



OUTCOME BUDGET

AS PRESENTED IN THE BUDGET SESSION FOR THE YEAR 2025-2026 (To be treated as strictly confidential till presented in the Assembly)



Acknowledgement

The preparation of this Outcome Budget Document marks a pivotal step in our commitment to transparency, accountability, and results-oriented governance. This initiative reflects our dedication to ensuring that financial allocations are effectively utilized to achieve measurable outcomes and deliver tangible benefits to the citizens.

We extend our heartfelt gratitude to all the various Departments and their teams for providing detailed outcome data and progress reports. Their active participation and timely inputs have enabled us to present a comprehensive and realistic picture of our achievements and future.

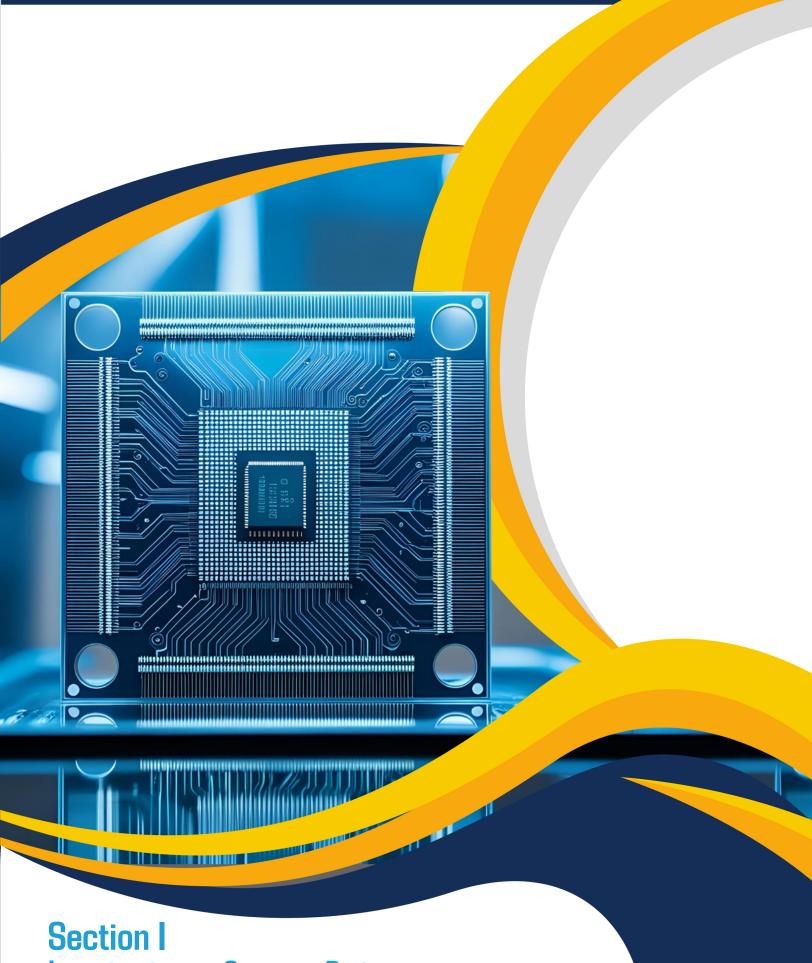
We would like to express our special thanks to the Finance Department for their leadership and commitment to enhancing financial governance. Their efforts in streamlining the budget process and ensuring inclusivity have been crucial to the success of this initiative.

Lastly, we would like to thank the design and editorial team for their efforts in presenting the document in a clear, concise, and visually appealing manner. This Outcome Budget Document is a testament to the collective efforts of all stakeholders involved. We are confident that it will serve as a valuable tool for decision-making, resource allocation, and performance monitoring, driving us closer to achieving our organizational and developmental objectives.

Team Outcome Budget Finance Department Government of Assam

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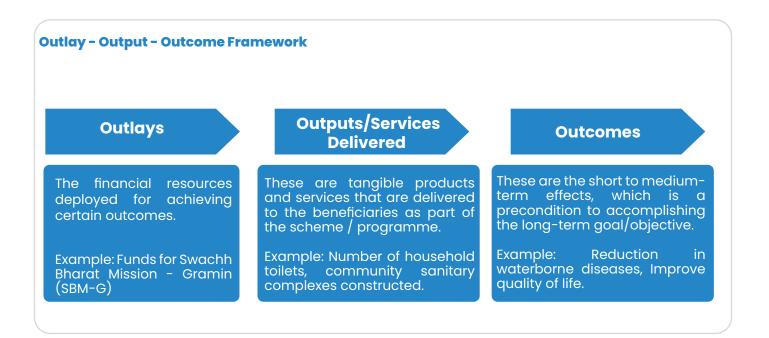
Introduction to Outcome Budget

Budgeting in governance is not just about allocating funds; it is about ensuring that public resources translate into meaningful outcomes that improve the lives of citizens. While conventional budget documents primarily focus on financial allocations and expenditures, there is an increasing need to shift towards a more **results-driven approach**—one that links spending with measurable outputs and development outcomes.

The **Outcome Budget Statement (OBS)** serves as a crucial instrument in this transformation. By moving beyond mere financial outlays, it aims to establish a clear connection between budgetary allocations, the services delivered, and their broader impact on society. This approach fosters **transparency**, **accountability, and efficiency** in public spending by setting well-defined performance indicators for government schemes and programs.

The primary objective of the Outcome Budget is to enhance **monitoring, evaluation, and decisionmaking** by systematically tracking the progress of government initiatives. It enables policymakers, stakeholders, and the public to assess whether planned expenditures are effectively contributing to desired social and economic improvements.

Through this framework, Assam's Outcome Budget for the current year aims to **prioritize performance-based governance**, ensuring that every rupee spent delivers maximum value and drives sustainable development for the state.



Section II Outcome Budget Framework in Assam Recognising the Outcome Budget as a vital instrument for enhancing governance by connecting financial allocations with measurable results; Assam introduced the Outcome Budget Statement alongside its traditional budget in the financial year 2017-18. By emphasizing the impact of government spending rather than just the outlays, Assam's Outcome Budget ensures that financial planning is outcome focused and aligned with developmental goals.

A distinctive aspect of Assam's Outcome Budget is its integration with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In 2016, Assam became the first Indian state to formally adopt the SDG framework, pioneering the incorporation of these global objectives into its financial planning. This alignment was institutionalized through the Assam Agenda 2030, which ensures that state budgets directly contribute to achieving the 17 SDG targets.

Assam is one of the first Indian state to have adopted the guiding framework of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in structuring its Outcome Budget.

The SDG Cell of the Government of Assam plays a crucial role in guiding departments to align their budget allocations with specific SDG targets. This integration has streamlined governance by ensuring that public spending fosters sustainable and inclusive development. Assam's Outcome Budget not only monitors expenditures but also evaluates whether these funds lead to tangible progress in critical areas such as education, healthcare, infrastructure, and environmental sustainability.

Assam's Outcome Budget is designed around key performance indicators and measurable targets assigned to various government departments. The framework ensures:

- Clear Objectives: Departments establish specific, time-bound goals for their budget allocations.
- Measurable Outcomes: Performance indicators track the effectiveness of spending and assess whether desired results are achieved.
- Accountability Mechanisms: Departments are required to report on progress, enabling policymakers to make informed decisions about resource allocation.
- Stakeholder Engagement: Workshops and consultations with officials, civil society organizations, and experts are conducted to refine the framework.

As per the SDG India Index 2023-24 by NITI Aayog, Assam has been classified as a "Performer State" with a score of 65, reflecting its dedication to sustainable development through effective budgeting and policy implementation.

To strengthen the Outcome Budget process, Assam has organized a series of workshops and training sessions for administrative departments. These initiatives aim to build awareness about the framework and ensure that departments set realistic and measurable targets for each financial year. For the upcoming 2025-26 fiscal year, efforts are underway to further refine budget planning by aligning financial decisions more closely with measurable developmental outcomes.

Since its introduction in 2018-19, Assam's Outcome Budget Statement has undergone significant evolution, reinforcing evidence-based policymaking and results-driven governance. By integrating the SDG framework, Assam has emerged as a leader in sustainable and accountable budgeting. This approach ensures that public spending delivers tangible benefits to citizens, ultimately promoting inclusive growth and long-term development in the state.

