the year 1957-58 comes to Rs.4,42,899. The Government of India has agreed to bear Rs.2,95,266 as their share of expenditure and the balance will be met by the Local Bodies themselves. Provision of this amount in the Budget by Supplementary grant is necessary to distribute to amounts to the local bodies during the current year.

No.24

Shri WILLIAMSON SANGMA to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.17,27,400 be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head 'XLVI.—A—Road Transport Scheme—Working Expenses'.

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly 98,18,400

II.—Additional grant voted by Assembly during the year—

Additional amount now required 17,27,400

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—Operation— Section I.—G a u h a t i, Nowgong, Jorhat, Dibrugarh Service.							
Contingency De- preciation.	3,60,000	..	..	..	79,200	..	79,200
Kamargaon-Golaghat- Jorhat Service.							
Under Section I.— Pay of Establish- ment and Allo- wances and Hono- raria.	..	..	..	..	65,000	..	65,000
Contingency .. Section II.—Pandu- Gauhati-Shil l o n g Service.	..	..	..	..	1,00,000	..	1,00,000

Minor and Sub-head		Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		
		General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
(1)		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Contingency Depreciation.		5,50,000	..	..	..	7,97,000	..	7,97,000
Section IV.—Gauhati-Goalpara Service.								
Contingency Depreciation.		1,50,000	..	..	..	2,49,200	..	2,49,200
Section VI.—Shillong-Dawki-Tamabil Service.								
Under Shillong-Jowai-Khliehriat Service.								
Pay of Establishment and Allowances and Honoraria.		..	..	..	..	18,000	..	18,000
Contingencies		..	..	..	..	39,000	..	39,000
Section VII.—North Gauhati-Tezpur-North Lakhimpur Service.								
Contingency Depreciation.		3,50,000	..	..	..	3,80,000	..	3,80,000
Total		..	..	..	..	17,27,400	..	17,27,400

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The additional amount of Rs.2,22,000 is required for meeting operational expenditure of Kamargaon-Golaghat-Jorhat Sector nationalised with effect from 1st August 1958 and Shillong-Dawki-Tamabil Sector nationalised with effect from 1st December, 1958. Provision for this could not be made in the budget for 1958-59 as the decision of nationalisation was taken up after the finalisation of the budget.

The additional amount of Rs.15,05,400 is required for transferring an increased amount to the State Transport depreciation Fund as the depreciation chargeable on new vehicles is found to be more than the old vehicles, due to increase of new vehicles. The provision against this head is meant for adjustment of the amounts to the credit of the D.R.R. Fund by charge to operational expenses, and not for direct expenditures.

No.25

Shri FAKHRUDDIN ALI AHMED to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional sum of Rs.29,565, only, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March 1959, for the administration of the head "63-B.—Community Development Projects, National Extension Service and Local Development Works".

	Rs.
I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	1,17,94,300
II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. ...	Nil
Additional amount now required for the Scheme ..	29,565

III.—Sub-head under which the additional grant now required will be accounted for—

Minor head and sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary Grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional Grant now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—National Extension Service—Project/Block	20,78,400	3,03,700	..	..	29,565	..	29,565
Total	..	...	..	...	29,565	..	29,565

EXPLANATORY NOTES

At the instance of the Government of India, the State Government have decided to establish a Vigyan Mandir at Sonapur in Dimoria Stage II Block in the District of Kamrup. As the decision in this matter has

been arrived at only recently, provision of funds for the purpose could not be included in the budget for 1958-59 and a amount of Rs.29,565 has been advanced from the Contingency Fund. Hence the demand to regularise the advance. The entire recurring and non-recurring expenditure under the scheme during the Second Plan period except the cost of land and buildings including residential quarters for staff will be borne by the Government of India. Details are given below—

Sub-head	Particulars of expenditure	Estimated expenditure 1958-59	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		Rs.	Rs.
B.—National Service Block Extension Project Headquarters—			
(2) Establishment of Vignyan Mandir at Sonapur in the Dimoria Stage—Block.	(2) Pay of establishment—		
	One Electrician on Rs.75—4—115—(E.B.)—4—135—5—150 (for two months).	150	150
	One Jugali on Rs.35—1—45 (for two months),	70	70
	(3) (i) Allowances and honoraria ..	150	150
	(ii) Cash allowance	50	50
	(4) Contingencies—		
	Recurring	350	350
	Non-recurring	13 695	13,695
	(5) Works—		
	Non-recurring	15,100	15,100
	Grand Total	29,565	29,565

No.26

Shri HARESWAR DAS to move :

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.4,00,000, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959 for the administration of the head "65—Payment of Compensation to land holder, etc., on the abolition of the Zamindari System".

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	Rs. Nil.
II.—Additional amount now required	...	4,00,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—	...	

Minor and sub-heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required				Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Compensation	4,00,000	..	..	..	4,00,000
Deduct—Amount met from Zamindari Abolition Fund.	(—) 4,00,000	..	..	(—) 4,00,000	

EXPLANATORY NOTES

With a view to make an uniform accounting procedure for payment of Compensation throughout India, the President of India had authorised the opening of a new major head as "65—Payment of compensation of land-holders, etc., on the abolition of Zamindari system". The State Government in consultation with the Accountant General, Assam have decided to make provision for payment of compensation under the head "65—Payment of Compensation of land-holders, etc., on the abolition of Zamindari system" with effect from 1958-59. It was also decided that the expenditure booked under the existing head "7—Land Revenue—H—Assignments and compensations voted)" during the year 1958-59 should be written back to the proper head by a Supplementary Demand. Accordingly the expenditure incurred for payment of compensation that hitherto exists under "7—Land Revenue—H.—Assignments and Compensations voted)" for the financial year 1958-59 have to be written back to the new major head "65—Payment of Compensation of land-holders, etc., on the abolition of Zamindari system". This has no financial effect. Necessary provisions under "7—Land Revenue—H.—Assignments and Compensations (voted)" will be surrendered in due course.