Table 1: Improvements made in Assam's Outcome Budget Statement

2018-19	 Assam Agenda: 2030, strategies & actions for achieving SDGs in Assam (approved by State Cabinet in 2018) First Consolidated Outcome Budget published with Sustainable Development Goals tagged to expenditure 		
2019-20	• 49 departments reported outputs, outcomes, and SDGs		
2019-20	 District SDGs Manual released in March 2019 Transformation & Development (T&D) Department is Nodal Department for SDGs in Assam Set up an SDG Cell in T&D Dept to coordinate and carry out SDGs related activities at Government level 		
2020-21	 State Indicator Framework released by T&D Department 50 departments reported outputs, outcomes, and SDG this year 		
2021-22	 NITI Aayog SDG Index Report Updated with 116 quantitative indicators covering 16 goals 		
2022-23	• 50 departments reported outputs, outcomes and SDG this year		
2023-24	 Overview and Progress Tracker of Assam's performance according to NITI AAYOG SDG Index under OBS 2023-34 51 departments reported outputs, outcomes and SDG this year 		
2024-25	 Thirteen thematic areas have been introduced to map the developments made and targets set for upcoming year under different areas 51 departments reported outputs, outcomes and SDG this year 		
2025-26	 This year's Outcome Budget includes a broader set of schemes, ensuring a more comprehensive representation of government initiatives across sectors. 		

Source: Compiled from Outcome Budget Statements, Government of Assam, various years and presentation by Transformation and Development Department, GoA

(https://www.niti.gov.in/sites/default/files/2019-01/Assam_0.pdf)

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Section III Structure of Outcome Budget 2025-26 and Methodology Followed

The **Outcome Budget 2025-26** serves as a critical tool for ensuring that **budgetary allocations are aligned with measurable development goals**, particularly in the context of **Assam Vision 2030** and the **Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**. Beyond detailing **financial allocations** across departmental schemes, the Outcome Budget also outlines the **expected outputs and outcomes**, ensuring that resource utilization is linked to tangible **developmental progress**.

Tofacilitate a **structured assessment of progress**, government departments have been categorized under **thirteen budgetary thematic areas**, enabling a **comprehensive mapping of sectoral advancements** and ensuring a focused approach to achieving **socioeconomic and environmental sustainability**.

Table 2: Thematic area-wise listing of different Departments

Themes	Thematic Areas	List of Departments	
	Agriculture and Allied Activities	 Agriculture Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Fisheries Irrigation 	
	Finance	• Excise • Finance	
	Food, Civil Supplies and Cooperation	 Co-operation Food, Civil Supplies & Consumer Affairs 	
	Forests, Environment and Natural Resource Management	 Environment & Forest Revenue & Disaster Management Science and Technology Soil Conservation Water Resources (Flood Control) 	
	Human Development and Social Welfare	 Cultural Affairs Health and Family Welfare Higher Education School Education Education (Technical) Information and Technology Labour & Welfare Medical Education & Research Public Health Engineering (PHE) School Education Skill, Employment and Entrepreneurship Social Justice and Empowerment Sports and Youth Welfare Women and Child Development Indigenous and Tribal Faith and Cultural Department 	

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	Industrial Development	 Handloom, Textiles & Sericulture Tourism
	Power and Energy	Power (Electricity)Mines and Minerals
	Public Administration and Governance	 Administrative Reforms, Training and Pension & Public Grievances General Administration Guwahati Development Information and Public Relations Printing & Stationery Transformation and Development
	Public Works	 Public Works Buildings and NH Public Works Roads
	Rural Development	Panchayat & Rural Development
	State Security, Law, and Order	 Border Protection and Development Home Judicial Legislative
A second	Urban Development, Transport and Housing	TransportUrban Development
	Welfare of Indigenous Groups	 Tea Tribes and Adivasi Welfare Tribal Affairs (Plains) Welfare of Minorities and Development

Mapping Schemes to Sustainable Development Goals

Every scheme or program in Assam has been mapped to one or more Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to assess its contribution to Assam Vision 2030. Budgetary allocations are linked to specific outcomes aligned with the State Indicator Framework, ensuring a structured approach to tracking progress. Expenditure items directly contributing to one or more of the 17 SDGs are appropriately labelled with their corresponding SDG and Target. This mapping is applied to State-Owned Priority Development (SOPD) schemes, Centrally Sponsored Schemes (CSS), and other development programs, excluding Establishment Expenditure (EE).

Through departmental reporting under each thematic area, the Outcome Budget highlights the interconnections between thematic priorities and multiple SDGs, offering insights into Assam's progress toward sustainable development.



Figure 1: Depiction of thematic areas and SDGs linked

The following table indicates the different departments' contribution towards one or multiple Sustainable Development Goals which are further mapped with broader targets in the Outcome Budget Statement. In order to understand the respective targets under each SDG of each department, please refer to the detailed list of SDGs with their targets in Annexure I.

Table 3: List of departments and SDGs linked

Department Name	SDGs Linked
Administrative Reforms and Training	
Agriculture	1 Marin 2 min 9 min 11 min 12 min 1 Marin 11 min 12 min 13 min 1 Marin 11 min 12 min 13 min 1 Marin 11 min 12 min
Animal Husbandry & Veterinary	
Border Protection & Development	
Co-operation	5 (1007) 8 (1007) 2 (1000) (1007) 2 (1007) (1007) 2 (1
Cultural Affairs	
Environment & Forest	
Excise	
Finance	
Fisheries	
Food, Civil Supplies & Consumers Affairs	

General Administration	
Guwahati Development	
Handloom, Textiles & Sericulture	1 Kan 8 (2015-2004) - 市本特全市 (111-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11
Health and Family Welfare	3 8.1125. -∕v∕∳
Higher Education	
Education (Technical)	
School Education	
Home	
Information and Technology	
Information and Public Relations	
Indigenous and Tribal Faith and Cultural Department	
Irrigation	2 mm {}}
Judicial	
Labour & Welfare	

Legislative		
Medical Education & Research		
Mines and Minerals	B Ante values M Sector and Constants M Sector and Co	
Panchayat & Rural Development	1 Market 2 Market 5 KM2+ 5 KM2+ 8 MM2+MARKet 11 KM2+MARKet 16 MM2+MARKet 17 WHAND 1 Market 1 Market 1 Market 1 Market 1 Market 16 MM2+MARKet 17 WHAND	
Pension & Public Grievance		
Power (Electricity)	7 sector - OF	
Printing & Stationery Department		
Public Health Engineering	6 attraction E	
Public Works (Building & NH)	4 Marcine B accounter B accounter 11 Bacterine B M A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Public Works (Roads)		
Revenue & Disaster Management		
School Education	4 Mile	
Science and Technology		
Skill, Employment and Entrepreneurship		
16		

Social Justice and Empowerment	
Soil Conservation	
Sports & Youth Welfare	4 tarte Barbarate
Tea Tribes and Adivasi Welfare	
Tourism	
Transformation and Development	1 Kara 2 Kara 3 Karaka 4 Autor 5 KKG 9 Karakaran 10 Kara 11 Karakaran Artherin ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
Transport	
Tribal Affairs (Plains)	
Urban Development	
Water Resources (Flood Control)	
Welfare of Minorities and Development	1 Kana 4 Mala 8 Mala Mala 9 million 10 Mala 亦計計
Women and Child Development	

The Outcome Budget Statement for the financial year (FY) 2025-26 presents:

1. Budget Outlay

- Budget Estimate (BE) of FY 2025-26
- Revised Estimate (RE) of FY 2024-25
- Actuals (A) of FY 2023-24

2. Quantifiable Output against the outlays for FY 2025-26

3. Measurable output and outcome indicators for FY 2025-26

4. Specific output and outcome targets for FY 2025-26

5. The mapped Sustainable Development Goal and Target for the expenditure item

All initiatives affiliated with a department are included in the Outcome Budget and are regularly revised utilizing the state's Financial Management Information System (FMIS). Through this process, the Government endeavours to instil a model of transparent and improvement-oriented financial planning within the framework of the Government's development agenda. The Government is committed to scrutinizing the performance of Departments by assessing their adherence to the commitments outlined in the Outcome Budget for the financial year.

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Section IV Detailed Outcome Budget Statement (2025-26)

Theme-I: Agriculture and Allied Activities Major Highlights under the Theme

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved		
Community Development Programme, Gorukhuti			
 Production of Kharif and Rabi Crops along with raising of Dairy, Piggery etc. through utlisation of modern technologies. 	• 6000 hectare Cultivated area of Major field crops and vegetables to be covered.		
difisation of modern technologies.	 Provide employment opportunities among rural youth in Agriculture and allied activities. 		
State Mission for Millet and Pulses			
Crop production, post-harvest processing and market linkages of millet/pulses	 Crop diversification, better nutrition through crop demonstration, post-harvest management and value addition. 		
"Credit Guarantee Scheme (CGS)" for Farmer Prod Assam	lucer Organizations/Companies (FPOs/FPCs) of		
Provide Credit guarantee to FPC's/FPOs	• Provide a Credit Guarantee cover to Eligible Lending Institutions (ELIs) for loans given by ELIs to FPOs and thereby minimizing lending risks and to encourage them to provide collateral free credit to FPOs.		
Aamar Gaon Aamar Gaurav			
Increased sustainable farm and household income and livelihood from adoption of improved technologies and management practices in appropriate combination of total value chain approach.	• Development of entrepreneurship among rural youths, skill development of farmers and rural youths for adoption of improved innovations and technologies.		
Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana			
Crop Insurance against flood, drought, pest attack to farmers	 Insurance coverage will give relief to the farmers to compensate for the loss caused by the disaster. 700000 farmers to be benefited. 		
Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) - Per Drop More Crop			
Increase in irrigation area under Micro- Irrigation	Increase in production and productivity of Horticultural and Agricultural crops		
National Food Security Mission			
Distribution of inputs and machineries for crop demonstration among farmers.	 Increase of production in pulse, fibre crop etc and minimize the import of pulse crop from other states. Increase of production in Oil Palm & to minimize the import of oil palm from other states 		

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved		
National e-Governance Programme in Agriculture			
Artificial intelligence technology to be used for crop health recommendation	The farmers will assess their crop health and thereby reduce crop loss.		
Horticulture Mission for North East and Himalayar	n State		
 Increasing production & productivity of horticulture crops by adoption of improved production technologies 	Achieve overall development of Horticulture in NE and Himalayan states.		
Mission Organic Value Chain Development for North Eastern Region			
 Promotion of Organic Farming through formation of FPCs and providing assistance for different infrastructural development and other DPR Components. 	 Providing assistance for value addition at different stages of production, harvesting, post-harvest management and marketing. 		
Rastriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY)			
Distribution of inputs and machineries for crop demonstration	 Production and productivity will increase by introduction of new varieties of seed and linking input 		
Fish and Fish seed Farming			
 Procurement of Formalin Testing Kit Fish Production enhancement in farmers existing ponds. 	 Ensuring contamination-free fish for consumers, thereby safeguarding their health and safety. Enhancing fish productivity for sustainable growth and supply. 		
Sustainable Wetland and Integrated Fisheries Transformation (SWIFT) Project			
Rejuvenation, restoration and conservation management of beel fisheries.	 Enhancement of fish production. Additional annual fish production of 1200 MT expected. Socio-economic uplift of beel users. 800 families to be benefitted. Capacity building of beel users for management sustainability. 500 Fishers/ beel users to be trained. 800 Hectares Beel area of to be developed 		

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved		
Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries			
 Expansion of new fish farming area for table fish production. 365 Hectares of new fish pond are to be constructed Infrastructure development and support for production of fish seed. 10 new fish seed hatchery to be established Fish feed to address the gaps in the value chain (for general category). 7 new fish feed mills to be established 	 Ensuring a steady supply of quality fish for consumption, improving food security, and boosting economic growth in the fisheries sector. 1825 MT additional Annual Fish production expected. Enhancing high quality seed production, improving fish stock sustainability, and supporting aquaculture expansion. Annual Fish Seed production of 500 Million is projected. Annual Fish Feed production of 2800 MT is projected. 		
Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana			
• 31500 Nos. of fisher families to be supported.	 Livelihood and nutritional security for economically backward fishers during fishing ban period. 		
Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKS)	()-Har Khet ko pani		
 Extending the coverage of irrigation and improving water use efficiency in a focused manner with end to end solutions on source creation, distribution, management, field application and extension activities. Irrigation Potential will be created through Medium Deep Tube Well Schemes operated by solar or electrical energy taken under different LACs. 	Overall Increase in the area of irrigated land which will promote agriculture and increase food security.		

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions		Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved		
Cattle, Poultry & Goatery Deve	Cattle, Poultry & Goatery Development Programme			
 Reproductive and mastitis camp Deworming camps Buffalo Khuti Development Assistance to government livestock farm Assistance to Co-operative societies Targeted intervention in Poultry Development Targeted intervention in Goatery Development 		 Campaigning/educating the Livestock and poultry farmers with disease controlling/ enhanced production, along with treatment/ vaccination etc. Reduce the demand/production gap of meat production in the state and uplift the state economy 		
SDGs impacted				
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)			
1	No Poverty			
2	Zero Hunger			
4	Quality Education			

Theme-II: Finance Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Aapon Baahan	
 Interest subvention on motor vehicle loans for the purchase of motor vehicles by permanent State Government employees. A 2% interest subsidy is provided to male employees purchasing diesel or petrol vehicles, and a 3% subsidy for electric vehicles. Women and Divyangan (differently-abled) employees are eligible for a 3% interest subsidy on the purchase of any type of vehicle. 	 Provide financial relief to the permanent State Government employees. Ease of access to motor vehicle loans by State Government employees.
Aapon Ghar	
 Interest Subvention and Incentives on Housing Loans for permanent State Government employees. 1% interest subvention for permanent State government employees against housing loans. Loan threshold limit increased to Rs. 30 lakh, benefiting both existing and new beneficiaries. 	 Provide financial relief to the permanent State Government employees Ease of access to financial credit and also of owning a house.
Abhinandan	
Credit Subsidy for Higher Education	 Financial assistance to students belonging to the economically disadvantaged backgrounds, to pursue their higher academic aspirations.
Bidyalaxmi	
 Education loan at subsidized rate for higher education for regular Assam State government employees' children. Interest subvention at the rate of 4% to be provided up to 10 Lakh 	• Provide financial relief to permanent State Government employees, enabling them to support their children's higher education and enhance their future employment prospects.

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Orunodoi		
• Monthly financial assistance of Rs.1250, including a power subsidy of Rs. 250, to be credited to the accounts of women and Divyang beneficiaries through DBT.	 Improve the health index of the family and reduce poverty. 37.2 Lakh beneficiaries to be benefitted under this Scheme. 	
Assam Tea Industries Special Incentive Scheme (ATISIS)		
 Increase the production of Orthodox and Speciality Tea. To move the manufacturers from production of CTC to Orthodox and Speciality Tea. 	 Will boost the production of Orthodox and speciality Tea. Help in economic growth of Tea planters-Tea Industries. 	

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions

Theme-III: Food, Civil Supplies and Cooperation Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
National Food Security Scheme	
 It aims to provide food and nutritional security to the people of India. It covers up to 75% of the rural population and 50% of the urban population. 	 Ensuring comprehensive coverage and successful achievement of the beneficiary target of 2,51,89,775 in the state, enhancing food security and welfare. Strengthening the distribution system by ensuring the authenticated and transparent allocation of NFSA rice to eligible beneficiaries. Enable seamless access to food entitlements across the state. Achieving 100% Aadhaar authenticated transactions through ePoS.
Subsidy to Dairy Co-operatives	
Strengthening of the dairy sector.	 40 Nos of Dairy Cooperative Societies will be benefited. To uplift dairy business and fulfil nutritional requirements for citizens.
Subsidy to Other Co-operatives and Women Cooperative Societies	
 Cooperative societies of different categories will be strengthened and benefited. 	 Uplift their business productivity and economic emancipation of the rural mass.