No.27

Shri KAMAKHYA PRASAD TRIPATHY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir to move that an additional amount of Rs.10,00,000, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "72—Capital outlay on Industrial Development—(I—Investment in other Commercial Concerns)".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ...	Nil
II.—Supplementary Grant voted by the Assembly ...	Nil
Additional amount now required ...	10,00,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary grant will be accounted for—	

Minor and sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant v. ted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
					Rs.		Rs.
Second Five Year Plan	10,00,000	..	10,00,000
B—Purchase of shares by Government of Assam in M/S Assam Cements, Ltd.							
Total	10,00,000	..	10,00,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The State Government have recently purchased 1,50,000 ordinary shares, at per, the face value of each share being Rs.10 only in M/S Assam Cements, Ltd. There is no provision for Cement Industry in the Second Five Year Plan period. An amount of Rs 38 lakhs has, however, been earmarked by the Planning Commission for this plan period for the establishment of a Cotton Mill. But as more than Rs.23 lakhs is not expected to be expended during the Second Five Year Plan period for this purpose, a sum of Rs.10 lakhs was proposed to be diverted out of the above Plan provision of Rs.38 lakhs for participation in the Share Capital of the said Cement Company. The Planning Commission have approved this diversion. As the approval of Planning Commission received late, no provision could be made in the current year's budget. A sum of Rs.75,000 was advanced from the Contingency Fund to meet the expenditure for the application money which was urgently required. The balance amount of Rs.9,25,000 is also expected to be expended this year. Hence the Supplementary Demand for Rs.10 lakhs.

No.28

Shri M. H. CHOUDHURY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.2,00,000, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "72—Capital Outlay on Industrial Development (II—Development of Co-operative)".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	...	37,00,000
II.—Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year.	...	...	Nil
Additional amount now required	...	...	2,00,000
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for—			

Minor and sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
(1)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Second Five Year Plan—							
D—6—Purchase of shares by Government of the Co-operative Sugar Mill, Ltd.	5,00,000	...	..	..	2,00,000	..	2,00,000
Total	..	..	..	..	2,00,000	..	2,00,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

As against the target of Rs.90 lakhs a sum of Rs.75 lakhs was actually collected upto 30th May, 1958 from the Government, the public and the Industrial Finance Corporation by the Assam Co-operative Sugar Mill, Ltd., at Baruaabamungaon. The Mill actually spent the whole amount by June, 1958. In the meantime the cost on all items gradually increased and it became necessary to re-estimate the cost of the Project. The revised cost for completing the Mill was estimated Rs.119 lakhs. There was, therefore, a gap of Rs.29 lakhs. This short-fall has been decided by the Government to be raised by share capital contribution of Rs.7 lakhs from Government, 7 lakhs from the public and a loan of 15 lakhs from Industrial Finance Corporation. Accordingly Government have already contributed Rs.5 lakhs which was available in the current year's budget. As the State Government is required to contribute Rs.2 lakhs more and as there is no budget provision for this purpose, the amount was taken from Contingency Fund to meet the unforeseen and immediate expenditure for payment to the Assam Sugar Mill, Ltd. Now this amount is to be regularised. Hence the Supplementary Demand.

No, 29

Shri MOINUL HAQUE CHOUDHURY to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.1,05,00,000, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "85-A.—Capita Outlay on the State Scheme of Government Trading".

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly ... 3,24,12,500

II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year. Nil

Additional amount now required 1,05,00,000

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be accounted for.

Minor and sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Grain Storage Scheme Section II—Expenditure on Directorate Establishment and purchase of Rice/Paddy, etc.	1,64,11,329	47,519	..	..	1,05,00,000	..	1,05,00,000
Total	..	..	..	..	1,05,00,000	..	1,05,00,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The additional amount of Rs.1,05,00,000 (Rupees one crore five lacs) only under section II will be necessary to meet expenditures on account of purchase of Rice and Paddy. Total provision under head 4.—Contingencies was Rs.1,57,56,750 out of which amounts of Rs.4,80,000 and Rs.56,000 will be necessary to meet expenditures on account of godown rent and purchase of vehicles respectively thereby leaving a balance of Rs.1,52,20,750. Out of the amount a sum of Rs.1,11,00,000 was spent in connection with procurement of Rice and Paddy during the period from 1st April, 1958 to December, 1958 and a sum of Rs.41,00,000 was spent in connection with new procurement of paddy during the current financial year. Total target of procurement of the current procurement season is 22 lacs maunds of paddy, out of which a quantity of 15 lacs maunds of paddy only is expected to be procured during the current financial year. Total estimated expenditure in connection with procurement of 15 lacs maunds of paddy during the period from January

1959 to 31st March 1959 is Rs.1,50,00,000 out of which Rs.41,00,000 (Rupees fourty one lakhs) have already been spent from the sanctioned Budget provision as stated above. Thus the additional requirement on this account is Rs 1,09,00,000. Another sum of Rs.45,00,000 will be necessary to meet expenditure in connection with supply of Rice/Paddy to Naga Hills prior to 1st December, 1957 by Government of India and import of rice from Orissa earlier during current year. This amount also includes anticipated adjustment in connection with supplies of Government of India's Rice for distribution through fair price shops. Thus the total additional demands on this account is Rs.1,54,00,000 against which a sum of Rs. 55,00,000 has been provided by re-appropriation of anticipated saving under head 85.—A—Capital Outlay etc. E.—Consumer Goods Scheme. The net additional demand is therefore, 99,00,000 on account of procurement of paddy alone. In addition to this amount a sum of Rs.6,00,000 will be necessary to meet expenditures towards purchase of bags, handling transport, etc., The total Supplementary demand, therefore, comes to Rs.1,05,00,000.

At the time of submission of Budget, the position could not be accurately estimated for want of dependable datas for which lesser provision was made in the Budget. Hence the additional Demand.

The details of the expenditure is given below with necessary explanation.

The additional amount of Rs.1,05,00,000, under Section II represents expenditure in connection with 4—Contingencies under General Areas as detailed below :—

	Rs.
(i) Purchase of Rice/Paddy and bags, etc. ...	60,00,000
(ii) Debit to be raised by Government of India for supply of Rice/Paddy to Naga Hills. ...	35,00,000
(iii) Purchase of Orissa Rice ...	10,00,000
	<hr/>
	1,05,00,000

(i) *Item I.*—The total target of procurement during the current Kharif year is for 22 lacs maunds of Paddy, out of which a quantity of about 15 lacs maunds of paddy is expected to be purchased during the period from 1st January 1959 to 31st March 1959. The value of this 15 lacs maunds of paddy, together with the value of bags cost of handling, transport, etc., comes to about Rs.1,56,00,000. Out of this amount, expenditure to the extent of a sum of Rs.41,00,000 has been met from the existing budget provision and another sum of Rs 55,00,000 has also been provided by re-appropriation from the expected savings under head E.—Consumer Goods Scheme. Therefore, the net additional requirement on this account is Rs.60,00,000 only.