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
2	Zero Hunger
5	Gender Equality
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth

Theme-IV: Forests, Environment and Natural Resource Management Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
National Park & Wildlife Sanctuary	
 Construction of : Anti-poaching Camp, Watch Tower, Patrolling Path, Fair weather Road, Bridge, Culvert Habitat Management: Improvement of water bodies, Fire line creation, Weed eradication Eco Development: Supply of Piggery, Supply of Duckery, Supply of School Furniture and sports goods, Establishment of Handloom centre Ancillary activities : Purchase of Mechanized boat, Purchase of Rubber boat Procurement of equipment, Wireless and Accessories, Purchase of Torch light, Search light etc, Purchase of binocular, GPS and camera trap Eco-tourism : Awareness campaign and publicity. 	 Efficiency in protection duty in terms of vigilance, patrolling, search operation, round the clock mobility of staff, detection of offences, action against culprits, regular monitoring of wild animals, Human-Animal Conflict Mitigation. Minimized poaching of wild animals and destruction of habitats in the PAs. Degradation of Habitat is attributable to invasion of ideal habitats like grass land, aquatic vegetation with water bodies and swamps etc., by unwanted species/weeds. Improved habitat Increase in population of wild animal species. Reduction of Human Animal Conflict. Participation of fringe communities in conservation and protection of BR will be ensured. Effective mobility of staff during floods. Protection will be ensured during floods. Better conservation management. Socio economic status improvement in the fringe communities. Goodwill of fringe communities will be harnessed.

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Project Tiger & Elephant		
 Construction of : Anti-Poaching Camp, Watch Tower, Patrolling Path, Kachcha Road, Gravel Road, Fair weather Road, Staff Quarter, Office Building, Bridge, Culvert Maintenance of : Building, Roads, Boats, Wireless Network Procurement of :Ammunition, GPS, Logistics Protection of Elephant: Formation of mobile anti depredation squad and Field anti depredation squad, Construction of Watch Tower, Purchase of Ammunition Eliciting Public Co-operation including mitigation of man elephant conflict Improvement of Support Service including monitoring, research and training: Publicity and awareness programs. 	 Improved embankment system of Brahmaputra, Barak & their tributaries and also provide relief from flood & erosion. Efficiency in protection duty in terms of vigilance, patrolling, search operation, round the clock mobility of staff, detection of offences, action against culprits, regular monitoring of wild animals, Human-Animal Conflict Mitigation. Minimized poaching of wild animals and destruction of habitats in the PAs. Efficiency of performance in and around PAs with respect to overall conservation, management and protection. Dissemination of official information to various field formations up to the remotest areas of the PAs efficiently with desired confidentiality Effective sterilization of Anti-poaching operations. Frontline staff will be better equipped to fight against dreaded poachers/illegal doers equipped with sophisticated fire arms. Reduction in illegal hunting of wild animals and destruction of their habitat. Staff will be motivated and ensure efficient performance of management and protection duties. Goodwill and co-operation of local communities. Minimizing death of humans, damage of properties/crop, death of elephants. Better conservation of elephants and reduction of Human Elephant Conflict. 	
Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority		
 Creation of new plantation Maintenance of earlier created plantation Maintenance of earlier created nurseries 	 Enhancing of forest and green cover Carbon sequestration Climate Change Mitigation Soil & Water Conservation Production of seedlings for plantation and public distribution 	

	as, Objectives and ventions		Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Social Forestry			
	permanent nurseries, parks prks in selected locations.	•	Increase green cover and reduce pollution.
State Zoo		-	
	amenities at the Assam ati, for the animals in as for the visitors	•	Providing better facilities to captive animals and visitors .
Provision for other new	w schemes in Brahmaputra	and E	3arak Valley
 structures, such a Anti-Erosion Work protection, porcul sheet, geobags co stabilization. Breach Closing in 	such as riverbank bine installation, bamboo onstruction,geotubes or soil structures like levees, to prevent further	•	Improved embankment system of Brahmaputra, Barak & their tributaries and also provide relief from flood & erosion.
Assam Integrated Riv	er Basin Management Proje	ct	
 structures, such a Anti-Erosion Work protection, porcul sheet, geobags co stabilization. Breach Closing in 	such as riverbank oine installation, bamboo onstruction,geotubes or soil structures like levees, to prevent further	•	Provide relief from flood inundation in flood affected areas of Brahmaputra Valley
Gully control work			
stopped.	nent of gully erosion Ild benefit from soil erosion.	•	Impounding of water in the agricultural field resulting in enhancement of productivity in the field.
Protection of Reverrine Land			
protected from er	f River Bank will be osion. d be benefited from River	•	Check on further advancement of River Bank Erosion.

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Integrated Watershed Management Programme		
 Construction of water harvesting structures Increase groundwater levels and soil moisture content. Land to be improved through water conservation measures. Community members to be trained in sustainable water management practices. 	 Increased water availability for agricultural and domestic use. Improved soil health and enhanced groundwater recharge. Strengthened community participation in water management efforts. Reduction in soil erosion and land degradation. 	
Capacity Building for Disaster Response		
 Capacity Building of Government Officials, local people of Fire & Emergency Services (F & ES) 	 Strengthening the physical infrastructure of officials and Community 	
Mission Basundhara		
The mission envisages to reduce the pendency in updation of land records, through mission mode accelerated disposal of services sought by citizens and creating an ease of doing business environment in the land management ecosystem.	 Disposal of 581175 applications, detailed Survey of 911 NC villages, Re-survey of 18789 cadastral villages undertaken. Settlement of Land to indigenous landless people Digitized Allotment/ Settlement of land to non-individual juridical entities/ institutions Ownership rights to occupancy tenants Conversion of annual patta land to periodic patta land Settlement of erstwhile unsettled bhoodan/ gramdan land Reclassification of land according to present use One time conversion of tea periodic patta into periodic patta Property Card in NC Villages and Map as a Service after resurvey of cadastral villages. 	
Setting up of Remote Sensing Cell		
 Geo-spatial programmes with space inputs and Research and Development Projects to be executed in 12 nos of Districts 	Generation and Utilization of Geospatial data and infrastructure development.	
Construction of Incubation Centre		
 Construction of Incubation Centre for promotion of Biotechnology in the region 20 Number of Startups are expected to be incubated/ supported. 	 The influx of startups into the incubation program will boost entrepreneurship, create jobs, attract investments, and ensure long- term success through sustainable facility use. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Aryabhatta Science Centre	
 Functioning as a science hub at grass root level to create scientific temperament among children and common masses covering entire remote areas of the state. 219 Block Level Aryabhatta Science Centre to be functional. 	 Building scientific temperament and making science education exciting through experiments among the school students
District Science Centres	
 Construction of District Science Centres to engage, educate and entertain the visitor through thematic exhibitions, interactive educational activities and outreach programmes Il centres to be developed 	 Popularisation of astronomy, space science and basic science among masses.

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
1	No Poverty
2	Zero Hunger
4	Quality Education
7	Affordable and Clean Energy
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
10	Reduced Inequalities
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities
13	Climate Action
15	Life on Land
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions
17	Partnerships for the Goals

Theme-V: Human Development and Social Welfare Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Development of Culture Activities, Fair Festivities		
The contributions of artists to the development of art and culture in Assam will be recognized. Furthermore, a number of mega-events will be organized.	• One-time financial assistance will be provided to approximately 100 families of deceased artists. This assistance will comprise Rs. 50,000 under the Barxik Silpi Samman and a one-time GIA of Rs. 50,000, totaling Rs. 100,000 per family. In addition, approximately 7,500 artists will benefit from the mega-event.	
Cultural centre, Training Tradition and Satriya Training		
 Facilitate drama workshop for children, followed by a celebratory festival showcasing their talents. 	• The goal is to ignite an interest in traditional music, dance and songs of the state's diverse regions among students and youth. This will also contribute to the qualitative enrichment of their lives through creative activities	
Chief Minister's Special Scheme-To Complete Jyo	ti Bisnu Cultural Center in all District	
Establishment of Jyoti Bishnu Cultural centre in all district of Assam	 35 No. of cultural prakalpa to be established in various districts of Assam. Promotion of Art & Culture 	
Chief Minister's Special Scheme-Setting Up of Mini Cinema Hall		
• Grants to 50 new Cinema Halls as share capital/ grant/soft loan for each new cinema hall to be proposed by NGO/cultural organization/private sector	 Increased access to cinema and film screenings for the public through the establishment of 50 new cinema halls. 	
Pragyan Bharati		
Awarding of Scooter to Boys and Girls under Bani Kanta Kakati Award	 Encourage more students to strive towards achieving academic excellence. 48673 students expected to be benefited. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Nijut Moina	
 Special Financial Assistance to Girl Students pursuing studies in Government and Provincialised Colleges and State Universities. 	 Increase in the percentage of girls education beyond matriculation. Encourage girl students to opt for higher education. Strive towards eradicating child marriages.
Supply of free Textbooks	
 Free-Textbooks to students of Ka-sreni and Venture Schools (I to class-VIII) will get free textbooks under State Government support 365271 nos. of children are to be benefited 	 Promote education and enrollment among students from economically challenged backgrounds.
Digital Support to Education	
 Management of data through dedicated cloud service & MC charge of Siksha Setu Portal. 	 3794088 students are to be benefited. Maintain universal access, retention and value education in the line of RTE Act.
Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan	
 To provide free and compulsory education to the children of age group 6-14 years. 3794088 nos. of children are to be benefited 	 Ensuring universal access, retention and value-addition to education in the line of RTE Act.
Infrastructural Development of Engineering & Tec	hnical Institutes
Grants in aid to institutes to boost technical educational infrastructure: Assam Science and Technology University, Assam Engineering College, Jorhat Engineering College, Jorhat Institute of Science & Technology, B.B. Engineering College, Dhemaji Engineering College, Golaghat Engineering College	Boost to the educational milieu due to improved infrastructure and teaching efficiency.
Development Schemes-MLA Area Programme	
Objectives include Road connectivity, health promotion, creation of permanent assets, better education, children park, marketing facility etc.	 Better road connectivity Boost marketing facility for development of economy, Creation of employment opportunity, Promote welfare of the society by providing health, education, sanitation facilities etc.

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Special Project (718 untied Fund)		
Infrastructure development in all the Districts of Assam.	Enhance the economic growthReduce unemployment.	
Assam Adarsh Gram Yojana		
• Development of villages by constructing new roads, Drainage facility, misc infrastructure etc.	 Boost connectivity and hence improve the rural economy. 	
Improvement of Buildings at Religious places (Assam Darshan)		
Develop religious places with better infrastructure facilities.	 Promotion of tourism. Enhance security to Religious places by providing better infrastructure etc. 	
Shakti Sadan		
• Provide shelter, food, clothing and health care as well as economic and social security of Women victims (Immoral trafficking) and to provide institutional support for rehabilitation of women victims of difficult circumstances.	 Reduction in Child Trafficking, Rehabilitation of destitute Women and increase Safety, Security and Skill Development etc. 	
Palna		
To look after the Infant/ Children working women	 500 Creche (Palna) to be Constructed. Children of working women can be ensured safe space and thus more women can go for productive work. 	
Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS)		
 Prevent Child Marriage, Child Labour, Trafficking etc. Provide preschool education, immunization, nutrition and health education, referral services etc. 	 Reduction of Child Marriage, Child Labour, Trafficking etc. Reduction in the level of stunting, under- nutrition, anemia and low-birth babies. 40% reduction in stunting 20% reduction in under-nutrition (underweight) 40% reduction in Anemia among young children. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Special Nutrition Programme		
Provide supplementary food support to all children below 6 years, pregnant and lactating mother along with micronutrient supplement	 3559166 beneficiaries to be covered Reduction in the level of stunting, undernutrition, anemia and low-birth babies. 40% reduction in stunting 20% reduction in undernutrition (underweight) 40% reduction in Anemia among young children. 	
Scheme for Adolescent Girls (SAG)		
 Increase self-development and promote empowerment Improve their nutrition and health status 	 1000164 beneficiaries are targeted. Improve the health condition of Adolescent Girls with proper nutrition. 	
Assistive Devices for Person with Disabilities		
 To provide assistive devices. 2000 Barrier Free devices to be provided 	• Provision of assistive devices to enhance mobility, communication, and daily activities for persons with disabilities. These include wheelchairs, hearing aids, smart canes, tri- cycles, smartphones with screen readers, Daisy players, talking calculators, and more. These aids empower individuals to live independently and participate actively in society.	
Welfare Schemes-Home for Mentally ill Person, Re Assistance to Voluntary Organizations working or differently abled students	enovation of School for Persons with Disability and n Special School to	
 Provide grants in aid to the organisations working on Special school to differently abled students, organisations working Home for Homeless Mentally III Persons. Renovation of special schools especially run for children with differently abled 	 Upliftment of Differently abled students. Proper care and protection to Homeless Mentally III Persons. 	
One Time Special Grant for Development of OBC Community		
 One Time Special Grant to entire development of OBC, SC community for uplifting their life 	 Increased self-employment generation and overall upliftment of the community. 	
Self Employment Scheme for Scavengers		
 Safety items to be provided to Manual Scavengers Communities under the scheme. 	 150 trainees to be benefited. Safety items will be of help to those people who are engaged in this field. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Establishment of Nursing College at different districts		
 Establishment of Nursing College at Lakhimpur, Dhubri, Nagaon, Diphu and Kokrajhar 	Offer quality nursing education to train nursing faculty and staff for all medical colleges and hospitals in Assam, ensuring better health and well-being for the state	
Project AAHII (Assam Advanced Healthcare Innovation Institute)		
• Establishment of Multi-Specialty Hospital at IIT, Guwahati.	Cater to the medical requirements of patients from North East India.	
National Mission on AYUSH including mission on Medicinal plants		
 To set up four numbers of 50 bedded Ayush integrated hospitals, 30 bedded Ayush integrated hospitals, 10 bedded Ayush integrated hospitals, 100 numbers of Ayush Dispensaries. To operationalize 200 numbers of Ayushman Ayush Arogya Mandir (Formerly known as Health and Wellness Centre) Setting up of an Ayurvedic College at Dudhnoi, Goalpara. 	 It will help to reduce the disease burden from the primary healthcare systems, and also aims to reduce out of pocket expenditure of the public. 	
National Health Mission		
 The National Health Mission (NHM) aims to provide universal access to equitable, affordable, and quality healthcare services, accountable and responsive to people's needs, encompassing both rural and urban areas. Early Registration of Pregnancy. Ensure complete antenatal checkup. Institutional Deliveries. Setting up of Special Newborn Care Unit (SNCU) Home visits by ASHAs for new-borns and new-born Screening at Delivery points. Coverage of birth dose Hepatitis, Presumptive TB Examination. Improved coverage of mental health services and Eye care services under NPCB. Dialysis facilities in all districts. Strengthening Oral Health Services. 	 Reduction in Maternal Mortality, Neonatal Mortality, Infant Mortality, Under 5 Mortality Rate. Malaria Reduction at District level. Improvement of public health outcomes in the state. Improving healthcare delivery, especially at the grassroots level. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Creation of 50 new ITI s & 50 new ITCs	
 Construction of three new ITIs at Sootea, Bokajan, Duliajan. 	 210 nos of candidates to be trained from each ITIs as per NCVT/NSQF curriculum Increase in employability of youths.
Entrepreneurship Development Scheme.	
Entrepreneurship Development Scheme training to be provided to the trainees of all the government ITI s.	 Overall skill development. Reduction in unemployment. Increase in overall economic growth of the state. 2000 students to be trained for Entrepreneurship Development
Skill City Development-Provision for Skill Universi	ty
 Development and Construction of Assam Skill University. Setting up of operating system, Procurement of equipment for lab, development of course and curriculum. 	 Skilling of Youths and employment generation
Craftsman Training Schemes	
• Financial support to be provided as stipend to the candidate/Trainees for skill training in the PPP & government ITIs to encourage skill training.	 Providing stipend to 7692 trainees. Financial support for ITI students which will motivate more students to take up training thereby increasing employability.
Skill Yatra.	
• Skill Yatra will visit the interior part of the state and interact with the youth who are very interested in going ahead with the skill ecosystem and giving them opportunity and benefit.	 28000 candidates covered. Create awareness for the Skill Eco System among aspirant youth of Assam.
PM Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Miss	ion (PM-ABHIM)
To strengthen healthcare services delivery and public health initiatives by enhancing health infrastructure.	 Improved Comprehensive Health Care services. By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births. By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births. Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved		
High Performance Sports Training & Rehabilitation	n Centre		
 Facilitating scientific evaluation and assessment of the performances of sportsperson 	 Increase in the involvement of students in sports. 		
Preservation of materials of historical importance			
 Digitization of Antique Materials Compilation of a book consisting of pictures of Dan patras of medieval assam from different temples and Satras. 	 To set up a Digital Library Cataloguing & Publishing the list of Danpatras 		
Rural Water Supply			
• Provision of safe drinking water in the rural communities during the emergencies viz. Flood etc. along with provision of incentives to the water user committees apart from restoration of damages caused by flood or any other disaster.	 Improvement of health conditions. Prevention of water borne diseases. Improvement in living conditions of people by providing safe drinking water and social awareness. 		
Establishment of Inspector of Factories Headquarters			
• Development and implication of application/ camera based software for continuous online monitoring of the factories of Assam.	 Achievement of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) to a great extent which will in turn economic growth of the factories. 		
National Rural Drinking Water Programme (Jal Jo	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (Jal Jeevan Mission)		
 To provide safe drinking water Public Awareness, Community Engagement, Water Quality awareness & Training of field functionaries 	 Provision of safe drinking water, Improvement of health conditions, Prevention of water borne diseases, Improvement in living condition Public Participation, Reduction of water wastage, Improvement in health 		