(ii) *Item II.*—The debit for the value of supplies of Rice/Paddy to Naga Hills and Government of India's rice for distribution through Fair Price Shops amounting to Rs.35,00,000 is expected to be raised by Government of India during this financial year against this State.

(iii) *Item III.*—2,000 tons of Orissa Rice has already been imported during this year. It is expected that the value of this rice amounting to Rs.10,00,000 will be adjusted during the current financial year.

The above position could not be foreseen at the time of submission of budget as the target of procurement then fixed by Government was lesser than what was subsequently revised. Hence the additional demand.

No.—30

Shri F. A. AHMED to move:

On the recommendation of the Governor of Assam, I beg, Sir, to move that an additional amount of Rs.500, be granted to the Minister-in-charge to defray certain charges which will come in the course of payment during the year ending 31st March, 1959, for the administration of the head "Loans and Advances, etc."

Rs.

I.—Grant originally voted by the Assembly	...	3,28,11,300
II.—Additional grant voted by the Assembly during the year.	...	15,00,000
Additional amount now required	...	500
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Demand will be account		

Minor and sub-head	Grant originally voted by the Assembly		Supplementary grant voted by the Assembly during the year		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
II—Loans and Advances by the State Government—							
B—Loans to Local Fund Private Parties, etc.—							
(1) Advances to Cultivators.	12,25,000	4,75,000	..	..	..	200	200
(2) Loans to Autonomous District and Regional Councils.	..	..	...	..	..	100	100
Development Schemes (Second Five Year Plan.)—							
C.—Loans to Local Funds, etc.—							
(3) Loans to Major Industries.	..	..	..	..	100	..	100
(4) Loans to State Electricity Board.	...	..	15,00,000	..	100	..	100
Total	..	..	..	..	200	300	500

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. In order to give financial relief to the distressed border people of Garo Hills and Mizo District, the sum of Rs.1,50,000 and Rs.25,000 respectively were required to be issued as Agricultural loan to them. The expenditure being unforeseen the entire amount of Rs.1,75,000 was met by an advance from the Contingency Fund. Another sum of Rs.25,000 was, therefore, sanctioned as Agricultural loans to the needy cultivators of Mikir Hills District in order to help them immediately. Fund for the purpose in the current year's budget being exhausted the expenditure was met by an advance from the Contingency Fund. A token provision of Rs.200 is necessary to regularise these advances and the balance is being re-appropriated from the savings of other sub-head.
2. An amount of Rs.60,000 was required for payment of a loan to the Mizo District Council to enable it to make up the gap between its inadequate resources and the expenditure necessary for the discharge of its functions. The loan is interest-free and recoverable in five equal consecutive annual instalments commencing from one year after the payment of the loan. The expenditure being unforeseen, the sum has been sanctioned as an advance from the Contingency Fund. A token provision of Rs.100 is, therefore moved for regularisation of the advance and the balance is being met by re-appropriation from the savings of other sub-head.
3. A loan of Rs 50,000 was sanctioned to Messrs Green view products Nowgong for the improvement of their existing Canning and Fruit Preservation Factory at Kuthori, Nowgong which was urgently required by the Concern. No provision in the current year's budget was made for this purpose as the expenditure was not foreseen at the time of framing the budget estimates. Hence, the amount was met by an advance from the Contingency Fund. Out of this amount a sum of Rs.49,900 was re-appropriated from the savings and a token grant of Rs.100 only is proposed to regularise the advance taken from the Contingency Fund.
4. An amount of Rs.12,00,000 was advanced as an additional loan to the Assam State Electricity Board for meeting certain immediate expenditure by taking an advance from Contingency Fund. As the Board was constituted on 1st June 1958, no provision could be made in the current year's budget. Hence, the token demand to regularise the advance and the balance is being re-appropriated from the savings of other sub-head.

STATEMENT 'A'

Statement showing by the Major Heads the amount of Supplementary Grants which the Assembly are asked to vote in the present Session

Grant No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand.	No. of S/D.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Charges on account of Taxes Income other than Corporation.	1,20,300	..	..	1,20,300	..
2	Charges on account of Land Revenue.	1,38,01,000	1,70,000	200	1,39,71,200	1
3	Charges on account of State Excise Duties.	18,85,500	..	..	18,85,500	..
4	Charges on account of Stamp	1,27,600	..	..	1,27,600	...
5	Charges on account of Forests	1,21,77,500	..	10,38,881	1,32,16,381	2
6	Charges on account of Registration.	3,15,300	..	55,200	3,70,500	3
7	Charges on account of Taxes on Vehicles.	12,46,900	..	..	12,46,900	..
8	Charges on account of other Taxes and Duties.	8,38,000	..	1,50,307	9,88,307	4
9	Charges on account of Navigation, Embankments and Drainage Works.	2,56,58,700	..	1,44,000	2,57,02,700	5
10	Charges on account of construction of irrigation, Navigation, etc.	..	..	..	..	..
11	Charges on account of General Administration.	1,39,85,400	3,49,400	17,70,529	1,61,05,329	6
12	Charges on account of Administration of Justice.	18,79,900	..	1,00,690	19,80,590	7
13	Charges on account of Jails and Convict Settlements.	23,25,800	..	3,76,972	27,02,772	8

STATEMENT 'A'—*contd.*

Grant No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand	No. of S/D.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
14	Charges on account of Police	2,38,96,100	26,80,000	40,40,152	3,06,16,252	9
15	Charges on account of Ports and Pilotage.	2,00,000	..	..	2,00,000	..
16	Charges on account of Scientific Department.	36,300	..	..	36,300	..
17	Charges on account of Education.	4,78,16,000	26,28,388	9,40,000	5,13,84,388	10
18	Charges on account of Medical.	1,11,48,500	3,64,000	..	1,15,12,500	..
19	Charges on account of Public Health.	1,09,64,300	85,048	3,25,000	1,13,74,348	11
20	Charges of Agriculture ..	1,69,33,400	..	6,00,000	1,75,33,400	12
21	Charges on account of Agriculture.—II.—Fisheries.	15,66,200	..	..	15,66,200	..
22	Charges on account of Veterinary,	47,85,600	..	2,27,000	50,12,600	13
23	Charges on account of Co-operation.	31,39,400	..	80,000	32,19,400	14
24	Charges on account of Co-operation—II.—Rural Development.	22,88,800	..	..	22,88,800	..
25	Charges on account of Industries and Supplies—I.—Sericulture and Weaving.	42,84,100	..	..	42,84,100	..
26	Charges on account of Industries and Supplies—II.—Cottage Industries.	34,22,800	..	1,10,000	35,32,800	15