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
1	No Poverty
2	Zero Hunger
3	Good Health and Well-being
4	Quality Education
5	Gender Equality
6	Clean Water and Sanitation

Theme-VI: Industrial Development Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Supply of Modern Loom (Maina Saal)		
Provide modern loom to handloom weavers to increase the handloom production	 4605 weavers to be benefited. Expected to enhance the income of the selected handloom weavers. 25 % to 30 % increase in production and income 	
Procurement of Gamocha, Aronai etc from indige	nous weavers	
 Procure products from the indigenous weavers without involvement of middle- man. 	 535839 weavers to be benefited. Expected to promote hand-woven products of the state by providing direct financial benefit and to generate self employment. 25% to 30 % increase in production of handloom products in the State 	
Yarn Bank		
 Provide raw materials at subsidised rate to the weavers. 	 20000 weavers to be benefited. Expected to increase production and income of the Handloom Weavers. 30% to 40% increase in production and income 	
Yarn Bank of Mulberry at Sualkuchi		
• Mulberry Weavers are supported by providing Mulberry yarn at 20% subsidized rate to develop the silk industry and develop employment generation.	 4299 Mulberry Weavers to be benefitted. Enhancement of production and productivity, partial poverty eradication, women empowerment, providing self employment. 	
Assam Silk Outreach Mission(Muga)		
Support and development of Muga Sector	 29000 Muga Farmers to be benefitted. Enhancement of production and productivity, partial poverty eradication, women empowerment, providing self employment. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Construction and renovation of Sericulture building	ng	
• To ensure successful operation of Sericulture Activities at government level.	Enhancement of production and productivity, partial poverty eradication, women empowerment, providing self employment.	
Promotion of major festivals of Assam		
 Organizing Bihu Binondia as a Calendar festival of Assam. Organizing Brahmaputra Carnival and other major festivals of Assam. 	 Increased tourist footfalls and revenue generation 	
Amaar Aalohi Rural Homestay Scheme		
 Home-stay facilities run by local youths to promote tourism. 50 Nos. of beneficiaries to be covered. 	• Empower unemployed rural youth in the tourism sector, leading to increased tourist footfall.	
Punyadham Yatra		
 Pilgrimage tours for senior citizens to Vrindavan, Puri, Ajmer, Vaishno Devi etc. 	 Promotion of religious tourism and economic development of the people residing in the surrounding areas. 2000 Nos of Senior citizens to be benefited 	
Subsidy for implementation of new Industrial Policy		
 To provide subsidies financial assistance and incentives to industrial units Support 1800 non-mega units and 28 mega units 	 Enhanced industrial growth Increased investments employment generation Technological advancement across Assam industrial sectors Expected to generate 5000 jobs and attract 22551 crore in industrial investments by 2025-26 	
Chief Minister Atma Nirbhar Assam (CMAAA)		
• Empowerment of unemployed youth through self employment opportunities training financial assistance and access to markets under CMAAA initiative	 Increased self reliance reduced unemployment diversified industrial base and enhanced socio economic development across Assam Reduce unemployment by 20 percent by 2026 To train 10000 youth and support 5000 new businesses 	

	Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Prir	me Minister Formalization of Micro Enterprises	(PMFME)
•	Support micro food through credit link subsidies to processing units training and infrastructure development	 Enhanced food processing capacity, increased employment, improved income generation and strengthened rural economy through micro enterprise development 1900 Nos. of micro food units supported through credit disbursements, entrepreneurs trained, infrastructure upgraded, processing capacity increased, market linkages established
Sup	Support to MSME under CGTMSE (Assam Credit Guarantee to Micro & Small Enterprises Scheme)	
•	Assam Credit Guarantee Scheme provides 100 percent credit guarantee coverage for MSMEs enabling collateral free access to formal credit	 Enhanced access to credit increased MSME growth, improved financial inclusion and strengthening of the small business ecosystem in Assam. Support 1000 MSMEs

SDGs impacted	
Goal No. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)	
1	No Poverty
4	Quality Education
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities

Theme-VII: Power and Energy Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited (AEGC	L)
• It includes non-capital support for pension funds and tax reimbursements, along with capital investments in power infrastructure. Key projects involve substation augmentation, transmission line upgrades, tower construction, SAS upgradation, procurement of transformers and equipment, flood and erosion mitigation, and height raising of transmission lines to enhance power reliability.	 Ensure enhanced grid stability, reliability, and power supply efficiency across Assam. Improved load-handling capacity, reduced maintenance interruptions, strengthened transmission infrastructure, and support for upcoming industrial and economic projects. These initiatives will directly benefit socio-economic development, ensuring uninterrupted power supply to key regions and industries.
Assam Power Generation Corporation Limited (AP	GCL)
 To focus on infrastructure modernization, technical upgrades, renewable energy development, and safety enhancements. Key areas include hydro and solar power projects, equipment upgrades, disaster risk reduction, communication systems, and structural improvements. These efforts aim to enhance efficiency, reliability, and sustainability in power generation and transmission. 	 The initiatives will enhance power infrastructure, improve operational efficiency, and strengthen disaster preparedness. Increase power generation capacity, better transformer and hydro plant performance, improve safety measures, and promote renewable energy. Additionally, early warning systems, slope protection, and disaster risk reduction will ensure long-term sustainability and reliability.
Assam Power Distribution Company Limited (APD	сı)
 Focus on improving power distribution, enhancing infrastructure, ensuring safety, and promoting renewable energy. Aim to strengthen the electricity network, support rural electrification, and implement protective measures while also addressing financial commitments and sustainability efforts. 	 Will enhance power reliability, expand electrification, and improve service quality for consumers. Ensure uninterrupted electricity supply, safeguard wildlife, strengthen financial compliance, and reduce system losses. Additionally, the projects will support rural electrification, reinforce infrastructure, and promote sustainability in power distribution.
Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank	
 Setting up of new 33/11 kV sub-station and sub-transmission lines and high voltage distribution system. 	• Reduction in AT&C loss and transformation capacity by 1670 MVA to handle a forecasted demand of 4800 MW till 2024.

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Mukhyamantri Soura Shakti Prakalpa	
 Implementation of 1000 MW solar power plants across the state. 	The establishment of solar power plants will enhance clean and green energy production.

SDGs impacted	
Goal No. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)	
7	Affordable and Clean Energy
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure

Theme-VIII: Public Administration and Government Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Assam Administrative Staff College		
 Setting up of four Training Institutes for Gr. III and Gr. IV staff at Guwahati/Majuli/ Bongaigaon and Silchar 	• Develop the infrastructure of the Training Institutes proposed to be set up at Majuli & Silchar	
Online Pension Submission & Tracking System - KRITAGYATA		
 Development and maintenance of Online KRITAGYATA Portal for the retired pension. 	 10,000 cases to be covered per annum. It will help in tracking the online pension sanction and payment process system of the pensioners. 	
Publicity for government Schemes		
 Widespread public awareness on Government , plans, policies, activities and achievements through Hoarding, City Branding, LED Billboards, LED Kiosks 	 Ensuring participation of the common people and more specifically the targeted group in Government plans, policies and activities. 	

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
1	No Poverty
2	Zero Hunger
3	Good Health and Well-being
4	Quality Education
5	Gender Equality
6	Clean Water and Sanitation
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
10	Reduced Inequalities
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions

Theme-IX: Public Works Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Construction of new 4-lane flyover at Mission Cho	ıriali, Tezpur	
 Construction of 4-lane Flyover at Mission Chariali, Tezpur, Junction point of NH-52 (New NH-15) and other Urban Arterial roads. 	 Provide an efficient travel route for vehicles with improved traffic flow , reduced congestion, and minimized travel time. 	
Development (Construction) of Batadrava Than		
 Infrastructural construction at Batadrava Than to develop it as a Cultural & Tourist Destination. 	 Enhancing Assam's cultural landscape by providing adequate infrastructure and facilities 	
Construction works under Health & Family Welfare Department		
 6 Numbers of New Medical Colleges and Hospital Buildings to be constructed 	 80 Percentage increase in the State Health Care facility Strengthening of the state's Public healthcare sector through greater healthcare accessibility. 	
Construction of Stadium		
Construction of 50 Mini & 10 District Stadiums	 80% increase in the number of athletes participating in sports activities. Strengthening the state's sports infrastructure. 	
PMGSY Works		
 Road Work (Construction, metaling & blacktopping / paving of unsurfaced road) and Construction of RCC Bridge. Ensuring all weather road connectivity to rural habitations. 	 600 kms of road length and 40 bridges to be constructed to provide 100% coverage of all weather connectivity to the eligible rural habitations. 	

SDGs impacted		
Goal No. Sustainable De velopment Goal (SDG)		
4	Quality Education	
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure	
11	11 Sustainable Cities and Communities	
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions	

Theme-X: Rural Development Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Gramin) (PMAY-G)		
 Providing dwelling units to the rural poor households of the State to reduce their vulnerability to climate events and disasters 	 Ensure safety and security of Rural poor ensuring better living conditions. 	
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gu	arantee Act (MGNREGA)	
 Creation of rural infrastructure and public assets by way of providing work to the rural unskilled job card holders. 90000000 person days to be generated. 	 Ensuring financial support to the rural unskilled job card holders. 	
Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY)		
 Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) aims to skill rural youth who are poor and provide them with jobs having regular monthly wages or above the minimum wages. 	 Skilling of Rural poor youths for wage employment. 	
National Rural Livelihood Mission (NRLM)		
 To reduce poverty by enabling the poor households to access gainful self- employment and skilled wage employment opportunities, 	 Appreciable improvement in the livelihoods of the poor on a sustainable basis Building of strong grassroots institutions for the poor. 	
Mahila Kishan Sashaktikaran Pariyojana (MKSP)	
To empower women by making systematic investments to enhance their participation & productivity	 Creating sustainable livelihoods among rural women. 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme	
To provide financial support to the rural BPL widows.	 Social Security to rural BPL widows of the State for a dignified living.

SDGs impacted		
Goal No.	al No. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)	
1	No Poverty	
2	Zero Hunger	
5	Gender Equality	
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions	
17	Partnerships for the Goals	

Theme-XI: State Security, Law, and Order Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Mission MOITRI	
 To start a time bound Mission for improvement and infrastructural development of all the police Stations and barracks of Assam along with internet connectivity and basic tools for cyber crime detection. 162 Nos. of Thanas to be covered 	• To enhance the efficiency of Assam Police and provide citizen friendly services while maintaining high transparency in the Police System.
National Scheme for Modernisation of Police & Oth System and Enhanced Initiative for Criminal T	
 To facilitate the police officers with a tool & technology that can provide them information for investigation of crime and detection of criminals in a real time scenario. 36 Police Districts to be covered. 	• The system will bring transparency by automating the police functioning, sharing of information among Police stations/ districts, keep track of the progress of cases and assist senior Police Officers in better monitoring.
Assam Police Emergency Management System (A	NPEMS) - Dial 112
• To introduce a Pan-India Single Emergency Response Number 112 to address all kinds of distress calls such as police, fire and ambulance etc.	 Facilitate citizens for timely addressing of distress calls and quick redressal.
Relief Operation in connection with Disturbances- Commando Battalion	Operation against Militant Raising of Assam
• To raise highly trained, equipped and skilled force personnel to play the crucial role in the forefront in maintaining peace and security in the state of Assam by countering all types of challenges including insurgency and ensure the well-being of the people.	• Enhance the efficiency of Assam Police in countering all types of crimes, offences and terrorism in the state.
Cyber Crime Police Station	
 To Provide gadgets, tools and training for prevention of any cyber crime. 	 Cyber security to the citizen using technology and trained manpower.

	Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Вс	Border development activities in the interstate border	
•	Construction of School building, paver block Road, Market shed, community hall	• Upliftment of socio-economic condition of the Border areas of Assam.

SDGs impacted	
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)
4	Quality Education
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions



Theme-XII: Urban Development, Transport and Housing Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Dharmajyoti	
 Subsidy Scheme to pilgrims for visiting different holy places 	 Lower financial implications for citizens while visiting places.
A.S.T.C. Charging Station for E-Vehicles	
To set up electrical charging stations meant for charging of e-vehicle	 Improved Quality of Public Service. Contribution towards Clean and Green Environment
Viability Gap for E-Vehicles	
Improved efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies	 Improved Quality of Public Service. Contribution towards Clean and Green Environment
Inland Water Transport Development	
 Achievement of overall infrastructure and Institutional development of Inland Water Transport of Assam. Procurement of Vessels, Construction of River Terminals at different locations, Night Navigation, Training etc. 	 Upgradation of I.W.T fleet position Infrastructure development.
AMRUT 2.0	
AMRUT 2.0 aims to provide water supply through functional taps to all households in statutory towns and coverage of sewage/ septage management	 Water Supply Connection in 24 ULBs STP cum FSTP in 2 ULBS viz Silchar and Dibrugarh Rejuvenation of Water Bodies in 31 ULBs

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved	
Urban Infrastructure Development Fund (UIDF)		
• Provide the all round facilities and services to the general public in the urban areas.	• Citizens will be able to avail the benefits of the parks, town halls, convention centre in ways like community engagement, cultural exchange, educational opportunities, recreational opportunities, therapeutic benefits, job opportunities etc. Also, providing a clean and healthy environment in general.	
National Urban Livelihood Mission (NULM)		
 Formation of SHGs. Revolving Fund assistance to SHGs Facilitate bank loan to Individual, Group and SHGs with interest subvention 	 Provide livelihood opportunities and generate economic activity for self sustainability. 	
Infrastructure Development in ULBs		
 Construction of Drainage. Development and Beautification of Parks, Ponds and Walking Zones Construction of Office Building 	• Promotes urbanization which leads to socio- economic development. As a result of which investment in urban areas will increase.	
City Amenities Development Fund		
Creation of durable assets in 3 towns by improving urban infrastructure.	 15 towns to be benefited Improvement of urban infrastructure and employment generation. 	
Housing for All (Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana)		
 The scheme aims to provide financial assistance to Approved Beneficiaries under PMAY-U. 	 165542 beneficiaries of urban poor and middle-class families will be provided with financial assistance through various verticals such as Beneficiary Led Construction (BLC) 	

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Swachh Bharat Mission-Urban	
 Construction of Aspirational & Public Toilets Construction of Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs)/ STP cum Fecal Sludge Treatment plants (FSTPs). To ensure waste collection and processing. Sensitization of the public about non acceptability of garbage in any form in their surroundings. Improvement in capacities, Knowledge, Skills, leadership development of ULB officials and sanitation workforce 	 Make the sanitation facility easily accessible for citizens. Improve wastewater management. Ensure waste collection and processing. Improved awareness and behavioral change vis-à-vis importance of hygiene and sanitation in public health.