STATEMENT 'A'—*concl'd.*

Grant No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand	No. of S/D.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	Charges on account of Major Industries.	38,900	15,000	53,400	1,07,300	16
28	Charges on account of Miscellaneous Departments.	11,79,600	..	..	11,79,600	..
29	Charges on account of Civil Works (excluding Tools and Plants and Establishment).	7,22,15,200	96,000	1,300	7,23,12,500	17
30	Charges on account of Tools and Plant and Establishment.	82,11,100	..	15,00,000	97,11,100	18
31	Charge on account of other Revenue Expenditure connected with Electricity Schemes.	3,57,000	..	..	3,57,000	..
32	Charges on account of Electricity Schemes—Working expenses.	16,98,800	..	..	16,98,800	..
33	Charges on account of Famine Relief.	35,92,000	..	5,27,495	41,19,495	19
34	Charges on account of Superannuation Allowances and Pensions.	42,50,800	..	4,27,457	46,78,257	20
35	Charges on account of Stationery and Printing.	20,28,400	2,75,000	..	23,03,400	..
36	Charges on account of 57.—Miscellaneous—I.—Expenditure on State Prisoners and Detenus, etc.	20,34,000	500	2,00,398	22,34,898	21
37	Charges on account of 57.—Miscellaneous. II.—Donations for charitable purposes.	15,85,600	3,14,660	3,34,663	22,33,923	22

Gran No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand	No. of S/D
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
38	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—III.—Contributions.	8,36,300	7,500	9,70,465	18,14,265	23
39	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—IV.—Expenditure on issue of Free Rations.	16,87,200	..	..	16,87,200	..
40	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—V.—Pooled Transport and Contribution.	1,56,100	..	..	1,56,100	..
41	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—VI.—Expenditure on Displaced persons.	42,14,500	..	..	42,14,500	..
42	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—VII.—Advance Technical Training and Scholarship.	7,900	..	..	7,900	..
43	Charges on account of 57—Miscellaneous—VIII.—Scheme for control of cloth and yarn.	1,12,600	..	..	1,12,600	..
44	Charges on account of Road Transport Schemes—Working Expenses.	98,18,400	..	17,27,400	1,15,45,800	24
45	Charges on account of Extraordinary.	2,000	..	..	2,000	..
46	Charges on account of Community Development Projects.	1,17,94,300	...	29,565	1,18,23,865	25

Grant No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand	No. of S/D
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
47	Charges on account of Community Development Projects N.E.S., and Local Development Works.	25,40,000	..	..	25,40,000	..
48	Charges on account of pre-partition payments.	17,000	..	..	17,000	..
49 A.	Charges on account of Zamindari abolition system.	..	..	4,00,000	4,00,000	26
49	Charges on account of 65—A.—Capital Outlay on Forests.	4,49,000	..	—	4,49,000	...
50	Charges on account of Capital Outlay on Schemes of Agricultural Improvement and Research.	40,000	..	..	40 000	..
51	Charges on account of Capital Outlay on Industrial Development.	..	..	..	..	..
52	Capital Outlay—I—Investment in other commercial concerns.	..	..	10,00,000	10,00,000	27
53	Capital Outlay—II—Development of Co-operatives.	37,00,000	..	2,00,000	39,00,000	28
54	Capital Outlay—III—Development of Sericulture and Weaving and Cottage Industries.	14,00,500	..	..	14,00,500	..

Grant No.	Major Heads	Grant originally voted by the Assembly	Additional amount voted by the Assembly during the year	Additional Grant asked for in the present Session of the Assembly	Grant as it will finally stand	No. of S/D.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
55	Charges on account of Capital Outlay on Civil Works outside the Revenue Account.	3,44,08,400	..	..	3,44,08,400	..
56	Charges on account of Capital Account on Electricity Schemes,	53,21,100	..	..	53,21,100	..
57	Charges on account of Capital Account of other State Works outside the Revenue Accounts.	21,79,800	..	..	21,79,800	..
58	Charges on account of Capital Outlay on Road and Water Transport Schemes outside the Revenue Accounts.	35,79,000	..	..	35,79,000	..
59	Charges on account of Capital Outlay on States Schemes of Government Trading.	3,24,12,500	..	1,05,00,000	4,29,12,500	29
60	Charges on account of Loans and Advances etc.	3,28,11,300	15,00,000	500	3,43,11,800	30
Total		.. 44,95,22,700	84,85,496	2,77,31,574	48,57,39,770	..

**SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE CHARGED ON
THE CONSOLIDATED FUND OF THE STATE DURING 1958-59
LAID BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY (TO BE DISCUSSED BY
THE ASSEMBLY DURING FEBRUARY, 1959 SESSION)**

No. 1

4.—Taxes on income other than Corporation Tax—

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act Nil

II.—Additional amount now required 8,977

III.—Sub-heads under which the Supplementary appropriation will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-heads	Amount originally included in the Appropriation		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Collection of Taxes on Agricultural Income.	8,977	..	8,977
Total	8,977	..	8,977

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The amount is required for payment of costs in the Civil Appeal Nos. 38 to 41, 43 and 44 of 1956 of Supreme Court of India and in Income-Tax Reference No. 12 of 1948. The Supreme Court of India *vide* their judgment, dated 24th April 1957 allowed these appeals with costs. The bills of costs for this amount have been received long after the submission of Budget estimates for 1958-59.

To meet the immediate expenditure the amount has already been advanced from the contingency fund. Hence the Supplementary Demand to regularise the advance.