SDGs impacted	
Goal No. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)	
1	No Poverty
6	Clean Water and Sanitation
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
n	Sustainable Cities and Communities

Theme-XIII: Welfare of Indigenous Groups Major Highlights under the Theme:

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions	Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved				
Pre-Matric , Post matric Scholarship to Tea garden etc.					
• Provide Post-Matric scholarship to the students belonging to Tea Tribes and Adivasi community students for the benefit of the poor	 Financial assistance extended to the students to facilitate quality education among poor tea tribes and adivasi students. Facilitate quality education among poor tea tribes and adivasi students. Will provide motivation to the students to continue their further education. 				
Financial Assistance for Higher Studies					
Provide financial assistance to students belonging to the Tea Tribes and Adivasi community pursuing higher studies like MBBS, MBA, Engineering, higher studies in Administration, Medical, Engineering, Law, Research within and outside the State/ Country.	 4000 Number of beneficiaries to be covered. Promotion of higher education among the Tea Tribes and Adivasi community 				
Construction of Sports Academy					
• Provide state of the Art training procedure on Football and Archery as well as residential accommodation for the players.	 3 Academies to be set up. Promotion of sports among the community. 				
Skill Development & Entrepreneurship Grant For T	ea Tribes				
 Provide financial assistance as one time grants @ 25,000/- each to youths engaged in petty businesses to enhance their business. 	 5544 beneficiaries to be benefited. Promotion of Self dependence, flourishment of petty business and abolition of poverty among youths. 				
Grants to Assam Minorities Development Board					
 Facilitate Diploma in Medical Laboratory Technology, Diploma in Medical, Radiographic Technology, Bachelor in Physiotherapy, General Nursing and Midwifery course Coaching for Entrance for UPSC/APSC, Distribution of Power Tillers 	 136 students of minority communities to benefit from vocational diplomas in diverse ancillary medical services. 31 nos. of students to benefit from the UPSC/ APSC coaching initiative. Contribute to economic well-being and overall upliftment of unemployed youths of minority communities. 				

Key Focus Areas, Objectives and Interventions			Expected Outputs/Outcomes to be achieved
Gro	ants to Assam linguistic Minority Development	Boa	rd
•	Construction of Building for Bengali Girls Higher Secondary School and Sankardev Sishu Niketan Construction and renovation of community halls as well as Cultural Centre at Hojai Iscon Mandir Complex Grants-in-Aid to Tangla Model High School Patient waiting hall in district civil hospital	•	Set to usher in benefit across various sectors like education, employment, health and cultural development among the linguistic minority communities.

SDGs impacted		
Goal No.	Sustainable Development Goal (SDG)	
1	No Poverty	
3	Good Health and Well-being	
4	Quality Education	
5	Gender Equality	
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	
9	Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure	
10	Reduced Inequalities	
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	
13	Climate Action	
16	Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions	

Annexure I SDGs with Targets

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), also known as the Global Goals, were adopted by the United Nations in 2015 as a universal call to action to end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure that by 2030 all people enjoy peace and prosperity. The 17 SDGs are integrated - they recognize that action in one area will affect outcomes in others, and that development must balance social, economic and environmental sustainability.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
1	Poverty Eradication	1.1	By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day.
1	Poverty Eradication	1.2	By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions.
1	Poverty Eradication	1.3	Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable.
1	Poverty Eradication	1.4	By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance.
1	Poverty Eradication	1.5	By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters.
1	Poverty Eradication	l.a	Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions.
1	Poverty Eradication	1.b	Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender- sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
2	Zero Hunger	2.1	By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round.
2	Zero Hunger	2.2	By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons.
2	Zero Hunger	2.3	By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment.
2	Zero Hunger	2.4	By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality.
2	Zero Hunger	2.5	By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed.
2	Zero Hunger	2.a	Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
2	Zero Hunger	2.b	Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round.
2	Zero Hunger	2.c	Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.1	By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.2	By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.3	By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.4	By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non- communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.5	Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.6	By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.7	By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.8	Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.9	By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.α	Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.b	Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.c	Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.
3	Good Health and Well Being	3.d	Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks.
4	Quality Education	4.1	By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes.
4	Quality Education	4.2	By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre- primary education so that they are ready for primary education.
4	Quality Education	4.3	By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
4	Quality Education	4.4	By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship.
4	Quality Education	4.5	By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations.
4	Quality Education	4.6	By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy.
4	Quality Education	4.7	By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non- violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development.
4	Quality Education	4.a	Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non- violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all.
4	Quality Education	4.b	By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries.
4	Quality Education	4.c	By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States.
5	Gender Equality	5.1	End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
5	Gender Equality	5.2	Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.
5	Gender Equality	5.3	Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation.
5	Gender Equality	5.4	Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate.
5	Gender Equality	5.5	Ensure womens' full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision- making in political, economic and public life.
5	Gender Equality	5.6	Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences.
5	Gender Equality	5.α	Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws.
5	Gender Equality	5.b	Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women.
5	Gender Equality	5.c	Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.1	By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.2	By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.3	By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.4	By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.5	By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.6	By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.a	By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity- building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies.
6	Clean Water and Sanitation	6.b	Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management.
7	Affordable & Clean Energy	7.1	By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.
7	Affordable & Clean Energy	7.2	By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix.
7	Affordable & Clean Energy	7.3	By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency.
7	Affordable & Clean Energy	7.α	By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
7	Affordable & Clean Energy	7.b	By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.1	Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.1	Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.2	Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour- intensive sectors.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.3	Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.4	Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.5	By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.6	By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.7	Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.8	Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.9	By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.10	Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.a	Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries.
8	Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.b	By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.1	Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.2	Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industries' share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.3	Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.4	By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.5	Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.a	Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.b	Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities.
9	Industry Innovation and Infrastructure	9.c	Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.1	By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.2	By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.3	Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.4	Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.5	Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.6	Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.7	Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.a	Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.b	Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes.
10	Reduced Inequalities	10.c	By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.1	By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.2	By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.3	By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.4	Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the worlds' cultural and natural heritage.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.5	By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water- related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations.

SDG			
no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.6	By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.7	By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	ll.a	Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, per-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.b	By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015- 2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels.
11	Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.c	Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.1	Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.2	By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.3	By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.4	By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.5	By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.6	Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.7	Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.8	By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.a	Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.b	Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.
12	Responsible Consumption and Production	12.c	Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities.
13	Climate Action	13.1	Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate- related hazards and natural disasters in all countries.
13	Climate Action	13.2	Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.
13	Climate Action	13.3	Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning.
13	Climate Action	13.a	Implement the commitment undertaken by developed- country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
13	Climate Action	13.b	Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities.
14	Life Below Water	14.1	By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution.
14	Life Below Water	14.2	By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans.
14	Life Below Water	14.3	Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels.
14	Life Below Water	14.4	By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science- based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics.
14	Life Below Water	14.5	By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information.
14	Life Below Water	14.6	By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation.
14	Life Below Water	14.7	By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
14	Life Below Water	14.a	Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries.
14	Life Below Water	14.b	Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets.
14	Life Below Water	14.c	Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in UNCLOS, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of The Future We Want.
15	Life On Land	15.1	By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements.
15	Life On Land	15.2	By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally.
15	Life On Land	15.3	By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation- neutral world.
15	Life On Land	15.4	By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development.
15	Life On Land	15.5	Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species.
15	Life On Land	15.6	Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
15	Life On Land	15.7	Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products.
15	Life On Land	15.8	By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species.
15	Life On Land	15.9	By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts.
15	Life On Land	15.a	Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.
15	Life On Land	15.b	Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation.
15	Life On Land	15.c	Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.1	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.1	Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.2	End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.3	Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.4	By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.5	Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.6	Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.7	Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.8	Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.9	By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.10	Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.a	Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime.
16	Peace, Justice and Strong Institution	16.b	Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.1	Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.2	Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.3	Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.4	Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.5	Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.6	Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.7	Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.8	Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.9	Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South- South and triangular cooperation.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.10	Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.11	Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.12	Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.13	Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.14	Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development.

SDG no.	SDG Description	Target No,	Target Description
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.15	Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.16	Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.17	Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships Data, monitoring and accountability.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.18	By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts.
17	Partnership For the Goals	17.19	By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity- building in developing countries.