No. 2

7.—Land Revenue (Charged)

					Rs.
I.—Amount originally included in the appropriation Act					11,000
II.—Additional amount now required					7,220
III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Appropriation will be accounted for—					
Minor and Sub-head	Grant originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
H. Assignment and Compensation. (Charged).	8,900	2,102	7,220	..	7,220
Total ..	..	..	7,220	..	7,220

EXPLANATORY NOTES

This represents the annuity for 1956-57 payable in 1957-58 to Gholla Zamindars. But due to some misunderstanding the annuity was not paid during the year and other amount was surrendered by the Deputy Commissioner, Goalpara. There was no time to provide the amount in the Original Budget for the current year. Payment has since been made by taking advance from C. F. Hence the Supplementary Demand to regularise the advance.

2. An area of 2B—2K—15L of land was requisitioned in connection with Kaithalkuchi-Chamata Road. Against the requisition, the owner of land filed appeal to Government which was rejected without giving any hearing. The owner then filed petition to High Court against Government order and High Court allowed the appeal and orders for payment of Rs.50 to the party as hearing fees.

No provision for this purpose could be made in the current year's budget as the matter was unforeseen. The amount was advanced from the C. F. Hence the demand to regularise the advance,

No. 3

22. Interest on Debt and other obligations—

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act 75,52,200

II.—Additional amount now required ... 5,97,550

III.—Sub-heads under which the Supplementary appropriation will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-heads	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Interest on Ordinary Debt—					
3.—Interest on loans from Central Government.	63,57,000	..	5,05,092	..	5,05,092
5.—Other items—Miscellaneous.	200	..	92,458	..	92,458
Total	..	..	5,97,550	..	5,97,550

EXPLANATORY NOTES

A—3. The Additional amount is required to meet the interest charge on loans taken from the Government of India. The excess is due to revision of the rate of interests and also due to non-inclusion of the amounts of interest on the loans taken towards the latter part of the last financial year and falling due for repayment during the current financial year as it could not reasonably be anticipated while preparing the budget.

5. The amount is required for payment of interest charges on loans taken from the National Co-operative Development and Ware Housing Board. The mode of repayment, etc., were not known at the time of preparation of the current year's budget. Hence the demand.

No. 4

25.—General Administration.

	Rs.
I. Amount Originally included in the Appropriation Account.	5,04,100
II. Additional amount now required	4,500
III. Sub-heads under which the Supplementary appropriation will be accounted for—	

Minor and Sub-heads	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	Total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Heads of State and Ministers.	..	..	..	..	..
A. 3.—Staff and Household of the Governor.	..	..	..	..	..
(a) Military Secretary and his establishment.	..	..	..	..	..
2. Pay of Establishment	20,130	..	964	..	964
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	20,000	..	3,536	..	3,536
Total ..	..	..	4,500	..	4,500

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The additional amount of Rs.964 has become necessary to defray the pension charges of Shri D. N. Sen, *ex-Head Assistant* of the office of the Military Secretary to the Governor of Assam and the amount of Rs.3,536 is necessary to meet the *Ad-hoc*, increase in Dearness Allowance sanctioned by the Government.

No. 5

27.—Administration of justice.

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation 4,88,800

II.—Additional Amount now required ... 76,500

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary appropriation will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-heads	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—High Court—					
(b) Appellate side—					
2. Pay of Establishment	1,70,500	..	41,200	..	41,200
3. Allowances and Honoraria.	77,000	..	16,500	..	16,500
4. Contingencies	.. 60,000	..	18,800	..	18,800
Total	.. ..	..	76,500	..	76,500

2 & 3.—*Pay of establishment and Allowances and Honoraria.*—The amounts are necessary to meet the pay, dearness allowances and *Ad-hoc* increase in Dearness Allowance of the High Court Establishment due to revision of the pay scales with effect from 1st October, 1956. These amount could not be provided in the original budget owing to issue of Government sanction on the 18th of March, 1958.

4.—*Contingencies.*—The amount of Rs.18,800 is urgently required for payment of Municipal taxes as well as for giving revised pay benefit to the Casual employees with effect from 1st October, 1956. The proposal for budget estimates under "Rent, Rates and Taxes" was made before shifting of the High Court to the new High Court building. So it has not been possible to pay the Municipal taxes recently assessed by the Gauhati Municipality for the new High Court building.

The amount being urgently required were advanced from the Contingency Fund and hence the demand to regularise the advance.

No. 6

29.—Police—

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act. Nil

II.—Additional amount now required ... 121

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary appropriation will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—District Executive Force.—(a) District Police.					
4.—Contingencies—	121	..	121
Total	121	..	121

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The sum of Rs. 121 was required to meet the decretal amount in respect of Civil Suit No.S.C.C.35/54 of Civil Court, Sibsagar. As the expenditure is debitable to "Charged" head in the budget for which there was no provision, an advance to this extent was taken from Contingency Fund and the above statement is submitted for regularisation of the said advance.

No. 7

50.—Civil Works—

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the appropriation Act. 55,000

II.—Additional amount now required ... 20,000

III.—Sub-head under which the Supplementary Appropriation will be accounted for :—

Minor and Sub-head	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Supplementary Appropriation during the year		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—Repairs—Buildings—General—Charged	40,000	...	...	...	20,000	..	20,000
Total	..	..	..	..	20,000	..	20,000

EXPLANATORY NOTES

In view of the rise in the prices of building materials and wages of labour the existing provision is quite inadequate for maintenance of Government House. Government of India have communicated the Special order of the President to meet the additional expenditure. Hence the Supplementary Demand.

50.—Civil Works (Tools and Plants and Establishments)—

Rs.

I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation Nil

II.—Additional amount now required 1,742

III.—Sub-heads under which the Supplementary Appropriation will be accounted for—

Minor and Sub-head	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		
	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	General	Sixth Schedule Areas	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
'50—Civil Works—State B.—Charges on Construction—					
(a)—Executive—4.—Contingencies—General	1,742	—	1,742
Total	1,742	..	1,742

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The amount of Rs. 1,742 is required to satisfy the decree of a Court. In view of the urgent nature of expenditure the amount has already been obtained by advance from the Contingencies Fund. Hence the Supplementary provision.

No. 9

55. Superannuation allowances and pensions, etc.

	Rs.
I.—Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act.	9,500
II.—Additional amount now required	...
III.—Sub-heads under which the Supplementary Appropriation will be accounted for—	

Minor and Sub-head	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act		Additional amount now required		Total
	General	Sixth Schedule	General	Sixth Schedule	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A.—Superannuation and retired allowances—					
(Charged)	9,500	..	319	..	19
Total	..	..	319	..	319

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The requirement is based on the actual payment made.

STATEMENT B

Statement showing by the Major heads the amount of Supplementary Statement of expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of the State during 1958-59.

Major heads	Amount originally included in the Appropriation Act	Additional amount provided during the year	Amount now required	Amount as it will finally stand	Number of Supplementary Appropriation.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4.—Taxes on income other than Corporation Tax.	..	..	8,977	8,977	1
7.—Land revenue ..	11,000	..	7,20	18,220	2
8.—Excise .. ..	..	100	..	100	..
13.—Other Taxes and Duties.	..	..	..	..	..
22.—Interest on debt and other obligation.	75,51,200	..	5,97,550	81,49,750	3
23.—Appropriation for reduction or avoidance of debt.	..	..	..	..	..
25.—General Administration.	5,04,100	..	4,500	5,08,600	4
27.—Administration of Justice.	4,88,800	..	76,500	5,65,300	5
29.—Police ... ..	..	..	121	121	6
40.—Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
50.—Civil Works	55,00	..	20,000	75,000	7
50.—Civil Works (Tools Plants and Establishment).	..	..	1,742	1,742	8
55.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	9,500	..	319	2,819	9
56.—Printing and Stationary.	2,500	..	..	2,500	..
10. 57.—Miscellaneous— II.—Donations for charitable purposes.	24,17,100	..	..	24,17,100	..
64. C.—Preparation of payment.	..	..	..	..	..
Repayment of Debt ..	3,08,37,000	..	..	3,08,37,000	..
Loans and Advances ..	1,00,000	53,082	..	1,53,082	..
Total ..	4,19,77,200	53,182	7,16,929	4,27,47,311	..

APPENDIX "A"

SCHEDULE OF NEW SCHEME PROPOSED TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BUDGET FOR 1958-59 BY SUPPLEMENTARY DEMAND

Major, Minor and Sub-head under which provision should be made	Nature of Scheme	Estimate of ultimate cost			Estimate of expenditure in 1958-59			Remarks
		Non-Recurring	Recurring	Total	Non-Recurring	Recurring	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. 18.—Other Revenue expenditure—Finance from Ordinary Revenues—B.N. E. D. Works (Non-Commercial)—A. S. Works.	1. Acquisition of land for construction of buildings for the Central Workshop for Flood Control and Irrigation Wing, as also for Buildings for staff quarters, residences and Embankment and Drainage, of Offices of Superintending Engineer and Executive Engineer at Gauhati.	2,44,000	..	2,44,000	5,000	..	5,000	(1 to 5)—The activities of Flood Control and Irrigation Wing have increased considerably with the increasing number of Schemes taken up during the Second Five Year Plan period. Acute difficulty is however felt in regard to office accommodation in Division as the Divisional Offices are to be housed in private buildings with substantial amount of money being spent in paying rent, while such houses are also extremely inconvenient for office purpose. It has therefore become necessary to construct buildings so to ensure efficient progress in works.

In all the above cases land for construction of buildings are either available with this Department or proceedings for their acquisitions are under completion. The total requirement during the current financial year for the purpose comes to Rs. 24,000. This Department tried to meet this amount from Central Loan Assistance, but all attempts failed and the Department is instructed that money should be found out from the State Revenue. Hence it is decided to take up the works mentioned above from State Revenue at a cost of Rs 24,000 during the year 1958-59 under the head "18-B.—N.E.D.—Works—A-Works". There being no anticipated savings, the amount has been obtained by an advance from contingency fund and the Supplementary Demand is necessary to regularise the advance.

General Voted—	2. Construction of buildings for the Central Workshop for Flood Control and Irrigation Wing, Public Works Department at Gauhati.	2,03,000	..	2,03,000	9,000	..	9,000
Do.	.. 3. Construction of a combined office buildings for Executive Engineer, Embankment and Drainage and Superintending Engineer Western Assam Embankment and Drainage Circle at Gauhati (single story at present).	1,35,000	..	1,35,000	5,000	..	5,000
Do.	.. 4. Construction of a combined Embankment and Drainage Divisional and Subdivisional Office building at Silchar (on the existing site).	32,600	..	32,600	2,000	..	2,000

Major, Minor and Sub-head under which provision should be made	Nature of Scheme	Estimate of ultimate cost			Estimate of expenditure in 1958-59			Remarks
		Non-recuring	Recurring	Total	Non-recuring	Recurring	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1. 18.—Other Revenue expenditure—Finance from Ordinary Revenue—B—N.E.D. Non-Commercial. A.—Works—General—Voted.	5. Construction of office building for Executive Engineer. Sibsagar Embankment and Drainage Division.	Rs. 30,000	Rs. ..	R. 30,000	Rs. 3,000	Rs. ..	Rs. 3,000	
	6. Excavating a link Channel from river Jaimuna for supplying water to Hojai and adjoining areas for irrigation and other purposes.	95,710	..	95,710	20,000	..	20,000	(6).—There was no provision for this scheme in any of the programmes under second Plan, and so this could not be included in the Budget for 1958-59. But in view of severe draught condition of Hojai and Kaki areas in Nowgong district there had been a great demand for providing irrigation facilities to these areas, and so this scheme is formulated and taken up for execution to afford some relief to the draught affected people of the locality. The amount has been obtained by an advance from contingency fund and the Supplementary Demand and is necessary to regularise the advance.
Total ..		..	..	..	..	..	44,000	

2. "50.—Civil— Works—State Development Scheme (Second Five Year Plan) E-6—Tools and Plant—General".	1. Purchase of Tools and Plant and Machinery for execution of Plan works.	3,00,000	..	3,00,000	6,00,000	..	6,00,000	(i) To clear up the liabilities against the estimate of Rs. 30 lakhs for Tools and Plant and Machinery under 2nd Five Year Plan. (as against the original alloca- tion of Rs. 37 lakhs of the Plan Provision) an amount of Rs. 10 lakhs (approx- imately) will be necessary, but there is a provision for Rs. 4 lakhs only, against the above liability during the current year. Hence additional sum of Rs 6 lakhs is necessary for which sup- plementary demand is sought for.
Do.	Do.	23,00,000	..	23,00,000	9,00,000	..	9,00,000	(2) Some Road Rollers, Tractors with Bulldozers and other machinery are imme- diately necessary for imple- mentation of heavy develop- ment programme and also for Border works. Although these are not readily availa- ble due to import restriction yet 20 nos. of Rollers and other machinery have been arranged through Govern- ment of India as a special case, which are to be pur- chased immediately at an approximate cost of Rs. 11 lakhs (against the estimate of Rs. 23 lakhs), against which supplementary de- mand for Rs. 9 lakhs is sought for.
Total	..	53,00,000	..	53,00,000	15,00,000	..	15,00,000	

APPENDIX 'B'

Statement showing the advances granted from the Contingency Fund during 1953-59 under Rule 9 of the Assam Contingency Fund Rules and subsequent authorisation thereof by the Assembly

Serial No. in the Register	Major, Minor and Sub-head, etc.	Amount of advance sanctioned	No. and date of sanction	Amount of Supplementary provision	Reference to Supplementary Demand list authorising expenditure against the advance	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.		Rs.		
25	"4.—Taxes on income other than Co-operation Tax—Taxes on Agricultural income—Collection of income-tax—4—Contingencies—(Charged)."	8,77	Memo. No. FTX.147/58/11, dated 16th August 1958.	8,977		1
57	"7.—Land Revenue—H.—Assignments and compensations—Other compensations—(Charged)."	50	Memo. No. FC(1)LR.36/59, dated 11th February 1959.	50		2
39	"7.—Land Revenue—C.—Management of Government estates—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas."	5,000	Memo. No. FC(1)LR.189/58, dated 16th December 1958.	100		1
48	"7.—Land Revenue—H.—Assignments and Compensations—Annuity to Gholia Zamindars—(Charged)."	7,170	Memo. No. BB. (II)CP.24/58, dated 12th January 1959.	7,170		2

34	"7.—Land Revenue—H. Assignments and compensations—Other compensations—(Voted)."	39,989'62 n.p.	Memo. No. PC.(I)LR.144/58, dated 29th October 1958.	100	1
35	"10.—Forests—General—B. (d)—Conservancy and Works—V.—Livestock, Stores, etc.—VI.—Communication and Buildings—VII.—Miscellaneous—C.(a)—Establishment—Allowances and Honoraria."	47,281	Memo. No. FEC.(II)676/58, dated 25th November 1958.	47,281	2
40	"10.—Forests—B.6—VIII.—(g)—Survey of raw material scheme—(State Development Scheme—Second Five Year Plan—Non-tribal Areas)."	72,000	Memo. No. FEC.(II)742/58-59 dated 17th December 1958.	72,000	2
55	"18.—Other Revenue expenditure financed from Ordinary Revenue—B.—N.E.D. Works (Non-commercial)—A.—Works—General—(Voted)."	24,000	Memo. No. FC.(III)326/59, (Dy.) dated 10th February 1959.	24,000	5
56	Do do do	20,000	Memo. No. FC.(III)325/59, (Dy.) dated 10th February 1959.	20,000	5
58	"25.—General Administration—B.—State Legislature—B.2.—State Legislature Secretariat—3.—Allowances and Honoraria—Travelling allowance of officers/Traveling allowance of Establishment/Medical Treatment and 4.—Contingencies—Non-contract contingencies—Rates and Taxes—Purchase of Type writers/Contract contingencies"	38,200	Memo.No.FC.(I) (Dy.)596/59, dated 2nd February 1959.	38,200	6

APPENDIX (B)

Serial No. in the Regis- ter	Major, Minor and Sub-head, etc.	Amount of advance sanctioned	No. and date of sanction	Amount of Supple- mentary provision	Reference to Supple- mentary Demand list autho- rising expenditure against the advance	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.		Rs.		
59	"25.—General Administration—H2.—Miscellaneous—Allowances to the Indian Administrative Services probationers".	7,870	Memo. No. FC. (I) U/O, 762/58, dated 15th December 1958.	7,870	6	
45	"27.—Administration of Justice—B.—Law Officers—(b).—Legal Remembrancers—Allowances and Honoraria—Travelling Allowance of Officers."	4,500	Mem. No. U/O BB(1)1371/58, dated 18th September 1958.	4,500	7	
49	"27.—Administration of Justice—A.—High Court—2.—Pay of Establishment—3.—Allowance and Honoraria and 4.—Contingencies (Charged)".	76,500	Memo. No. BB(1) 114/57/304, dated 10th January 1959.	76,500		
28	"29.—Police—B.—District Executive Force (a).—District Police—Contingencies—Non-contract contingencies—Purchase of Vehicles—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	1,79,610	Memo. No. BB (II) 15/58, dated 26th September 1958.	1,79,61	9	

47	"27.—Police—G.—C.I.D.—(d).—B. S. F.—4—Contingencies—Expenditure in connection with Border trouble—General."	35,000	Memo. No. BB (II) C.F. 22/58, dated 19th December 1958.	35,000	6
51	Do. do	14,600	Memo. No. F. C. (I)/Pol/605/59, dated 3rd February 1959.	14,000	9
31	"29.—Police—B.—D. E. F.—(a).—District Police—Contingencies—Other Non-contract Contingencies (Charged)."	121	Memo. No. F.C. (I)/Pol/6287/58, dated 4th October 1958.	121	9
..	"29.—Police—G.—C.I.D.—(d).—B.S.F.—Contingencies—Expenditure in connection with Borders troubles."	40,000	Memo. No. BB. (II) C.F. 17/58, dated 3rd October 1958.	40,000	9
52	"43.—Industries and Supplies—II A.—Major Industries—2nd Five Year Plan—A.—Provincial Organisation—(a).—Direction—Pay of establishment—Allowances, etc., and contingencies."	1,400	Memo. No. FFC. (II) 872/58-59, dated 4th February 1959.	1,400	16
53	Do. do.—Allowances and honoraria and Contingencies.	1,000	Memo. No. FFC. (II) 871/58-59, dated 4th February 1959.	1,000	16
42	Do. do.—5. Works ..	1,000	Memo. No. FEC. (II) 743/58-59, dated 19th December 1958.	1,000	16

Serial No. in the Register	Major, Minor and Sub-head, etc.	Amount of advance sanctioned	No. and date of sanction	Amount of Supply- mentary provision	Reference to Supply- mentary Demand list autho- rising expenditure against the advance	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.		Rs.		
33	"50.—Civil Works—State—B.—Charges on Construction—(a)—Executive—4— Contingencies—General (Charged)."	1,742	Memo. No. FC. III/770/(58), dated 29th October 1958.	1,742	8	
64	"40.—Agriculture—I.—Normal—F.—Agricul- tural Experiments and Research— Grants-in-aid, contribution, etc., Ex- penditure in connection with Border Relief (Sixth Schedule Areas)."	6,00,000	Memo. No. FC.(III) 121/(Dy). 59, dated 21st February, 1959.	6,00,000	12	
45	"54.—Famine Relief—A.—Famine Relief— (a) Relief Work—Expenditure in con- nection with Border Relief—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas."	3,00,000	Memo. No. BB.(II) CF. 23/58, dated 5th January 1959.	3,00,000	19	
24	"54.—A.—Famine Relief—(b)—Gratuitous Relief—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas."	50,995	Memo. No. BB.(II) CF. 14/58, dated 13th August 1958.	50,995	19	
50	Do. do.	6,500	Memo. No. BB.(II) CF. 25/58 dated 30th January 1959.	6,500	19	

67	42.—Co-operation.—I.—Co-operative Societies —E.—Works—(a)—Original Works— Expenditure in connection with Border Relief.	80,000	Memo. No. FEC(II) 915/58-39, dated 36th February.	80,000	16
30	"57.—Miscellaneous—I.—Expenditure on account of State Prisoners and detainees, etc.—C.—Contribution—(2)—Miscella- neous contributions—Grants to Haflong Town Fund—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	5,000	Memo. No. BB(II) 16/58, dated 29th September 1958.	5,000	21
54	"57.—Miscellaneous—I.—Expenditure on account of State Prisoners, etc.— Second Five Year Plan.—Development Schemes (Art. 275)—C-5.—(2)—Mis- cellaneous contribution—Contribution to non-Government Institutions doing Welfare Works for the Tribal People— Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	45,000	Memo. No. U/O FC(I) 555/59, dated 5th February 1959.	45,000	21
66	"57.—Miscellaneous—I.—Expenditure on account of State Prisoners, etc.—C.— Contribution—(2)—Miscellaneous con- tribution Subsidy for Transport cost marketing Border produce—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	1,10,000	Memo. No. FC.(I) U/O 926/59, dated 18th February 1959.	1,10,000	21
60	"57.—Miscellaneous—II.—Donations for charitable purposes, etc.—J.—Miscella- neous and unforeseen charges—Mis- cellaneous charges Expenditure in connection with Border troubles— General".	50,000	Memo. No. BB(II) 1142A/58, dated 4th September 1958.	50,000	22

APPENDIX—B—concl'd.

Serial No. in the Register	Major, Minor and Sub-head, etc.	Amount of advance sanctioned	No. and date of sanction	Amount of Supplemen- tary provision	Reference to Supple- mentary Demand list authorising expenditure against the advance	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		Rs.				
65	"57.—Miscellaneous—II.—Donations for char- itable purposes, etc.—H.—Contribution— III.—Miscellaneous—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	35,000	Memo. No. U/O. BB. (i) 209/59, dated 18th February 1959.	35,000	22	
26	"57.—Miscellaneous—II.—Donations for Charitable purposes, etc.—H.—Contribu- tions—(III)—Miscellaneous—Contributions —Grant-in-aid to the District Councils— Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	50,000	Memo. No. U/O. BB. (i) 1350/58, dated 10th September 1958.	50,000	22	
37	"57.—Miscellaneous—II.—Donations for charitable purposes, etc.—H.—Contribution (III)—Miscellaneous contribution—Grants- in-aid to the district councils—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	50,000	Memo. No. U/O. BB. (i) 1592/58, dated 24th October 1958.	50,000	22	
32 and 63	"57.—Miscellaneous—III.—Contributions— Grants to Local Boards for General purposes".	6,75,199	Memo. No. B.S. 83/58/7, dated 9th October 1958, and Memo. No. BB. (ii) C.F. 26/58, dated 13th February 1959.	6,75,199	23	
36	"72.—Capital Outlay on Industrial Development—(II)—Development of (Co- operative)—Second Five Year Plan— D.6.—Purchase of shares by Government of the Co-operative Sugar Mills, Limited".	2,00,000	Memo. No. FEC. (ii) 695/58- 59, dated 3rd December 1958.	2,00,000	23	

46	"Ditto (I)—Investment on other Commercial concerns—Second Five Year Plan—B.—Purchase of shares by Government of Assam in M/s. Assam Cement Limited.	40,000	Memo. No. FEC. (ii) 796/Ft. 58, dated 6th January 1959	72
41	--Ditto ditto	35,000	Memo. No. FEC. (ii) 751/58-59, dated 17th December 1958.	75,000
43	"Loans and Advances, etc.—II.—Loans and advances by the State Government —B.—Loans to Local Funds, Private parties, etc.—Advance to Cultivators—Advances in cases of distress—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	5,000	Memo. No. BB. (ii) CF. 21/58, dated 23rd December 1958.	..
44	"Loans and Advances etc.—II.—Loans and advances by the State Government—B.—Loans to Local Funds, Private parties, etc.—Advances to Cultivators—Expenditure in connection with Boarder relief—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	1,75,000	Memo. No. BB. (ii) C.F. 20/58, dated 23rd December 1958.	30
17	"Loans and Advances, etc.—Development Schemes—Second Five Year Plan—C.—Loans to Local Funds, Private parties, etc.—Loans to Major Industries".	50,000	Memo. No. BB. (ii) 13/58-59, dated 9th August 1958.	30
61 and 62	"Loans and Advances, etc.—Development Schemes—Second Five Year Plan—C.—Loans to Local Funds and private parties, etc.—Loan to State Electricity Board".	12,00,000	Memo. No. FEC. (ii) 584/58-59, dated 28th October 1958 and Memo No. FEC. (ii) 790/58-59, dated 5th January 1959.	30
38	"Local and Advances, etc.—II.—Loans and Advances by the State Government—B.—Loans to Local Funds, private parties etc.—Loans to Autonomous Districts and Regional Councils—Sixth Schedule (Part A) Areas".	60,000	Memo. No. U/O.BB. (i) 1906/58, dated 19th December 1958.	30

